# NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

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**NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS**

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**NORTH-CHINA HERALD**

EVERY WEDNESDAY
Weekly Edition of the "North China Daily News"
Single copies $2
S'hai China and Japan .....6 mos. 42
Hongkong and Macao ..... " 44
Postal Union Countries ..... " 54

NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD LTD. (Incorporated in Hongkong)
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Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Messrs. Crane Debenham Ltd., 69 Fleet Street, London, are advertising representatives for the "North-China Daily News" and "North-China Herald," and have these newspapers on file.


*Announcements of Birth, etc., in this column $10 per insertion including insertions in the "North-China Herald."*

## BIRTH

GABB.—On June 18, 1940, at home in Shanghai, to LILIAN (née Gast), wife of Terence H. Gabb, a daughter. -10392

## DEATHS

DUDLEY.—On Tuesday, June 18, 1940, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, FREDERICK EDWARD BURR DUDLEY, aged 41 years, Chief Inspector of the Shanghai Municipal Police. Removed to the parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. Funeral services (cremation) will be held today, Thursday, June 20, in the Bubbling Well Chapel, at 4.30 p.m. (It is requested that in lieu of flowers donations be sent to the British War Fund).

TENG.—On April 28, 1940, at Haiphong, Indo-China, COLONEL F. T. TENG, aged 60 years. Funeral services will be held at the Chapel of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road, on Saturday, June 22, at 2.30 p.m. 13342

## IN MEMORIAM

THOMPSON.—In loving and cherished memory of our little mother, ALICE THOMPSON, who fell asleep on June 20, 1939. Sadly missed by Alice and Gertie.

*"Mother dear, you are at rest,*
*God called you home, He thought it best."* 13164

A Donation to Charity is a very fitting *In Memoriam* token of love and respect and will bring real help to distressed persons. Instead of sending wreaths and flowers, send a donation to your National Society: *they need your help.* 12970

## GOVERNMENT BILLS, ETC.

TENDERS for Dollars local currency for telegraphic transfer on the War Office, London, up to and for the sum of £5,000 will be received by the Area Paymaster, until 11 a.m. on June 20, 1940.

The tenders to state the total amount (in pounds sterling). No telegraphic transfer will be made for less than £100.

The tenders to be in duplicate, and in sealed covers, addressed to the Area Paymaster, Embarkation Staff Office, 1st Floor, 24 Central Road, and endorsed "Tenders for Government Bills, etc."

The right is reserved (1) to accept or reject any or all of the tenders and (2) in case of equality of rate between tenders amounting in all to more than the total sum required, to give preference to any tender received from the Bankers to the Treasury Chest.

Persons tendering for (Bills) are hereby notified that having regard to the Provisions of the Acts 22 George III Cap. and 41 George III Cap. 52 the acceptance of any such tenders is subject to the express condition that no Member of British House of Commons shall be admitted to any share or part in or to any benefit to arise from the Contractor thereby made for the allotment of such (Bills).

The provisions in question do not apply to contracts entered into by any incorporated company in its corporated capacity and made for the general benefit of the company.

J. S. EYNON, *Major*, R.A.P.C.,
Area Paymaster, Shanghai.

Area Pay Office, Shanghai. 13343

## GEORGE FINLAY

*Deceased*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims against the Estate of George Finlay, formerly of 40 Larkspur Terrace in the City of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, England, and employed by the Shanghai Power Company who died at Shanghai China on May 26, 1939 are hereby required to send particulars thereof in writing to the undersigned on or before August 25, 1940 AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that all persons indebted to the said Estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

PLATT, WHITE-COOPER & CO.,
*Legal Practitioners for Herbert John Murray Cook, Attorney of Mary Stuart Finlay and Ann Stuart Finlay, the Executrixes*

Shanghai, June 20, 1940. 13344

## *Change of Address*

**INTER-CONTINENTAL TRADING CO., LTD.**
*Sole Agents for*
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removed to
**113 Kiukiang Road**
**Room 610, Telephone 19109**
13352

## *To-day's Events*

JUNE

20 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
20 Jumble S., Limbless, U.C. Hall, 9.30
20 Cradle Bridge/Mahjongg, S.I.B.C., 3
20 *Extermination of foreigners ordered; Baron von Kettler murdered, Pekin (1900)*
20 *NCDN broadcast 12.45 and 9 p.m. XMHD 760kc. 395m.*

## *Coming Events*

JUNE

21 Old Tonbridgians/Alleynians Founders' Day Party, 492 Avenue Haig, 7
27 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
27 S.I.E.A. Lecture and visit to Pasteur Institute, 207 Route Pere Robert, 5

JULY

4 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
5 Shakespeare Society, For. Y., 9

*Charge for items $3 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event.*

## PERMATA RUBBER ESTATE, LTD.

*(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors have this day declared an Interim Dividend for the year ending October 31, 1940, at the rate of Eight Cents Local Currency per share to be paid to the members on record, on Thursday, June 27, 1940.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from June 20 to June 27, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
FROST, BLAND & CO., LTD.
*Secretaries.*

Shanghai, June 7, 1940. 13156

## HUNGJAO GOLF CLUB

## ANNUAL MEETING

The Annual General Meeting of Members will be held in the Clubhouse TO-MORROW, Friday, June 21, at 6.30 p.m.

By Order of the Committee,
K. M. CUMMING,
*Secretary and Treasurer.*

Shanghai, June 20, 1940. 13348

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

SS. FREDERICK LYKES V-1/S-1

Damaged cargo ex the above vessel will be examined by Messrs. Eisler, Reeves & Murphy on Friday, June 21, at 9 a.m. at Pai Lien Chein Wharf Pootung.

LYKES BROS. STEAMSHIP CO., INC.
"AMERICAN GULF ORIENT LINE"

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## FONCIERE ET IMMOBILIERE DE CHINE

SOCIÉTÉ ANONYME FRANÇAISE AU CAPITAL DE TAELS 2,000,000 ENTIÈREMENT VERSÉ ENREGISTRÉ AU CONSULAT GÉNÉRAL DE FRANCE A SHANGHAI SOUS LE NUMÉRO XI.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Debenture Registers of the Company will be closed from June 21 to June 30, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
TURNER, STURROCK & BROWN,
*Share Office,*
9 Avenue Edward VII, Shanghai.
Shanghai, June 15, 1940. 13303

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1932 ISSUE 6% DEBENTURES

The Register of Transfers of Debentures will be closed for the above issue from June 21 to June 29, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. R. BURKILL & SONS, LTD.
*Agents.*
Shanghai, June 12, 1940. 13217

Handwriting, Typewriting and contested documents. Examinations and comparisons undertaken.
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The Circulation Department of the *North-China Daily News* offers unique facilities for addressing and mailing trade circulars, etc., to lists of prospective buyers in Shanghai and the Outports.

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**Classified Advertisements continued On Page 12**

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## WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

| Meteorological Reports | June 18 16.00 | June 18 21.00 | June 19 4.00 | June 19 9.00 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Barometer inches | 29.70 | 29.75 | 29.72 | 29.78 |
| at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.) | +0.01 | 0.00 | —0.03 | +0.01 |
| at 32 F. ( " " 12 hrs.) | —0.05 | —0.02 | +0.03 | +0.03 |
| Wind (direction) | WSW | ESE | SE | SSW |
| " (miles per hour) | 9.3 | 8.1 | 6.8 | 7.4 |
| Temperature (Fahr.) | 90.°0 | 74.°3 | 73.°4 | 84.°0 |
| Humidity % | 33 | 81 | 94 | 63 |
| Nebulosity (0 to 10) | 6 | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| Rainfall inches | — | — | — | — |

| Siccawei Abridged Report June 18 | Mean 1940 | 24 hrs. variation | 67 years average |
|---|---|---|---|
| Barometer (mean 4 obs.) | 29.74 | +0.05 | 29.69 |
| Temp. Min. 63.°5 Max. 92.°1 | 77.°8 | +1.°4 | 73.°4 |
| Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches) | 15.51 | — | 18.70 |

| Time and Tide | 20/6 | 21/6 | 22/6 | 23/6 | 24/6 | 25/6 | 26/6 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sun rises at Shanghai | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.51 | 4.51 | 4.51 | 4.52 |
| Sun sets at Shanghai | 19.01 | 19.01 | 19.01 | 19.01 | 19.01 | 19.02 | 19.02 |
| Moon rises at Shanghai | 19.09 | 19.58 | 20.43 | 21.24 | 22.01 | 22.36 | 23.08 |
| Moon sets at Shanghai | 5.04 | 6.00 | 6.57 | 7.53 | 8.49 | 9.43 | 10.36 |
| Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18 | 10.35 | 11.10 | 11.45 | 12.21 | 12.55 | 13.35 | 14.20 |
| Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18 | 14.55 | 15.40 | 16.25 | 17.08 | 17.51 | 6.10 | 6.57 |
| H.W. W'sung Bar 6 to 18 | 0.12 | 12.46 | 13.23 | 14.06 | 14.46 | 15.37 | 16.26 |
| Ht. above LLW. (feet) | 11.62 | 12.25 | 12.20 | 11.66 | 10.88 | 10.75 | 10.08 |

## POST OFFICE NOTICES

The following times apply to the Head Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

| THURSDAY, June 20. | Reg. | Ord. |
|---|---|---|
| Formosa via Keelung | *20.00 | 8.30 |
| Ningbo etc. | 9.30 | 10.00 |
| Ningbo etc. via Chinhai | 12.30 | 13.00 |
| Kiangsi offices south and east of Jukao | 19.30 | 20.00 |
| Swatow and Canton | x 19.30 | 20.00 |
| **FRIDAY, June 21.** | | |
| Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki | *20.00 | 8.00 |
| Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin | 9.00 | 9.30 |
| Hongkong and Canton | 10.00 | 10.30 |
| Tinghai and Shenkiamen via Tinghai | 10.30 | 11.00 |
| Kiangsi offices south and east of Jukao | 19.30 | 20.00 |
| **SATURDAY, June 22.** | | |
| Tsingtao and Dairen | *20.00 | 7.15 |
| Tsingtao Weihaiwei Chefoo and Tientsin | *20.00 | 8.00 |
| Hongkong and Canton | x 9.30 | 10.00 |
| Tinghai and Shenkiamen via Tinghai | 10.30 | 11.00 |
| Nantung | 14.30 | 15.00 |
| C'tral America Canal Zone | AXZ — | — |
| Japan Honolulu and U.S.A. | 19.00 | 20.00 |
| Kiangsi offices south and east of Jukao | 19.30 | 20.00 |
| Japan Korea via Nagasaki | 20.00 | 20.00 |

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for Central America and Canal Zone, closes at 16.00 on 22nd.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Z Parcel mail only.
Next parcel mail for U.S.A., closes on June 22, 1940.

**Air Mails**

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on June 27, at 6 p.m. for registered and at 7 p.m. for ordinary due San Francisco on July 9.
Air France per steamer on June 27, at 6 p.m. for registered and at 7 p.m. for ordinary.
Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Batavia-London) per steamer to Hongkong.
Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Hongkong.
Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service daily at 8 p.m.
Shanghai-Dairen Air Mail Service daily at 8 p.m.

**Domestic Air Mail**

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 1 p.m. and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office at 12.30 p.m. and 10 p.m.
Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.
Canton per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 8.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.
Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.
Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kalgan, Shanhaikwan, Tungshan, Shinkiachwang, Chengte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan and Yuncheng by the planes of the Chung Hwa Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.
Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

**Light Train Mail**

Via N.S.R. 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Kiangsi offices north and west of Jukao 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Hangchow 1.30 p.m. and 10.30 p.m.
North Pinghan and Lunghai Line (Chenghsien and east thereof) 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Wuhu, Tatung, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

## THE WEATHER

Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—
Yesterday Min. 73.0 Max. 99.0
Same date, 1939 Min. 68.0 Max. 82.0
Rainfall nil.

Temperature at Siccawei:—
Yesterday Min. 70.3 Max. 100.4
Same date, 1939 Min. 68.4 Max. 83.8

State on the morning of the 18th:—Normal and steady pressure over China: falling over Japan, owing to the typhoon passing north-eastward. Northerly to easterly winds along the China Coast. Fine and hot weather.

State on the morning of the 19th:—Fine and hot weather. South-southwesterly wind. Normal and steady pressure.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Fine and hot weather, cloudy in places in the afternoon with south-easterly to south-westerly winds around Shantung, in our regions and over the Eastern Sea.—Siccawei Observatory.

*Post Office Notices Continued*

Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia close on every Monday and Thursday at 8 p.m. for registered and on every Tuesday and Friday at 9 a.m. for ordinary and are despatched per trains via Nanking and Tientsin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains.

**Ocean Mails for Europe and America.**

Next steamer mails will be closed as follows:—
Per steamer via Pacific, on June 22.
Per steamer via Suez, on June 29.
Per steamer via Pacific, on July 7.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

*Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.*

**National Child Welfare Association**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Previously acknowledged | | | $13,432.46 |
| Chu Yung-chang | | | 200.00 |
| Yuan Mengchu/friend | | | 100.00 |
| Gt. Eastern Disp. | | | 100.00 |
| Chien Tse-kwong | | | 50.00 |
| Ch. Richardson, Jr. | | | 50.00 |
| Staff, Bank of Gt. Asia | | | 28.10 |
| Whiteway Laidlaw | | | 25.00 |
| Mr/Mrs.N.F.Allman | | | 20.00 |
| Chu Chien-kwong | | | 10.00 |
| Wang Chien-young | | | 10.00 |
| Athletic Research Club | | | 10.00 |
| U. G. Frondorf | 360 | Pao Woo | 15 |
| Anonymous | 100 | Chu Ming-yui | 14 |
| Yuen Chung | 100 | Pao Hai-zou | 10 |
| Yah Chong Teh | 100 | Li Yao-keng | 10 |
| Pe-teh Fac. | 50 | Han Nieh-wen | 10 |
| Anonymous | 50 | Woo Chi-fu | 10 |
| L. E. Zigal | 50 | Chang Shan-wu | 10 |
| San Pei Fac. | 50 | Zia Veng-ziang | 10 |
| W. Koreska | 50 | Zee Ch'eng-chou | 10 |
| Tong Yung | 30 | Tseng Feng Fac. | 10 |
| Little Club | 30 | Master Zee | 10 |
| J. Berents | 20 | Miss Zee | 10 |
| Te-ho Kee | 20 | Zi Yueh-zien | 10 |
| Yih Chong Tai | 20 | Tang Pe-veng | 10 |
| Yih Ping-nan | 20 | | |
| Lun Za | 20 | Total | $15,709.41 |

**Limbless Soldiers and Sailors Fund**
Green, Mrs. Helen ..... 10

**I. C. Milk Fund**
Freund, Albert ..5 Quick Resturant 3
N.N. .....10 Mr. Nickel .....15

**Bubbling Well Chapel Memorial Window Fund**
*In memory of Mrs. C. D. Longhurst*
Doddridge, Con and Jack ..... 20
Dunstan, Miss M.C. ..... 10
Mann, Miss L. ..... £1

# LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

*Correspondence for this column should be addressed to the Editor, North-China Daily News Office, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor."*

## The Gipsies:
### Their Origin and History

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—With reference to the article about local gipsies in yesterday's issue of your esteemed paper I beg to add some more interesting facts not generally known to the public. The gypsies belong to the Hindu-race. Their original living-places were in northern India. During the great Mongol wars in the 12-14th centuries A.D. they had to sustain the first assaults of the Mongols invading India and were driven out or escaped by means of spontaneous flight from their country. The different stages of their wanderings and the moment they appeared in the different countries of Europe for the first time can be well traced by history step by step. One smaller branch turned on their southern route via Suez and Egypt (hence the name Gipsies) to North Africa and along the coast eventually came to Spain. The second branch marched in the wake of Mongols and Tartars to Russia and to the Balkans. The main bulk of them remained in the little colonized regions of Rumania and Hungary where they were not endangered by severe laws or expulsion, restriction and expulsion being their lot in most of the socially more differentiated and economically specialized countries in central and northern Europe. The Rest of the Gipsy tribes came via Bohemia (hence their French name, Bohemiens) to Germany, France and as far as England.

The language of the Gipsies which is used only in speaking among tribesmen is of pure Aryan origin. It is divided into several dialects all of them most related to Sanscrit, the ancient language of Aryan Hindu. Their caste system (not always and not everywhere the same) may originate from their Indian extraction as they are known to stick obstinately to their age-old habits and customs. That, however, is nothing to wonder at considering their nomadic manner of living enforced upon them since the middle ages. Their roving about has become kind of belief and habit with them, too. This being the case not much of a higher civilization was liable to develop among them.

The coronation of a so-called Gipsy King in Warsaw four years ago was but a well advertised performance for the benefit of some enterprising travelling agencies in Poland.

Am-Dee.

Shanghai, June 17.

## Tram Fares:
### Increase Objected To

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—Despite the fact that there has been an appreciable recovery in the value of the Shanghai dollar since its last tumble, the Shanghai Tramway Company announced another increase in its fare operative from yesterday. This is the second time that the Company has "revised" its tariff in less than six months.

A trip from Hardoon Road to Honan Road now costs 12 cents instead of 8, an increase by 50 per cent. This high percentage of increase is in line with the repeated "revisions" of other public utilities of this city. The mania of surcharges or increases together with profiteering of daily necessaries by the unscrupulous merchants have almost bled white a great number of the ratepayers.

Every time any public utility company asked for an increase of charge, our City Fathers invariably granted it. This seems to be not in consonance with the recent Council's policy in suppressing profiteering and hoarding.

Squeeze by the conductors in the tram-cars and trolley buses is notorious. This is the most rank piece of corruption and casts a stain upon the management of the Tramway Company. The annual loss of revenue through squeeze must be great to the company, and yet nothing practical has been done to stop it. If there be another increase of charge under one pretext or another, the management should first of all stop squeeze by its conductors.

H. C. T.

Shanghai, June 18.

## The B.R.A.:
### Important Circular Coming

To the Editor of the
"North-China Daily News"

Sir,—I shall be grateful if you will extend me the courtesy of your columns to inform members of this Association that a very important circular is being sent to them within the next few days.

Those British men and British women who are not already members of this Association are urgently requested to apply to the Secretary, 27 The Bund, for membership forms.

H. E. Arnhold,
*Chairman.*

Shanghai, June 19.

## Seventy Years Ago

From the "North-China Daily News," of June 20, 1870

Our readers will be surprised by various statements in the following paragraph. Dr. Lougheed of the 21st Fusiliers has (says the Bombay "Gazette") received a gold medal from the Chinese Government through Colonel Gordon. It is mentioned that he had medical charge of a Chinese army 40,000 strong, and ranked second in command of the Franco-Chinese contingent. He was present, it is added, at no less than fifty engagements, and at the capture of twelve walled cities.

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**AFTERNOON TIME TABLE**

8.00 a.m. News in French
12.00-1.00 Light music
1.00-1.15 News in French
1.15-2.00 Light music
4.30-5.30 Light music
5.30-5.50 Chinese lesson for foreigners
5.50-6.10 French lesson for Chinese students
6.10-6.15 Chinese music
6.15-6.30 News in Shanghai dialect
6.30-6.35 Chinese music
6.35-6.50 News in Mandarin
6.50-7.00 Music by German composers
7.00-7.15 News in German
7.15-7.20 Music by German composers
7.20-7.30 Music by Russian composers
7.30-7.45 News in Russian
7.45-7.50 Music by Russian composers
7.50-8.00 Light music
8.00-8.15 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière
8.15-8.30 Light music
8.30-8.45 News in French
8.45-9.00 Light music
9.00-9.30 News in English
9.30-11 Concert:

*Overtures and pieces arranged for the violin and cello.*

Rossini: The Fantastic Shop. Liszt: Dream of Love. Kreisler: Chinese tambourin. De Falla: Dance. Goevens: Sad landscape. Dvorak: Slavonic dance. Sibelius: Valse triste. Bizet: The Fatherland. Ries: Perpetual movement. Popper: Harlequin. Massenet: Elegy. Sadness of Dulcinea. Intermezzo. The Kitchen of Castelet. Adagietto. Chopin: Nocturne. Paradis: Sicilienne. Owen: Invocation. Jongen: Quaint legend. Brahms: Waltz. Milhaud: Tijuca: Corcovado. Debussy: Minuet. The flaxen-haired girl. The Bells. Romance. La plus que lente. Cherubini: Anacreon.

10.30 News in English and French
11.00 News in English
11.15 News in French
11.30 Light music

**TO-NIGHT**

7.30 Broadcast in Russian: German women.
8.00 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière: The two ladies drinking tea at the "Ambassador."
9.15 Broadcast in English: Guest speaker: Mr. Charles Speyer "Amateur dramatics in China."

SHANGHAI CHRISTIAN BROADCASTING ASSOCIATION

**STATION XMHD**

*Wave 395m; frequency 760kc.*

The news of the day is broadcast from this Station by the "North-China Daily News" at the following times:—

Summertime: 12.45 and 9 p.m.
China Coast time: 11.45 and 8 p.m.

At other hours of the day an English and Chinese programme of music and talks is transmitted from this Station.

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

**STATION XCDN.**

*Wave 255m, Frequency 1340kc.*

Telephone 13786

**DAILY PROGRAMME**

11.45-12.30 Chinese Programme
12.15 News in Chinese
12.30-1.30 English Programme
12.45 News Bulletin in English
1.30 News in German
1.45-2.00 German Programme
2.00 Close down
6.00-6.30 Polish Programme
6.30-7.30 Chinese Programme
7.30 News Bulletin in English
7.45-9.30 English Programme. (See Features of the Week.)
9.30-10.00 Commentary in English on Day's News
10.00-10.30 English Programme
10.30-11.15 Russian Programme
10.45 News in Russian
11.15-11.45 German Programme
11.30 News in German
11.45-12.00 English Programme
12.00 Close down

**FEATURES OF THE WEEK**

Thursday, 9.00 Brian Lewis. "This and That"
Friday, 8.15-9.30 Symphony Concert
Saturday, 8.30-9.30 Light Music.

**PROGRAMMES FOR JUNE 21, 22 and 23.**

Exactly the same as the above with one difference:
For
6.00-6.30 Polish Programme
Please read
6.00-6.30 English Programme

**B.B.C. BROADCASTS**

The following are the times and frequencies of London's daily broadcasts to the Far East.

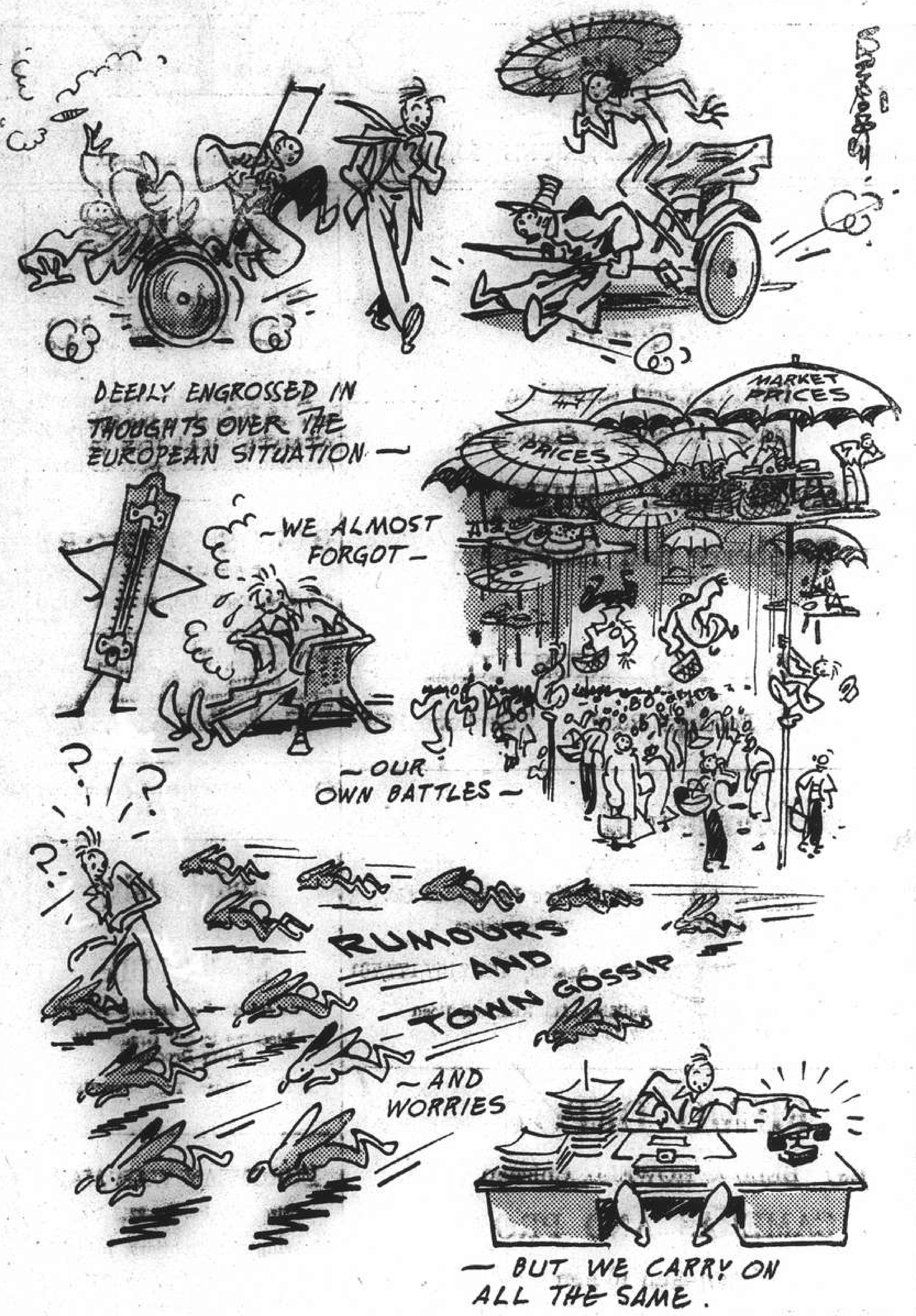
| Shanghai Summer Time | Wave length | Frequency | Call sign |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1.35 to 5.15 | 19.60 m. | 15.31 mc. | GSP |
| 7.40 to 10.45 | 19.82 m. | 15.14 mc. | GSF |
| 11.00 to 1.30 | 19.82 m. | 15.14 mc. | GSF |

News from the B.B.C. is read at Shanghai summer time:

3.15 p.m. on GSP—Full News Bulletin
5.00 p.m. on GSP—News Summary
8.30 p.m. on GSF—Full News Bulletin (relayed by Singapore on 30.96m. or 9.69mc.)
9.00 p.m. on GSF—News Summary (Dutch)
10.15 p.m. on GSF—News Summary (relayed by Hongkong on 31.49m. or 9.52mc.)
1.00 a.m. on GSF—Full News Bulletin

AUSTRALIAN BROADCAST

9.30 p.m. on 9.58 mc. or 31.3 m.—Talk and news.




BY SAPAJOU.

**Watching The Shaping of History**

## Soldiers Decorated For Bravery
### M.C.'s, D.C.M.'s, M.M.'s Awarded For Heroic Acts In Recent Fighting

London, June 18.

A further list of 45 immediate awards made by the Commander-in-Chief of the British Expeditionary Force has been issued by the War Office.

It includes 15 Military Crosses (M.C.), 12 Distinguished Conduct Medals (D.C.M.), and 18 Military Medals (M.M.).

Recipients of the Military Cross include:

2nd Lieutenant Francis Robert Newsam Kerr, of the Royal Scots. He covered a withdrawal from the river Dendre although severely wounded.

Lieut. Patrick Hunter Gordon, of the Royal Engineers. He led a small party of Sappers who completed the destruction of a bridge in full view of the enemy.

2nd Lieut. Robert John Hyde-Thomason, of the Durham Light Infantry. When all the men in a post he commanded were killed and wounded, and the enemy called on him to surrender, he shot the enemy leader, dispersed, the remainder with a hand-grenade and then escaped. Later he assisted in organizing a counter-attack, and brought in a wounded man under heavy fire.

Lieut. John Malcolm Thorpe Churchill, of the Manchester Regiment. When his company was surrounded, he fought his two machine-guns until all ammunition was finished, when he destroyed the guns and extricated his command.

Recipients of the Military Medal include Lance-Corporal Jackson, of the Camerons. During a tank attack on the battalion headquarters on May 27, when the order to withdraw had been given and the building was blazing, he showed great courage, in complete disregard of his own safety, in the evacuation of many wounded under heavy fire.—Reuter.

## Britain Calls Up Three More Classes
### Nearly Three Million Men Being Trained

London, June 18.

Three more classes are expected to register for military service in July, according to a statement by the Ministry of Labour yesterday.

Men, it says, are being called up at a rapidly increasing rate. Medical examinations are speeded up, and the accelerated intake into the army will continue at whatever pace is necessary to meet the needs of the situation.

It has already been arranged for further groups to be called for registration on June 22.

The three registrations in July would affect men aged 30, 31 and 32. When men of 29 years will register on June 22, the total number of hitherto registered men will approximate 2,800,000.—Reuter.

**Defence Orders Issued**

London, June 18.

The Admiralty has made an order requiring the presence in every British ship in a United Kingdom port of a sufficient number of members of the crew to man defensive equipment and fire-fighting appliances.

Seamen are warned that absence without leave is now punishable with severe penalties, under the Defence Regulations.—Reuter.

## German Legation in Dublin Queried
### Hint of Activities Given In House of Commons

London, June 19.

He understood that the official staff of the German Legation in Dublin consisted of six persons and three typists, declared the Under-Secretary of State for the Dominions, Mr. G. H. Shakespeare, in the House of Commons today.

Mr. Henderson Stewart, National Liberal member for East Fife, asked if the unofficial staff numbered some hundreds.

Mr. Shakespeare suggested that the question should be raised again. It was difficult, he said, to get information.—Reuter.

## Ford Co. to Manufacture Rolls-Royce Engines

London, June 19.

The Ford Motor Company at Detroit is to manufacture 6,000 Rolls Royce Merlin aero-engines, it was announced by Lord Beaverbrook, Minister for Aircraft Production, last night.

Production will begin in a month, and delivery will start early next year.—Reuter.

## 105,000 London School Children Evacuated

London, June 18.

The last contingent of school children affected by the six-day evacuation plan left London for country refuges today. Approximately 105,000 of the 450,000 children in the capital have thus been seen out of the city.—Havas.

## Fire Damages American Submarine Base

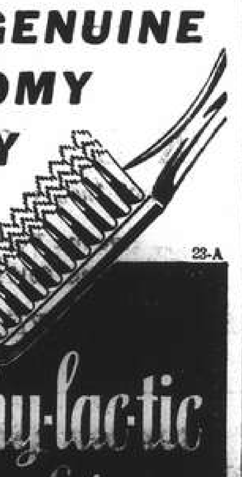
Groton, Connecticut, June 19.

A fire of undetermined origin caused extensive damage to a pier at the submarine base here yesterday. Authorities were investigating the possibility of fifth colmn activities in this area.

Officials said they had no suspicion of sabotage, but added they had ordered an immediate investigation of the fire.

One submarine, the R-4, which was alongside the pier when the fire broke out, was removed immediately and escaped damage.—United Press.

IT IS GENUINE ECONOMY TO BUY A—



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On Friday, June 21, 1940, at 9.30 a.m. (Summer Time)
Gent's and Lady's Clothing, Furniture and Sundries

IN CARGO SALESROOM
On Friday, June 21, 1940, at 10.30 a.m. (Summer Time)
212 Bales American Raw Cotton (Damaged by Fresh Water)
Ex s.s. "Red Jacket"
24 Bales American Raw Cotton (Damaged)
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NOW ON VIEW

On Friday, June 21, 1940, at 2.30 p.m. (Summer Time)
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Model 1938 Engine Nos. 6178, 7724 and 7722.
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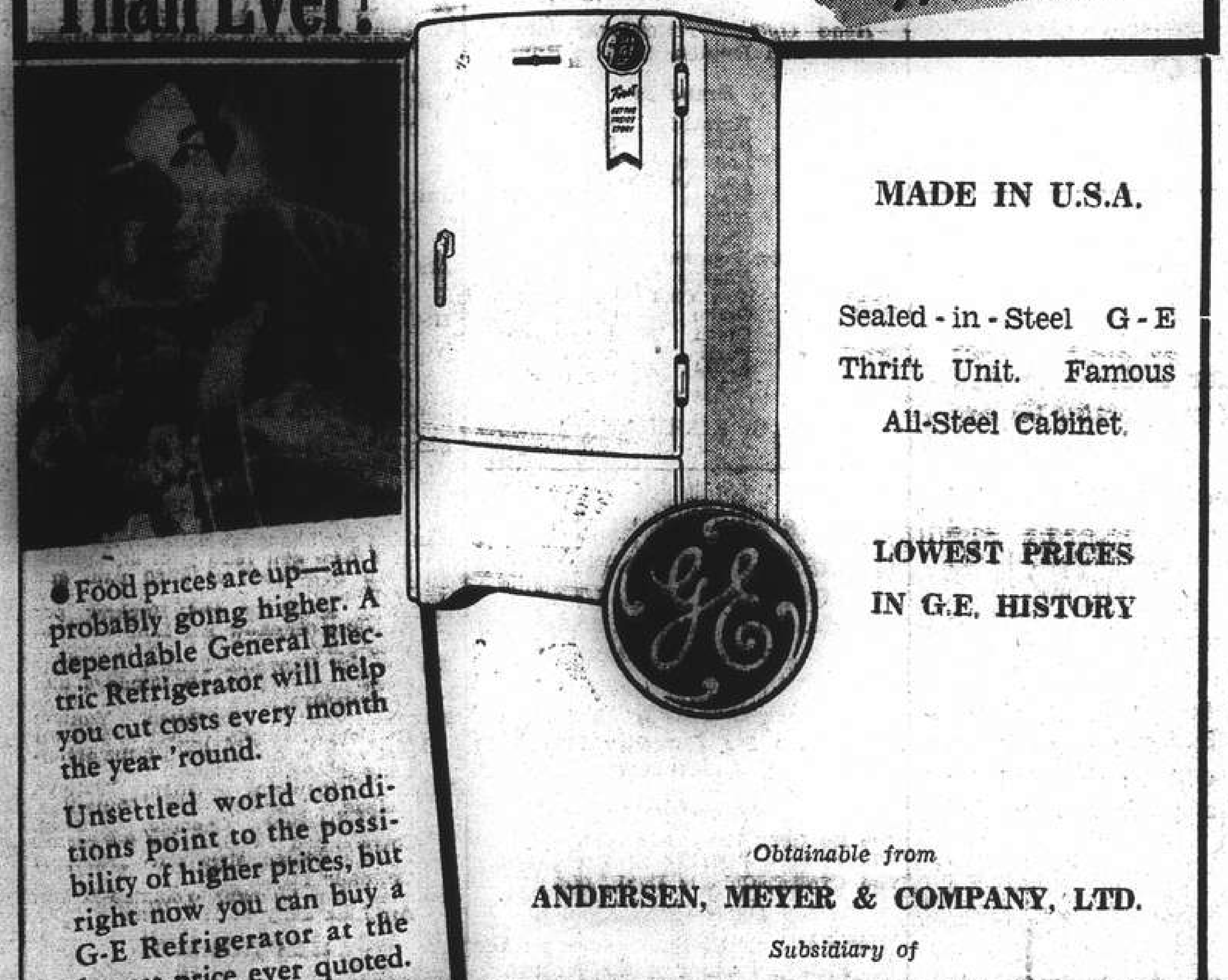

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# FROM SHANGHAI FOOTLIGHTS AND FILMS

## Current Films

**NANKING**—"Irene."—This streamlined version of the famous musical comedy introduces new numbers and much clever comedy into the tale of a mannequin whose job runs away with her to land her in a Park Avenue flat with no strings attached, and wedding bells in the offing. Starring Anna Neagle and Ray Milland, with Roland Young, Alan Marshal and May Robson. Opens today.

**GRAND**.—"News is Made at Night."—Exciting newspaper story with a lady reporter and a woman-hating editor double-crossing each other to solve the city's biggest murder mystery and very nearly making the headlines on their own account as the killer's latest victims. With Preston Foster, Lynn Bari Russell Gleason, George Barbier, Eddie Collins and Minor Watson. Opens today.

**CATHAY**.—"Adventure in Diamonds."—Drama and romance fight for first place in this swift action story of jewel thieves out to loot the famous Kimberley Diamond Mines. Authentic scenes from diamond workings in South Africa. Heading the big cast are George Bruce, Elizabeth Patterson, Cecil Kellaway, Matthew Boulton and Rex Evans. Opens today.

**ROXY**.—"Gone with the Wind.—The most talked-about and long-awaited picture in the history of the screen. An epic production into which was poured more resources, talent, genius and time for three years than any other film ever made. Starring at the head of a superb cast, Vivien Leigh as Scarlet O'Hara, Clark Gable as Rhet Butler, and Olivia de Havilland, Leslie Howard and Thomas Mitchell. Reviewed yesterday.

**METROPOL**.—"Zanzibar."—The thrill-packed adventures of a white huntress out to capture the beats of the jungle and faced by savage foes and the menace of a ½aming volcano. With Lola Lane, James Craig, Edugardo Ciannelli, Samuel S. Hinds, Tom Fadden and Clarence Muse. Opens today.

**CAPITOL**.—"Fast and Furious."—A detective, his wife and a New York newspaperman are involved in this smart comedy-detective-romance, which stars Franchot Tone and Ann Sothern. The complications take place in America and Europe with subordinate players, such as Ruth Hussey, Jean Miljan and Lee Bowman having the more prominent roles.

**UPTOWN**.—"The Hunchback of Notre Dame."—Charles Laughton in Victor Hugo's masterpiece. With Sir Cedric Hardwicke, Thomas Mitchell, Maureen O'Hara, Edmond O'Brien, Alan Marshall, Malter Hampden and Katharine Alexander. The strangest, most colourful story ever told...relived on a stage as vast as history itself—100 feature players in two hours of unbroken thrills and wonder.

**GOLDEN GATE**.—Little Princess."—Technicolour version of Frances Hodgson Burnett's beloved romance of the poor little rich girl who became a slave when her daddy went to war and was reported missing. With Shirley Temple, Richard Greene, Anita Louise, Ian Hunter, Cesar Romero and Sybil Jason.

## Films Coming

"King of the Lumberjacks."—Colourful action drama built round the activities of a Lumber camp anad interwoven with a love conflict that leads to the film's thrilling finale. With John Payne, Gloria Dickson, Stanley Fields, Joe Sawyer, Victor Killian, Earl Dwire and Herbert Haywood. Coming soon to the **GRAND**.

"Marines Fly High."—Romance and adventure in the Caribbean jungles, with a lovely girl, a bold, bad bandit and the U. S. Marines all out to clear up a typical Central American mess. With Richard Dix, Chester Morris, Lucille Ball, Steffi Duna, John Eldredge, Paul Harvey and Horace MacMahon. Coming to the **NANKING**.

"Dr. Ehrlich's Magic Bullet."—Edward G. Robinson magnificent in the kind of role only Muni has previously played. The dramatic and inspiring story of one man's triumphant fight against almost unsurmountable odds to conquer the deadliest of diseases. Starring Edward G. Robinson, With Ruth Gorden, Otto Kruger, Donald Crisp, Maria Ouspenskaya, Montagu Love, Sig Rumann and Donald Meek. Coming to the **GRAND**.

"Ma He's Making Eyes at Me."—Romance, comedy, colourful dance revues big song hits in a gay story of business along Broadway that introduces many famous old time melodies. With Tom Brown, Constance Moore, Richard Carle, Anne Nagel, Jerome Cowan, Elisabeth Risdon and Fritz Feld. Coming to the **GRAND**.

"The Grapes of Wrath."—Thrilling and graphic drama built on Steinbeck's story of migrants from Oklahoma's Dust Bowl and their fight for existence as itinerant labourers in California. With Henry Fonda, Jane Darwell, John Carradine, Charley Grapewin, Dorris Bowdon, Russell Simpson, O. Z. Whitehead, John Qualen, Eddie Quillan and Zeffie Tilbury. Coming to the **CATHAY**.

"Invisible Stripes."—A gripping tale of five lives all marked by the stigma that attaches to men have served a term in jail: taken direct from Warden Lewis E. Lawers' records of Sing Sing. With George Raft, Jane Bryan, William Holden, Humphrey Bogart, Flora Robson, Paul Kelly and Henry O'Neill. Coming to the **METROPOL**.

"Another Thin Man."—William Powell and Myrna Loy co-starred again in the popular detective series as Nick Charles and Nora, his wife. This is William Powell's first appearance on the screen after a long absence due to his illness. Coming to the **ROXY**.

"Star Maker."—See how stars are made enjoy a delightful love-story. Listen to 50 famous songhits of yesterday. Get an eyeful of 100 of the smartest kids in filmland. With Bing Crosby, Louise Campbell, Linda Ware, Ned Sparks and Laura Hope Crews. Coming to the **METROPOL**.

## To Dine and Dance

**ARCADIA**.—Russian cuisine. Arcadia orchestra. Floorshow.

**BALALAIKA**—Night club.

**BOLERO**.—Night club. Tafet, Schlittner and Ruff brothers.

**CASANOVA**.—Gloria Andico's orchestra.

**CATHAY HOTEL LOUNGE**.—Morning and afternoon tea and cocktails.

**CATHAY RESTAURANT**. — 8th floor. Luncheon and dinner.

**D. D.'s NIGHT CLUB**.—Russian and foreign style cuisine. Tino's orchestra.

**FARREN'S**.—Mike's Music Masters. The Hartnells. Aristocrats of Harmony.

**JESSFIELD**.—Night club. Roth, Havsky Brandt and Chekan.

**MASCOT**.—Garden. Swing band. Dancing outdoors.

**MASKEE**.—Night club—dinner. Ruff, Wiener, Schierhorst and Warner.

**METROPOLE HOTEL**.—Grill and dining rooms for business tiffins and other occasions.

**PALACE HOTEL**.—Tea lounge, snack counter and grill room. Concert music during tiffin, tea and dinner, daily excepting Sundays. Ullstein's orchestra.

**PARK HOTEL**.—Dancing nightly. Sunday tea dance. Itkis' orchestra. Floorshow.

**ROXY**.—Night club. Harry Fisher's Swing Band.

**"Zanzibar"**

*This thriller of animal hunters in the wilds of Africa comes to the Metropol theatre today and combines adventure and romance. Players include Lola Lane, James Craig and Samuel S. Hinds.*

**"Gone With the Wind"**

*Starred players at the Roxy Theatre today are Clark Cable and Olivia de Havilland (above) together with Vivien Leigh and Leslie Howard in this great technicolour drama of the Civil War South.*

**"Irene"**

*Anna Neagle so long has been associated with royal roles that fans have a readjustment ahead of them, for today at the Nanking she is cast as a musical comedy star, supported by Ray Milland and Roland Young.*

**"Adventure in Diamonds"**

*Opening today at the Cathay Theatre today is this cine-story of diamond stealing at Kimberley, starring George Brent and Isa Miranda. Also in the cast are John Loder, Nigel Bruce and Elizabeth Patterson.*

## Air-spring Experts

During the week, the Hartnells, Sandra and Fredric, have been been combining acrobatics with their patter, chatter and dancing. One wonders when they will stop demonstrating their versatility. During the opening of the turn Fredric spins several air-springs, and subsequently to the surprise of all Sandra joins him in almost a challegnge routine, doing at least three of the these difficult athletic tricks.

The Aristocrats of Harmony, the Svetlanoff Duo and Mike and his Music Masters constitute the remainder of the entertainment menu nightly in the air-cooled premises.

## Tasty Late Snacks

Acting on the theory that patrons of first-class night clubs demand and appreciate really first-class food, the Bolero Night Club pays strict attention to its small but modern kitchen and specializes in such tempting dishes as genuine beef or chicken stronganof, toasted cheese sandwiches and ham and eggs. The kitchen is open to inspection at all hours and is stated to be presided over by an expert foreign chef of many years experience. On the music and entertainment side Harry Tafet, Herbert Ruff, Bernhard Ruff and Ernest Schlittner are to the fore and provide both all night long.

## In Patrons' Interest

In the interests of its patrons the Roxy Night Club has added to its staff of alert Indian watchmen and patrons arriving in private motor cars not only will find a private lane in which to park but also are assured of protecting against petty thieves and racketeering "look-see" juveniles. This gesture has elicited favourable comment from guests. The Harry Fisher band does not adhere to strictly dance music but alternates with soothing concert music and floor entertainment.

## At the Jessfield

Four brilliant musician-entertainers, who appear nightly at the Jessfield Club, make time pass quickly for guests. Roth and Havsky, at the grand pianos, rate tops among their group and have such an extensive repertoire that they can render at once any request from patrons. On the other hand Brandt and Chekan are versatile on several instruments and join harmonious vocal refrains from time to time during the night. The management asserts that its personal service leaves nothing to be desired.

## Cinema Questionnaire For Adolescents

### New York Boys Seem to Enjoy Gore Immensely

Without any pretence that it was attempting to uncover pertinent scientific or sociological data, the Fifth Avenue Playhouse (New York) recently conducted a poll among the members of the Boys Club of New York asking the 'teen-age customers questions like these: "What kind of movies do you like?" "Who is your favourite actor?" "Who is your favourite actress?" "Of all the movies you have seen, which did you like best?" "What scene or part of any movie do you remember most?"

Some 680 youngsters, average age fourteen years, participated in the balloting. The answers to the last question were apparently written in a flush of diabolical glee. The following samples are typical of the impressions made by scenes of fighting, murder, death and general violence:

"When the preacher in 'Grapes of Wrath' is killed," "The scene in 'Wuthering Heights' where he (Laurence Olivier) cuts his hands," "In 'Robin Hood' when the man was cut open," "The way they pull the bank job early in the morning in 'Invisible Stripes.'" "When a German threw a pineapple at an American and hit him in the face and he ran without a head" ("All Quiet on the Western Front"), "The way Raffles goes about stealing the things he desires," "When the Hunchback of Notre Dame pours boiling oil on the people," "When James Cagney stopped the bomb from exploding with his belly" ("Fighting 69th").

A distinct minority cherished the memory of the Lincoln-Douglas debate in "Abe Lincoln in Illinois" and the experiments of Ehrlich and Pasteur.

On the choice of favourite actors, James Cagney placed first, Errol Flynn second, Mickey Rooney third. Orson Welles and Boris Karloff tied with one vote each. Bette Davis walked off with honours in the feminine division. Alice Faye was second and Ann Sheridan third. Mae West got seven votes, Gypsy Rose Lee received three and Betty Boop one.

In the favourite picture class "The Fighting 69th" won by a walk from such runner-ups as "Blondie," "Captain Blood," "Gone With the Wind," "Pinocchio" and "Gunga Din."

## Percentage Basis

The fact that "Gone With the Wind" opened simultaneously at three London theatres—the Empire, Ritz and Palace—and that it attracted considerable critical acclaim apparently failed to make much of an impression on the majority of British theatre owners. Mr. W. R. Fuller, general secretary of the British Cinematograph Exhibitors Association, issued a special bulletin advising the organization's membership, reputed to be 90 per cent. of the country's theatre operators, to refuse to show the picture under the terms asked for by Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer. According to a United Press dispatch, Metro asked for 70 per cent. of the gross receipts and proposed minimum admission prices of 3s. 6d. for matinees, and 4s. 6d. for evenings. Top price at most theatres in the suburbs and provinces is said to be 1 and 2 shillings.

Executives of Metro's foreign sales department expressed surprise over the action of the British exhibitors' association because the picture has not yet been offered for general release in England. Consequently, it was said, no announcement has been made to the trade about the manner in which "Gone With the Wind" will be sold.

## Malini, Magician

The Park Hotel announces that Max Malini, master magician, will be in the ballroom for several nights more before his departure on tour. Mr. Malini needs no introduction to Shanghai and one is glad to say that his fingers have lost none of their dexterity, while his tongue remains as glib as ever. He is putting on an excellent show nightly and is generous in responding to encores.

## Shooting of "North West Mounted"

### Cecil B. De Mille Chooses Riel Rebellon as Subject For Latest Picture

By some happy arrangement between its producer and Providence, "North West Mounted Police" started off while the comforts of a mackinaw and long hair were acceptable even on the clement portages about Hollywood. It is hyperborean stuff. Those learned in the portents aver it will be ready in midsummer, when any film—even if it had no plot, nor Gary Cooper, nor Madeleine Carroll nor Paulette Goddard—would be embraced by any audience forgetful of the long Winter of its discontent that has just trailed out.

But no Cecil B. De Mille epic ever depends on such a trifle as climate for its acceptance. The rigours of Saskatchewan are stressed only because this must be the first time that De Mille has ever dealt in snowy material—or the first in a very long time he has made so many pictures. This is his 66th. He doesn't mind confiding to the press that this is perhaps his most colourful, quite apart from its being a technicolour piece with fine effects of red jacket against snow.

As one may have heard, "North West Mounted Police" is of no one-man hunt, but swirls about the Riel "rebellion" of 1885, an episode that ranks in Canadian history pretty much as the Harper's Ferry incident does in American. It was a more sanguinary affair, however, for at the Duck Lake battle the red-coated company of 50 was massacred by 1,000 dispossessed half-breeds and Indians under the luckless schoolmaster, Luis Riel.

#### Quiet Day on the Set

Filming was a quiet business when this reporter groped into the stage at Paramount Studios the other day. De Mille's set was practically empty—after the bravura of the first weeks when the big scenes were shot in the presence of a half thousand spectators. The sole visitors were a dozen journalists, a class from a military academy in full uniform and a brace of celebrities. Almost a desolation. De Mille was in excellent humour. He does his best work in a solitude like this. The set was about 20 feet square, with about 30 assistants jammed together at one end.

De Mille, sitting on an attached chair, was snuggled up to a sky-blue technicolour camera as big as a trailer. It appeared the simplest possible of scenes—Madeleine Carroll, as the nurse, was to bandage up the foot of an Indian child in a wilderness hospital. It was something, that one thought, could have been filmed must have had its subtleties and was being rehearsed with stand-ins for Cooper and Miss Carroll, and a dummy for the child. The medical staff of the studio, a doctor and a nurse, stood by as advisers in the art of bandaging.

Director and camera poked about at the end of a boom that swung in arcs, searching for the proper dramatic angle. The great man muttered dreamily into a microphone, his breathing magnified by loud-speakers into a vast, disjointed oration. At the end of a half hour:

"I shouldn't be surprised if this would do. Yes, very well indeed. The stand-ins will retire. Call Miss Carroll, please, and Mr. Cooper, and the child whose leg gets wrapped up."

While this change was going on De Mille consulted with the camera man with Don Sayre Groesbeck, the costumer; with his staff of historians, headed by Harold Lamb, and a half-dozen officials with portfolio. After they had fallen back the scene was shot. De Mille's manner at this juncture was softly encouraging, benign and paternal.

#### Great Scene Completed

A great scene had got itself done. The lights were struck, the assistants dragged away camera, wires and props. Another grouping was done, with the mutual congratulations still going on—this time with Miss Goddard as Louvette, the dark catamount traditional in all dramas like this, and Francis McDonald as Riel. De Mille is not the man to let any one down in the matter of types.

Meanwhile, William H. Pine, his aide, was selecting more types at the rear of the stage, all dark, sombre and muscular. Moving about behind their natural beards, and only half recognizable, were Akim Tamiroff, Lynne Overman, George Bancroft and Montagu Love. But nobody could fail to spot them with half an eye as voyageurs and half-breeds of the most relentless stamp. As Riel, McDonald looked something between John Wilkes Booth and Edgar Allan Poe.

The only detail that has been changed, is that Little Bear, has, in the interests of grandeur, been called in the script Big Bear.

## Top Spot Seen For Young Actress

### Behaviour of Lana Turner Big Factor in Career

If Lana Turner will behave herself and not go completely berserk she is headed for a top spot in motion pictures writes Louella O. Parsons to the "Oregonian." She is the most glamorous actress since Jean Harlow had the world talking about her in "Redheaded Woman." She comes nearest to representing what the college boys consider ravishing beauty since Clara Bow won the vote of every male college as the most attractive movie star. Lana has the child-like beauty of Bow, the sophistication of Harlow and the glamour of Hedy Lamarr, but she is a bundle of emotion.

Clara Bow, too, was a creature of varying emotion. Involved in too many scandals, most of them undeserved, Clara lost her place in the movie sun and was never able for regain it. Lana, in her impulses, is not unlike the little Bow girl. Both of them trusting and lovable, use their hearts instead of their heads. Lana, of course, has never been in any scandal, but she has always acted hastily and been guided more by her own ideas than by any advice the studio gave her.

She would have walked right out on her MGM contract rather than forego a trip to New York with her bridegroom, Artie Shaw. She needs to work and work hard, and that is a thing which she will find most difficult to do, for she has the night club spirit and she'd rather go to a crowded, smoke-filled night spot and do one of the new dances than anything else in the world. But Lana is young and she will learn some day that the worth-while things are not found night-clubbing.

To tell the truth, I felt that MGM was over-exploiting this beautiful redheaded child until I saw her in "Two Girls on Broadway." Based on the original "Broadway Melody," this musicale discloses that Lana has real talent as an actress and possibilities as a dancer, but if she wants to be another Ginger Rogers or Eleanor Powell she'll have to work.

**"News is Made at Night"**

*What purports to be the inside workings of newspaper offices is nicely being demonstrated by Preston Foster and Lynn Bari at the Grand Theatre—also Russell Gleason and George Barbier.*

**"King of the Lumberjacks"**

*John Payne and Gloria Dickson come to the Grand soon.*

## Hollywood Demounts a Guitry Comedy

Virtue, which rarely gets a break in a Sacha Guitry film, has been rescued by RKC from its hazardous surroundings and, under the American way of life, it is stalking unmolested through "Lucky Partners," with Ginger Rogers, Ronald Colman and Jack Carson. The remake of Guitry's naughty "Bonne Chance" now bristles with indignation at each reflection upon a lady's honour, and the three principals solve their problems without so much as straining the Hays purity code. Anglo-Saxon morals completely rout the Gallic wickedness of Guitry, who took his little laundress co-owner of a winning sweepstake ticket with him on a pre-marital honeymoon.

American rights to the story have been shunted about Hollywood for four years. When George Haight was with Samuel Goldwyn, he took an option on the yarn, but Goldwyn was so appalled at the risqué situations that he would have no part of it. Other studios suffered the same reaction, and when Haight joined RKO he told the front office that he knew how it could be cleaned up. Guitry's asking price had fallen with each rebuff, so RKO picked it up for almost nothing.

The plot from start to finish has been refined. Instead of a laundress, Miss Rogers is proprietress of a small book shop, which immediately gives a cultural flavour to the proceedings. Each time Miss Rogers suspects she has been insulted, although there is nothing sinister about Colman, who fundamentally is an honourable gentleman, she appeals to Carson, her fiancé, to punch Colman in the nose. The final antiseptic wash given the story by Scenarist Alan Scott (who cleaned up "Primrose Path") is in the change of locale. Instead of naughty Paris, the film ends at Niagara Falls, where, according to American legend, nothing untoward ever happens.

## Adolphe Menjou as John Barrymore

John Barrymore is not only a fine actor with a distinguished career; he is also what the world knows as a "character" of a decidedly intractable kind. His marriage vicissitudes have made copy for innumerable newspaper stories. His characteristics have been highly marked and in "The Royal Family of Broadway" the Barrymore family were given to the stage as others see them with John as the most exuberant and entertaining. But one does not forget that he gave the world an interesting and very intelligent Hamlet not so many years ago.

Twentieth-Century-Fox have decided to turn John Barrymore into the theme of a picture, to be called "The Great Profile." The significance of the title is obvious. The story was designed to outline the acting career of the famous actor on and off the stage and Barrymore himself was invited to play the leading part. He liked the idea, for, as everyone must be aware, he has a strong sense of humour, but his stage engagements made it impossible for him to act in the film.

So Mr. Daryll Zanuck of Twentieth-Century-Fox was forced to look for another John Barrymore. Fredric March was approached, but he too was busy. Then the choice was between Adolphe Menjou and Warren William, and Adolphe Nanjou has the role. Failing Barrymore, no one could be better.

## Tough Roles on Increase

The clinging vine can become a sturdy vine in Hollywood, with an astounding number of actresses adopting various degrees and standards of being hard-boiled.

Into the ranks of these specialists has come an invasion of stars. Joan Crawford was no shy daffodil in "Strange Cargo," Miriam Hopkins was far from a clinging vine in "Virginia City," Marlene Dietrich did little shrinking-violet stuff in "Destry Rides Again," Ann Sheridan has been a toughie and Ann Sothern found a new career with her "Maisie" character, a "gal who tells 'em off."

There's colour in being a "bad-die." As Mae West once said, "Betsy Ross was about the only good woman to get into histry, and the flag helped her."


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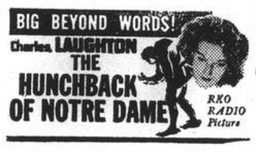


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# THE SPORTS PAGE

## Dodgers Defeated By Cards

### Joe Medwick Hit by Ball, Sent to Hospital; Yankees Trounced by White Sox

New York, June 18.

THE Brooklyn Dodgers continued their losing streak today, by taking a trimming at the hands of the St. Louis Cardinals, 7-5. Yesterday the Cincinnati Reds rose to the leading position in the National League, as the Daffy Dodgers bowed to the Cards. Outfielder Enos Slaughter of the Cards clouted out a homer with none on bases as did Cooky Lavagetto of the Dodgers. Early in the first inning, the Cards' star outfielder, Joe Medwick, was hit by a badly pitched ball off pitcher Luke Hamlin, and was immediately rushed to hospital. The Cards knocked out 12 hits, while the Dodgers managed nine.

In the American League, the Yankees faltered again as the White Sox pounded out a total of 14 hits against Atley Donald, to take a 5-3 decision from the world champions, who have fared none too well lately. The Yanks are still in third berth in the standings.

Charlie Keller clouted out a homer in the first frame, to bring his home run total to 11 this season. Joe Dimaggio brought the count to three runs in the ninth, when he hit the second homer of the game.

John Berardino won the only other game in the American League for the Browns over the league-leading Boston Red Sox, by smacking out a homer with bases loaded in the tenth inning for a 11-7 decision. The Browns collected 16 blows while the Red Sox had 13 hits. The outcome, however, failed to affect Boston's position.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

| | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 3 | 6 | 0 |
| Chicago | 5 | 14 | 1 |
| Batteries: Donald, Hadley, Dickey; Smith Tresh. | | | |
| Boston | 7 | 13 | 1 |
| St. Louis | 11 | 16 | 4 |
| Batteries: Ostermueller, Dickman, Badby, Desautels, Peacock; Coffman, Trotter Swift, Susce. | | | |
| Washington | 1 | 5 | 1 |
| Cleveland | 2 | 10 | 1* |
| Batteries: Leonard and Ferrell; Smith and Hemsley. | | | |
| Cleveland *v.* Detroit postponed by rain. | | | |

NATIONAL LEAGUE

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 7 | 12 | 4 |
| Brooklyn | 5 | 9 | 1 |
| Batteries: Bowman, Hutchinson, Cooper, Padgett; Hamlin, Casey, Kimball, Phelps. | | | |
| Chicago | 6 | 10 | 1 |
| New York | 1 | 6 | 1* |
| Batteries: Mooty and Todd; Lohrman, Melton, Joiner, Handenberg and Danning. | | | |
| Cincinnati | 1 | 8 | 0 |
| Philadelphia | 3 | 5 | 0* |
| Batteries: Walters and Lombardi; Mulcahy and Atwood. | | | |

*—Night games.

#### Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE

| | W. | L. | Pct. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Boston | 31 | 17 | .646 |
| Detroit | 30 | 20 | .600 |
| Cleveland | 33 | 22 | .600 |
| New York | 27 | 25 | .519 |
| St. Louis | 24 | 30 | .444 |
| Chicago | 24 | 31 | .436 |
| Philadelphia | 20 | 31 | .392 |
| Washington | 21 | 35 | .375 |

NATIONAL LEAGUE

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati | 35 | 18 | .660 |
| Brooklyn | 32 | 17 | .653 |
| New York | 31 | 18 | .633 |
| Chicago | 29 | 27 | .518 |
| St. Louis | 21 | 29 | .420 |
| Boston | 17 | 29 | .370 |
| Pittsburgh | 17 | 30 | .362 |
| Philadelphia | 17 | 31 | .354 |

—United Press.

## Japanese Tennis Strength Shown

### Lusitano Subjected to Merciless Defeat 15-0; Cricket Club Win

Displaying a devastating form on the opening day of the senior division of the Men's Tennis League yesterday, the Japanese Tennis Club created a distinct surprise when they swept through the Clube Lusitano for a clean-cut triumph of 15 sets to nil on the latter's courts. There now seems little in the path of the Japanese Tennis Club in their march towards the first division championship as the Clube Lusitano were thought to be their main threat inasmuch as the Portuguese players finished runners-up to the J.T.C. for the senior title last season.

Perhaps, the Lusitano players are going off to a slow start this season and they might have put up an improved showing later on, but nevertheless, the Japanese team scored decisively yesterday and as the competition is conducted on the basis of only one round, there will be no opportunity for the Lusitano team to picked up their valuable points.

Even seasoned players such as L. Marcal and H. C. Collaco fell down to defeat when Shibanai and Baba conquered in straight sets of 6-0, 6-2, 6-0. The combination of the two Japanese leading players were a revelation as they displayed irresistible form throughout the contest to win without being extended overmuch.

The second Lusitano pair of C. A. da Silva and B. V. de Senna met much the same fate against Fukushi and Tazoe, losing by 3-6, 4-6, 5-6. It was the last couple for the losers who put up the sternest fight when C. L. Passos and Oliveira were only defeated by Suto and Majima after each of the three sets went to 5-7.

#### Cricketers Win

Other encounters in the first division yesterday followed expectations with the Shanghai Cricket Club winning on their own courts against the opposition supplied by Cercle Sportif Francais, the final score going to 10-5 in favour of the home team; meanwhile, the Recs visited the Country Club courts to score a victory of 9-6 with the latter side putting up an excellent show in the light of the fact that they are supposed to be weaker than last year.

The remaining fixture in the senior division between the Columbia Country Club and the Bramtoco Tennis Club remained unplayed as the Bramtoco were unable to field a full team yesterday. Should it be possible, this engagement will take place on the coming Tuesday.

Complete scores follow:—

#### First Division

CRICKET CLUB 10; C.S.F. 5

L. F. Stokes and M. Benavitch beat Meise and Berents, 6-2, 6-1, 6-4.
J. G. Torres and H. H. Nash beat Krenow and Schultus, 6-1, 7-9, 6-4.
R. B. Gotch and D. K. Wallace beat Judah and Indricksen, 6-4, 6-4, 6-2.
C. J. Conroy and K. R. Aiers lost to Impy and Clarke, 4-6, 5-7, 6-1.
H. E. Orr and W. A. Hogarth lost to Goulmy and Sardeman, 6-8, 6-4, 5-7.

RECS 9; COUNTRY CLUB 6

G. Madar and J. H. Pott beat George and Cassels, 6-0, 6-1, 1-6.
F. R. Kermani and T. W. Murray beat Williamson and Cahusac, 6-3, 6-2, 6-4.
G. E. Marshall and S. Emmamooden beat Ewing and Morcher, 6-3, 6-3, 5-7.
E. Blum and J. R. Macdonald lost to Richard and Taylor, 6-3, 3-6, 4-6.
C. J. Smith and L. H. Wade lost to Smyth and Eckford, 6-4, 3-6, 3-6.

LUSITANO 0; JAPANESE T.C. 15

L. Marcal and H. C. Collaco lost to Shibanai and Baba, 0-6, 2-6, 0-6.
C. A. da Costa and B. V. de Senna lost to Fukushi and Tazo, 3-6, 4-6, 5-6.
A. Rozario and V. Souza lost to Nachi and Misu, 3-6, 4-6, 5-7.
S. A. Collaco and B. Pintos lost to Sakamoto and Chibata, 4-6, 5-7, 4-6.
C. L. Passos and Oliveira lost to Suto and Majima, 5-7, 5-7, 5-7.

#### Second Division

JAPANESE T.C. 14; CRICKET CLUB 1

Oshima and Kumashiro beat Pote-Hunt and Frewen, 6-1, 6-2, 6-2.
Uchida and Kimura beat Read and Brook, 6-1, 6-2, 6-1.
Shimidzu and Yoshioka beat Crickmer and Pollock, 6-1, 6-0, 6-2.
Doi and Ura beat Edney and Elliot, 4-6, 6-2, 6-1.
Shimada and Nagai beat Wood and Smith, 6-0, 6-0, 6-2.

C.S.F. 4; RECS 11

J. S. Flood and F. Schaffer lost to E. B. Brodd and R. C. Murray, 4-6, 6-8, 4-6.
T. P. Pottinger and N. Alshurieff beat J. Leriou and P. Kermani, 4-6, 6-3, 6-2.
J. Hoogenshuys and Arnvig beat R. Davie and R. Watson, 9-7, 4-6, 6-2.
P. Milhpiume and P. F. Bleyer lost to H. L. Hayward and H. Garwood, 4-6, 1-6, 6-8.
P. Crow and C. W. Harrison lost to A. Britto and W. H. Harvey, 1-6, 3-6, 2-6.

POLICE "A" 14; J.R.C. 1

B. Petroff and S. Petroff beat Braunthal and Goldstein, 6-3, 6-0, 6-4.
E. Chooklantzeff and A. Fonseca beat Schaffer and Waldman, 7-5, 2-6, 6-2.
K. M. Bourne and S. V. Gash beat Golm and Zalmanoff, 6-0, 6-0, 6-1.
J. Shute and E. Victal beat M. Chalkin and Mencham, 6-1, 6-2, 6-3.
N. Douglas and A. Prokofieff beat B. Chalkin and Springer, 6-2, 6-3, 6-3.

A.S.F. 13; POLICE "B" 2

Slobodchikoff and Favacho beat Staffechuk and Rheinberg, 6-1, 6-1, 6-1.
Aynie and Quant beat Day and Biggs 6-3, 6-1, 6-1.
J. Bossiet and Collet beat Yorke and Ellis, 7-5, 7-5, 6-4.
Chillan and Ouskoff beat Boddy and Glanville, 6-1, 6-3, 6-0.
Desjardins and R. Sbath lost to Bader and Westwood, 6-8, 5-7, 7-5.

SWISS CLUB 6; LUSITANO 9

Taussig and Buergin lost to C. A. Gonsalves and A. S. da Sousa, 4-6, 3-6, 6-4.
Lenzlinger and Getz lost to L. P. Jorge and S. Noodt, 5-7, 6-1, 6-8.
Rojdestvensky and Leslie lost to V. O. Remedios and A. J. Marques, 6-3, 2-6, 2-6.
Baxter and Guenther beat A. F. Gomes and M. Sequeira, 6-1, 6-4, 6-4.
Wurster and Evans lost to A. M. Sequeira and J. Medina, 2-6, 3-6, 5-7.

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LUSITANO 0; JAPANESE T.C. 15

L. Marcal and H. C. Collaco lost to Shibanai and Baba, 0-6, 2-6, 0-6.
C. A. da Costa and B. V. de Senna lost to Fukushi and Tazo, 3-6, 4-6, 5-6.
A. Rozario and V. Souza lost to Nachi and Misu, 3-6, 4-6, 5-7.
S. A. Collaco and B. Pintos lost to Sakamoto and Chibata, 4-6, 5-7, 4-6.
C. L. Passos and Oliveira lost to Suto and Majima, 5-7, 5-7, 5-7.

#### Second Division

JAPANESE T.C. 14; CRICKET CLUB 1

Oshima and Kumashiro beat Pote-Hunt and Frewen, 6-1, 6-2, 6-2.
Uchida and Kimura beat Read and Brook, 6-1, 6-2, 6-1.
Shimidzu and Yoshioka beat Crickmer and Pollock, 6-1, 6-0, 6-2.
Doi and Ura beat Edney and Elliot, 4-6, 6-2, 6-1.
Shimada and Nagai beat Wood and Smith, 6-0, 6-0, 6-2.

C.S.F. 4; RECS 11

J. S. Flood and F. Schaffer lost to E. B. Brodd and R. C. Murray, 4-6, 6-8, 4-6.
T. P. Pottinger and N. Alshurieff beat J. Leriou and P. Kermani, 4-6, 6-3, 6-2.
J. Hoogenshuys and Arnvig beat R. Davie and R. Watson, 9-7, 4-6, 6-2.
P. Milhpiume and P. F. Bleyer lost to H. L. Hayward and H. Garwood, 4-6, 1-6, 6-8.
P. Crow and C. W. Harrison lost to A. Britto and W. H. Harvey, 1-6, 3-6, 2-6.

POLICE "A" 14; J.R.C. 1

B. Petroff and S. Petroff beat Braunthal and Goldstein, 6-3, 6-0, 6-4.
E. Chooklantzeff and A. Fonseca beat Schaffer and Waldman, 7-5, 2-6, 6-2.
K. M. Bourne and S. V. Gash beat Golm and Zalmanoff, 6-0, 6-0, 6-1.
J. Shute and E. Victal beat M. Chalkin and Mencham, 6-1, 6-2, 6-3.
N. Douglas and A. Prokofieff beat B. Chalkin and Springer, 6-2, 6-3, 6-3.

A.S.F. 13; POLICE "B" 2

Slobodchikoff and Favacho beat Staffechuk and Rheinberg, 6-1, 6-1, 6-1.
Aynie and Quant beat Day and Biggs 6-3, 6-1, 6-1.
J. Bossiet and Collet beat Yorke and Ellis, 7-5, 7-5, 6-4.
Chillan and Ouskoff beat Boddy and Glanville, 6-1, 6-3, 6-0.
Desjardins and R. Sbath lost to Bader and Westwood, 6-8, 5-7, 7-5.

SWISS CLUB 6; LUSITANO 9

Taussig and Buergin lost to C. A. Gonsalves and A. S. da Sousa, 4-6, 3-6, 6-4.
Lenzlinger and Getz lost to L. P. Jorge and S. Noodt, 5-7, 6-1, 6-8.
Rojdestvensky and Leslie lost to V. O. Remedios and A. J. Marques, 6-3, 2-6, 2-6.
Baxter and Guenther beat A. F. Gomes and M. Sequeira, 6-1, 6-4, 6-4.
Wurster and Evans lost to A. M. Sequeira and J. Medina, 2-6, 3-6, 5-7.

## Ladies' Tennis Now In Final Stage

### Mrs. Collaco, Miss Ouei Reach Last Round

Bringing the semi-final round in the Ladies' Tennis Doubles Championship to a close, Mrs. H. Collaco and Miss M. Ouei conquered Mrs. T. M. Burton and Miss M. S. Holwill by 6-4 and 6-2 on Tuesday to earn the right of meeting Mrs. J. N. Lewis Bryan and Mrs. E. A. Taylor in the final. The crucial match is to take place on the court of the Shanghai Lawn Tennis Association, situated in Avenue Joffre, either on June 29 or 30.

By virtue of their handsome victory over the powerful combination of Mrs. Burton and Miss Holwill, Mrs. Collaco and Miss Ouei must be conceded an excellent chance of winning the title.

## Canidrome Results

1—300 yd. flat.—1, Fresh Beet; 2, Simple Simon.
Also ran:—Sam Holer, Vita Spermin, Perfect Pearl, Rio Princess.
4 lengths.—Time, 18.37.
Win, $10.30. Forecast 3-4 Div. $61.40.
Place, 1st $6.90; 2nd $8.30.
2—440 yd. flat.—1, Wilful Bill; 2, Good Boy.
Also ran:—Jacko, Luss Wave, Bonzou, Golden Affair.
Short head.—Time, 27.33.
Win, $32.80. Forecast 4-3 Div. $111.70.
Place, 1st $9.40; 2nd $8.80.
Double Event 1/2 3-4 Div. $20.90.
3—440 yd. flat.—1, Frisky Bambino; 2, Wild Girl.
Also ran:—Best Chihli, Jorrock's Best, Gallant Bachelor, Grey Vulcan.
3½ lengths.—Time, 26.69.
Win, $44. Forecast 5-4 Div. $136.40.
Place, 1st $16.90; 2nd $12.70.
Double Event 2/3 4-5 Div. $123.
4—500 yd. flat.—1, Jack O'Lantern; 2, Dopey.
Also ran:—Outsider, Brass Hat, Gold Cap, Simple Cissy.
3 lengths.—Time, 31.44.
Win, $13.60. Forecast 3-5 Div. $78.70.
Place, 1st $8.70; 2nd $9.40.
Double Event 3/4 5-3 Div. $56.80.
5—500 yd. flat.—1, Maid of Honour; 2, Lulla Dale.
Also ran:—Don Juan, Our Fortune, Bandit, Eumaeus.
2 lengths.—Time, 30.37.
Win, $13.60. Forecast 3-5 Div. $44.80.
Place, 1st $7.10; 2nd $10.20.
Double Event 4/5 3-3 Div. $28.20.
6—500 yd. flat.—1, Bouboule; 2, Spermin Lectin.
Also ran:—Old Chap, Princess Talgai, Mad Dale, Wild Harmony.
½ length.—Time, 30.41.
Win, $36.50. Forecast 3-5 Div. $128.
Place, 1st $11.90; 2nd $15.30.
Double Event 5/6 3-3 Div. $29.90.
7—300 yd. flat.—1, Campus Flirt; 2, Captain Charming.
Also ran:—Jacinthe, Pat's Girl, Valencia, Cute Vagabond.
11 lengths.—Time, 29.82.
Win, $17.60. Forecast 3-5 Div. $84.80.
Place, 1st $9; 2nd $17.60.
Double Event 6/7 3-3 Div. $65.10.
8—500 yd. flat.—1, Top Notcher; 2, Mac Queen.
Also ran:—Grey Mey, O. I. C., La Donna, Olympia.
1 length.—Time, 30.21.
Win, $70.80. Forecast 6-3 Div. $498.40.
Place, 1st $22.70; 2nd $19.70.
Double Event 7/8 3-6 Div. $75.70.
9—500 yd. flat.—1, Chekiang; 2, Go Softly.
Also ran:—Chihli Blue Fox, Felicity, Old Coin, Don't Fret.
3½ lengths.—Time, 29.66.
Win, 37.90. Forecast 6-5 Div. $86.10.
Place, 1st 09.30; 2nd $7.40.
Double Event 8/9 6-6 Div. $177.
10—500 yd. flat.—1, Chez Maurice; 2, Albatross.
Also ran:—Whirlwind, So Far City, Royal Rebel, Jimmy.
4 lengths.—Time, 29.58.
Win, $30.90. Forecast 3-2 Div. $146.80.
Place, 1st $14.30; 2nd $16.20.
Double Event 9/10 6-3 Div. $125.60.

## Seventeen Runs in Baseball Game

### First Battalion Swamp Headquarters 16-1 in League Fixture

The First Battalion, champions of the baseball league, walloped Headquarters yesterday afternoon at the Race Course in the second game of the City League to the tune of sixteen to one.

It was a tight game up to the fourth inning when the Headquarters "Orphans" netted their lone tally after two down. In the fifth, the champions staged a batting spree in which they knocked out two twirlers and made eight hits for a two-figure count of 10 runs. They accumulated half a dozen more points in the remaining three innings to bring the total to 16 to 1.

Lefty Houston, hurling for the First Battalion, put up a splendid performance, striking out seventeen batters and yielding only four singles. He issued half a dozen free passes but the recipients were left on the bags.

The "Orphans" used three pitchers. Burch started and was sent to the showers in the fifth frame in which Hill also was yanked. Miller was rushed to the mound and managed to stay there till the end.

An unfortunate incident took place in the fifth frame when Kelly broke his left collar bone. Kelly was coming in from third on an error and was blocked by Baze at the plate.

#### Lone Tally

The Headquarters scored their lone tally in the fourth inning. After two down Fugate singled and stole. On a wild toss from Baze the runner succeeded in reaching the hot corner. Wilde hit to centre and Fugate netted the opening and only run for Headquarters.

The champions overhauled the lead of one point in a batting rally in the fifth canto. They knocked out Burch and Hill and collected eight hits for 10 runs. Roles and Spence scored two runs each in this hectic inning. With the exception of Olsen everybody contributed a run or two.

In the sixth inning the champions increased the score to twelve to one, Baze and Olsen scoring. In the seventh they added three more runs through Houston, Mudry and Grow. Howath concluded the scoring in the eighth stanza.

Preceding the league game, the U.S.S. Marblehead and the Second Battalion, U.S.M.C., played a practice game of five innings. The "Leathernecks" defeated the sailors by 7 to 3. The Marines garnered four runs in the opening inning and added three more in the second frame. The sailors made one run in the second and two in the fourth inning.

#### Headquarters

| | AB | R | H | PO | A | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Middleton, 2b. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Takach, 2b. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Kelly, 3b. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Terrel, cf. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Malner, cf. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Bitto, lf. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Lucht, ss. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 0 |
| Sonnenberg, c. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| Honsowetz, rf., 3b. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Fugate, cf., rf. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Deffly, rf. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Wilde, 1b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 0 | 2 |
| Burch, p. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Hill, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Miller, p. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| | 29 | 1 | 4 | 24 | 12 | 7 |

#### 1st Battalion

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mudry, 3b. | 5 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grow, ss. | 6 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Baze, c. | 5 | 2 | 4 | 17 | 3 | 1 |
| Olsen, rf. | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Beard, 1b. | 5 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 1 | 0 |
| Roles, cf. | 5 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Howath, lf. | 4 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Spence, 2b. | 5 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Houston, p. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| | 43 | 16 | 17 | 27 | 7 | 2 |

Score by innings:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Headquarter | 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 | —1 |
| 1st Battalion | 0 0 0 0 10 2 3 1 x | —16 |

Summary:—Earned runs—1st Battalion 8, Headquarters 1. Two base hits—Houston, Mudry. Stolen bases—Bitto 2, Sonnenberg 2, Honsowetz, Fugate, batted in—by Beard 4, Olsen 2, Spence Mudry. Sacrifice hit—Middleton. Runs 2, Hpuston, Baze, Grow, Mudry, Wilde. Bases on balls—off Houston 6, Burch 4, Hill 0, Miller 0. Struck out—by Houston 17, Burch 1, Hill 0, Miller 2. Hits—against Burch 5 in 4 1/3 innings, Hill 5 in 1/3 inning, Miller 7 in 3 1/3 innings. Losing pitcher—Burch. Left on bases—1st Battalion 7, Headquarters 10. Wild pitches—Miller 2, Burch. Passed ball—Baze. Hit by pitcher—Burch, Honsowetz by Houston. Umpires—Morang (plate), Murphy, Allender (bases). Time of game—2 hrs.

## Best Ladies' Teams to Meet This Evening

### Country Club "A" Facing C.S.F. Tennis Side

A decisive engagement which will have an important bearing on the final outcome of the senior division of the Ladies' Tennis League will take place today when the two leading teams, the Cercle Sportif Francais and the Country Club "A" will clash on the latter's courts. Up to the present, these two clubs have swept all before them with the French Club not losing a single set while the Country Club senior players have dropped only one. Whichever side emerges victorious this evening will take a definite step towards securing the championship.

At the same time, two other senior and three junior encounters round out the programme for this afternoon. Detailed fixtures are as follows:—

FIRST DIVISION

Country Club "A" *v.* Cercle Sportif Francais.
Associacao das Senhoras Portuguesas *v.* Country Club "B."
Rockhill Club *v.* Swiss Club.

SECOND DIVISION

Associacao das Senhoras Portuguesas *v.* Cercle Sportif Francais "French."
Columbia Country Club *v.* Rowing Club.
Cercle Sportif Francais *v.* Bramtoco Tennis Club.

## Soviet Sportsmen Tested "For Labour, Defence"

Moscow, June 18.

Soviet sportsmen are undergoing tests for the "ready for labour and defence" badge.

In addition to 14 tests in running, swimming, skiing and other sports the new schedule includes six exercises to test the competitor's strength, agility, courage, speed, endurance and accuracy.

In the test for courage, for example, a candidate may choose between parachute jumping, rope-walking or climbing a difficult mountain.—Reuter.

## Louis Will Meet Godoy Friday

### Chilean Champion Angry At Referee; Afraid He Might Hit Him Instead

New York, June 19.

Joe Louis, heavyweight champion of the world, and Arturo Godoy, Chilean fighter who lasted 15 rounds with the dusky title-holder in February, yesterday wound up training for their return bout Friday night.

Betting odds were quoted at 4-1 in favour of Louis, with a distinct possibility of this being shortened to 3-1 before Thursday night.

The furore raised when both Godoy and his manager, Al Weill, objected to Arthur Donovan's refereeing the battle, was continued yesterday when the Chilean battle again angrily protested against selection of the veteran referee.

Said the fighter to sportswriters: "I am afraid I might blow up during the fight and start punching Donovan, so he not referee any more. He bad referee for me.

#### Attack on Donovan

"In 1937 I almost knocked out Nathan Mann, but Donovan he claim I struck foul. He then give Mann rest period and save him. Then when I fight Louis last February, Donovan he push his hand over my face, three, four times, when breaking clinches. I could not see, so Louis he hit me. Then he gave me only four out of 15 rounds."

The New York Boxing Commission will consider Godoy's protest, when it meets Thursday.

It may be remembered that a week ago, Godoy and Weill launched a verbal assault against Donovan, stating that the referee had already "voted in print" against Godoy in an article published under his (Donovan's) byline in a well-known magazine.

#### Particularly Angry

They were particularly angered by Donovan's statement in the article that Louis can cut loose this time, as he didn't open up in the last fight. Weill previously told newspapermen that "Donovan openly, and with bias, expressed admiration for the champion, saying that Louis will win. That's like a judge giving a verdict before a case goes to trial."

Godoy will break camp today and will motor to New York where he will settle down in a hotel until Friday night. Louis, meanwhile, will arrive here early on Thursday.

Mike Jacobs, Czar of boxing, predicted to newspapermen that the fight would net a gate of at least U.S.$200,000.—United Press.

## Pancho Hits Harder But Dado Clever

### Filipino Flyweights in Ten-Round Draw

San Francisco, June 18.

Little Dado and Little Pancho, Filipino boxers who top the flyweight ranks, fought to a draw in ten rounds here last night.

Dado, a 2-to-1 favourite prior to the bout, landed four blows to Pancho's one, but they were of the "creampuff" variety and left Pancho unmarked.

Pancho missed frequently, but when he landed he staggered Dado, for his punches were solid and carried all his weight behind them.

Dado after the bout said he sought to win on a knockout in the last two rounds, but "Pancho tied me up nicely."

There were no knockdowns, but the bout was fast and packed with good action.

The fight proved to be a financial failure, for the gross gate amounted only to U.S.$5,300. Dado took 50 per cent. of the gate, while Pancho had to be content with 12½ per cent.

Dado weighed 111 pounds, and Pancho 111½.

Little Dado is generally recognized as the leading flyweight.—United Press.

## Yankees Losing Their Popularity?

### Taunts Come from First Base Spectators

New York, June 17.

The Yankees aren't drawing any too well and what's worse a good percentage of the crowd at the Yankee Stadium these days is against the home team...the section behind first base has a nest of anti-Yankee rooters...one of their favourite taunts is, "Back to Newark, you bums."

The Yanks are doing a thing almost unheard of...they're watching the big scoreboard in centrefield to see what the Red Sox and Indians are doing...the other day when the Browns made four runs on the Red Sox in the seventh and then repeated with four more in the eighth Charlie Keller snickered out loud in right field...then Taft Wright of the White Sox whistled a double past him... Right now that second year jinx, to say nothing of southpaws, has Keller hanging on the ropes...He's made only two hits in his last 35 times at bat against lefties for a southpaw average of .054.

The grapevine circuit says Dizzy Dean will become a member of the Dodgers...if he does he'll earn his salary the first Sunday he pitches at Ebbets Field.

Dick Bartell isn't covering the ground he used to with the Giants but he's the life and soul of the Detroit infield.—United Press.

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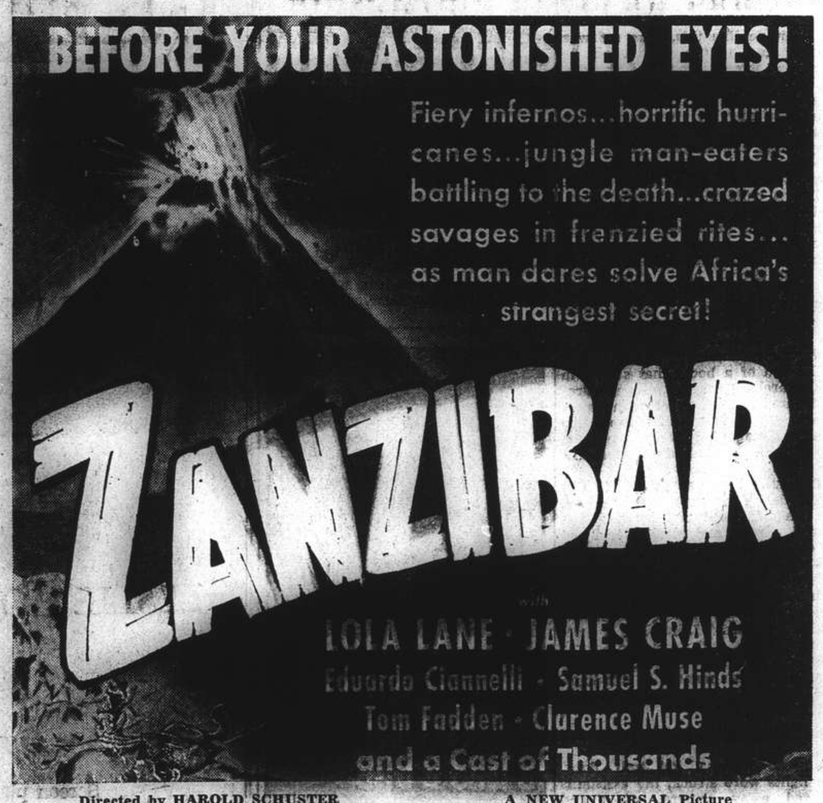


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# French Withdrawal From Far East Seen by Japanese

**"Death Blow" Said Dealt; Britain's Far Eastern Policy Seen Collapsing; Chungking to Suffer**

Nanking, June 19.

READJUSTMENT of Sino-Japanese relations should be effected immediately in order to enable Japan and China to jointly meet the effects on East Asia of the European conflict, Japanese and Chinese military authorities here urged yesterday.

Any possible effects of the European war on East Asia should be solved by the East Aslatic nations, particularly by Japan and China, they stated. These authorities, furthermore expected an increase of German and Italian influence in the Far East as a result of possible French withdrawal from this part of the globe.

The belief also was expressed that Germany and Italy, especially the latter, would co-operate in the establishment of a new order in East Asia. Both of the countries are definitely anti-Communist and have an accurate and sumpathetic understanding of the actual situation in the Far East.

Italy, it was added, has expressed here intention of recognizing the new National Government of China at Nanking.

**"A Death Blow"**

France's defeat in Europe has dealt a death blow to her position in the Far East, the same military authorities here declared, adding that France which possesses various rights and interests in the Far East, has been constantly giving material and spiritual assistance to the General Chiang Kai-shek regime since the outbreak of the Sino-Japanese hostilities.

It was further stressed that France has been continuing to refuse recognition of the new National Government following its return to Nanking.

Any further assistance to the Chungking regime by France is impossible as has been witnessed by the recent announcement of the reorganized National Government of China, in which it refused to recognize a loan agreement between the French and Chungking Governments.

It was believed in these quarters that following French capitulation in Europe, French Indo-China would lose its position as a war supply route to Chungking.

**Britain's Position**

Regarding the present position of Great Britain in the Far East, Japanese and Chinese military leaders here were of the opinion that after losing her partner and ally, France, in the hostilities against Germany and Italy, Britain was now forced to concentrate her entire strength in continuing the conflict.

It was predicted that Britain's Far Eastern policy will collapse as a result of the outstanding developments in Europe. With any further assistance from Britain or France precluded, Chungking can only appeal to the United States and the Soviet Union for aid.

Soviet assistance to General Chiang Kai-shek, it was declared, would be limited in scope because of the increasing friction between the Chungking Kuomintang and the Chinese Communist Party.

On the other hand, American assistance to Chungking also is likely to be limited inasmuch as practically the whole of America's surplus war supplies have found their way to Europe.

**Peace Movements**

With the situation as it is, peace movements within the Chungking regime are gaining ground rapidly. A defeat of the pro-Chiang nations, namely Great Britain and France, it was declared, would result in a total collapse of Chungking's anti-Japanese front which already has been threatened by enmity between the Chungking Kuomintang and the Communists and also by the friction between the peace and anti-peace factions.

The peace faction within the Chungking regime would join the new central administration at Nanking when Japan formally recognized the reorganized Government, it was expected.

Japanese and Chinese officers declared that Japanese recognition of the new Central Administration would not shut the door to Chungking peace elements, but would on the contrary open the way for them to join the new administration.—Domei.

# 'Withdraw Troops' Says Mayor Fu

**Further Communications Sent to British, French Italian Consuls**

Following his recent request that the forces of belligerent Powers stationed in Shanghai be withdrawn at an early date, Mayor Fu Siao-en has addressed further communications to the British, French and Italian Consuls-General urging their taking immediate steps to remove the armed forces of their respective countries from Shanghai.

The following is the translation of his letter to Mr. A. H. George, H.M. Consul-General:

"Since the enlargement in scope of the European War, the situation in Shanghai has suddenly become grave with communities getting unsteady and unpeaceful. I, Mayor of Greater Shanghai, empowered to administer the whole city here with responsibilities of maintaining peace and order cannot keep myself silent.

"For the benefit of the people and to protect the business interests, and in line with the solemn declaration of the National Government in Nanking, I seriously announced on the 15th instant that in order strictly to observe neutrality and definitely safeguard the peace and normal conditions here, the defence forces of the belligerent Powers should be withdrawn completely from Shanghai.

"At the same time it was clear that any unlawful activities, such as arbitrary transfer or change of the special rights which belligerent Powers had formerly secured in China shall be considered null and void. The foregoing must have been known to you.

**Neutrality Threatened**

"The declaration of war making your country and Italy belligerent, your defence forces stationed in Shanghai have become enemies, which may cause conflict through misunderstanding or enmity. Although it is said that the belligerent forces here have come to an understanding to prevent possible friction, yet such an arrangement without the participation and knowledge of the man responsible for the administration of this city, which of course lacks protective power, not being a fundamental procedure, is insufficient to calm the populace.

"In the event of any unfortunate incident happening, the maintenance of peace and normal conditions, lives and properties, as well as the neutral position of Shanghai are liable to be threatened by dangers at any time. Therefore, with the object in view of strictly observing the neutrality of Shanghai, maintaining the territorial peace, and protecting lives and properties, as well as abiding by the International Law, demand is hereby made that the defence forces of both belligerent Powers be completely withdrawn from Shanghai at an early date, to avoid misunderstanding leading to possible conflict.

"This being a matter embodying the solemn observance of International Law, the maintenance of the safety of Shanghai, and the welfare of the Chinese and foreign communities, I hereby request you to notify at once the authorities of your naval and military forces to withdraw completely from Shanghai at an early date to safeguard against any unforeseen incident that may arise.

"A similar communication is being forwarded to the Italian Consul-General and the French Consul-General. Enclosing a copy of my former declaration and awaiting your reply."

# Foreigners Safe in Yangtze Areas

**Ichang Folks Said to Be Returning**

At the Japanese press conference yesterday Japanese Embassy spokesman said that all third Power nationals living in Shasi and Chingchow were reported to be safe, according to a report just received from the Japanese Consul-General in Hankow.

There was no direct report from Ichang he said, regarding the safety of foreigners there. He added that foreigners who had moved across the river since the intensification of hostilities in that region, were preparing to return to their homes in Ichang.

# Recapture of Ichang Denied Here

Chinese claims of the recapture of Ichang, important stronghold on the north bank of the Yangtze River in western Hupeh, Kingmen, near Ichang, and other positions which were taken by the Japanese in their recent offensive to the west of the Han River, were categorically denied and branded as "wholly groundless propaganda" by a spokesman for the Japanese military authorities yesterday afternoon.

The spokesman declared that the fact that Chungking is carrying on propaganda of this kind was evidence that the losses suffered in the 5th War Zone after an unbroken series of disastrous defeats had been a serious blow to Chungking.

# Hongkong Prohibits Export of Rice

Hongkong, June 19.

The export of rice, except under licence, is prohibited by a new Government order. It is believed that a number of ships in the harbour, due to sail to Shanghai, are affected.—Reuter.

# Hongkong Offers New Gift to Britain

**£100,000 to Be Remitted For War Purposes**

Hongkong, June 19.

The Hongkong Government is offering a further £100,000 to the Imperial Government for war purposes.

The Legislative Council will be asked to authorize a supplementary vote to this effect tomorrow.

On March 14, the Legislative Council had approved of resolutions covering expenditure of $5,000,000 for the construction of ships which are to be presented to the British Government, and making a monetary contribution of £100,000.

Meanwhile, the War Fund, inaugurated by the "South China Morning Post," has reached $250,000.

Of this sum, £10,000 is being immediately remitted Home, as an initial contribution from Hongkong towards the purchase of aeroplanes.—Reuter.

# Hongkong Stops Ship Clearances to Saigon

Hongkong, June 19.

The Norwegian ship Mimer and the British steamer Elizabeth Moller were yesterday refused clearance papers for Indo-China, while it is understood that the matter of refusing clearance for all ships wishing to proceed to French possessions is now under consideration.

Meanwhile, British and other Allied ships at sea have been instructed to avoid French ports.—Reuter.

**Petrol, Oil Shipments Ended**

Hongkong, June 19.

All trans-shipments of petrol and oils from Indo-China to the interior of China will cease immediately, it was learned from reliable sources here today.

These sources believed the action was taken in compliance with Japanese demands that the shipment of war materials from Indo-China to the Chinese war front be halted.—United Press.

**When Rotterdam Was Bombed by Britain**

*Damage done to the German-occupied aerodrome of Rotterdam, at Waalhaven, is shown in the picture. The flying field is pitted with craters, and hangars to the left have been destroyed.*

# Labour Confident all British Workers Will Give Utmost for Victory

**Proud Privilege to Sustain Hope of Civilization Throughout World in Europe's Darkest Hour**

London, June 19.

Full confidence that "all members of the Labour movement in Britain will give to the utmost, in every field of production, the energy and efforts for which the crisis calls," is expressed in a statement issued following a meeting of the National Council of Labour held in the House of Commons last evening.

After paying tribute to the heroic struggle by the people of France against overwhelming odds, the statement says: "A great ordeal now lies before the British people. The full weight of the enemy is now certain to fall upon us. We stand as the last bastion in Europe against the menace of tyranny. Let us meet the test with calm resolution."

The statement describes it as a proud privilege to sustain the hope of civilization throughout the world in the darkest hour Europe has ever known.

"We know," it adds, "that countless millions of subjugated peoples now under the sway of dictators are with us in spirit, and only await an opportunity for action."—Reuter.

## *FUNERALS*

**Mrs. C. D. Longhurst**

The funeral of the late Mrs. Pattie Louisa Longhurst, wife of Mr. Cecil Douglas Longhurst, took place at the Bubbling Well Cemetery yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Longhurst passed away, following an operation, at Rochester, Minn., U.S.A. on April 21, 1940 at the age of 42 years, her remains being brought back to Shanghai for interment. Mrs. Longhurst first came to Shanghai with her husband in 1926 and had been a resident of this city since that time. She is survived here by her husband and their daughter, Patsy.

The religious service was conducted by Dean A. C. S. Trivett, in the presence of a large gathering of mourners. The chief mourner was the husband, Mr. C. D. Longhurst, and the pallbearers were Messrs. S. Flemons, J. E. Fullam, F. W. Pilbeam, C. W. Porter, J. T. Rogers, P. M. Streit, J. C. R. Wells-Henderson and J. H. Wilson.

A beautiful sheath of roses and carnations from "Daddy and Patsy" was lowered with the casket into the grave, while beside the grave were wreaths sent on behalf of relatives in England comprising Mother, Mother Longhurst, Alma and Arthur, and Lily and Henry. In addition to many donation to charities and subscriptions to the suggested memorial window in the Bubbling Well Chapel floral tributes were sent by a number of friends, including:—

The Biddies; Billie and Fred; Bunny and Pilly; Elizabeth and Cyril; Ena and Haynes; John and Dollie; Lance and Felix; Lil, Jim and Beryl; Mamie, Arthur and Ken; Margarst and John; Marjorie and Veronica; Rose, Phil and Milton; Directors and Officers of Shanghai Telephone Co.; Comptroller's Department, Shanghai Telephone Co.; I.T.T. Comptroller's Dept. (New York); China Electric Co.; Finance Department, Shanghai Municipal Council; Ruth and Jim Fullam; Mr. and Mrs. H. Henley; Mr. and Mrs. K. W. Johnstone; Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Basto Silva; Bill Souter, Lily and Lottie Walker; G. L. Chan and M. S. Chang; and George (Chauffeur).

The funeral arrangements were in the hands of Messrs. Thomas Macdonald and Co.

**Antonio Augusto dos Remedios**

Funeral services were held yesterday afternoon at the Hungjao Road Cemetery for the late Mr. Antonio Augusto dos Remedios, aged 43 years, with the Reverend Father L. F. McGreal, S.J. conducting the last rites of the Catholic Faith. The late Mr. Remedios died at the Shanghai General Hospital last Monday following a long illness. Besides his widow, he is survived by three daughters, Mrs. C. D. Rodgers (Aura) Helen and Gloria dos Remedios. The casket was carried to the grave by Messrs. S. G. D. Remedios, N. Remedios, E. R. Dyrby, C. Britto, E. Child and George Stepanoff. Among those sending flowers were:—

Mummy; Helen; Aura; Gloria; Aura and Tex; Mary; Tilda; Aunt Violet and daughters Violet, Margaret and Lily; Augusta and Molly; Dick and Nina; Jerry; Linda and Mira; Tony, Marie, Malia and Irene; "Poppy"; 1st Shanghai Ranger Captain and Company; Mrs. M. Alonco; Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Britto and family; E. J. Child and family; Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Corbin and family; Mr. and Mrs. L. Fuynel and Mr. and Mrs. C. Compton; Mummy Jackson and Louie; Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Jones; Mrs. W. H. Kinvig; Mr. and Mrs. B. W. de Legaspi; Mrs. M. Marques, Alvaro and Eddie; Mr. and Mrs. Alex A. dos Remedios; Mrs. Sania Silva; A. J. R. Souza; and others.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

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# Compulsory Service in U.S. Foreshadowed

**All Youths May Have To Enrol for Work**

Washington, June 18.

President Roosevelt voiced at his press conference today the belief that the United States "will undoubtedly adopt some from of Government service affecting all youths."

He emphasized that this service would draw on young men from all classes in the United States.—Havas.

**Monroe Doctrine Upheld**

Washington, June 19.

By 338 votes to eight, the House of Representatives has approved legislation, virtually declaring the United States would vote to uphold the Monroe Doctrine.

The legislation does not mention any country, but Congressmen obviously are mindful of Germany.

Previously, the House had rejected by 104 votes to 63, an amendment stating: "That in wars of European powers, in matters relating to themselves, we have never taken any part, nor does it comport with our policy to do so."—Reuter.

# French Attitude Said Pro-Chungking

**Japanese Officers, Men Extremely Indignant**

At a Japanese Army Air Base, June 19.

Japanese officers and men are extremely indignant over the increasingly pro-Chungking attitude of the French authorities of French Indo-China, a press officer of the Japanese Expeditionary Force to South China declared here yesterday.

Reconnaissance flights conducted by Japanese army Airmen over Chungking supply routes leading out of French Indo-China revealed that a steady flow of supplies to Chungking is being maintained, the officer said.

When Japanese flyers recently spotted a group of motor cars in south-western China, near the French Indo-China border, a large French flag was spread out and Japanese aeroplanes refrained from attacking the convoy, he added.

On another occasion, the officer declared, motor cars which had crossed the French Indo-China border into Chinese territory were hurriedly called back into French territory and given protection by the French authorities when it was discovered that Japanese warplanes were approaching.—Domei.

**Axis Sympathy in Tokyo**

Rome, June 19.

A closer alignment between Japan and the Axis Powers was seen here yesterday by the Rome Radio as a result of the French capitulation.

"News from Tokyo indicates that political currents which favour closer ties between Japan, Italy and Germany have been reinforced by the events of the past few days," the radio said. "It is deemed probable that Japan will align itself closer with the Berlin-Rome Axis."—United Press.

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# Precautions Taken In Hawaii

**U.S. Army Manoeuvres Seen As Significant; Guarding Against Possible Surprise**

Honolulu, June 19.

Armed sentries and artillery and anti-aircraft units appeared in all parts of Oahu Island yesterday as the Army began obvious preparations against any possible surprise attack on the stronghold of American Pacific defence.

One road junction near Pearl Harbour was guarded by an anti-aircraft gun, a machine-gun, two pieces of heavy field artillery and soldiers in helmets. Close by were set up apparently permanent tent quarters.

The bridge in the Waikiki section of the island was patrolled by fully armed sentries. Public utilities, highways, bridges, radio stations and all other vital points on the island were under heavy guard.

The United Press learned that the army units were carrying live ammunition. Despite their official designation as "manœuvres," the army activities were considered as strictly defence preparations in most quarters.

Many rumours recently circulated of Japanese naval activities in the vicinity of Midway and Marshall Islands were said to be "absolutely without confirmation." No cruisers, submarines or any other vessels have been sighted, naval authorities said.

The United States fleet, during its present manœuvres, is unquestionably disposed over a wide scouting area and would sight any foreign ship near the American islands. Observers said the most likely interpretation of the army's move is to combat possible fifth column activities in the islands.—United Press.

# Japanese Women to Leave London

Berne, June 18.

All women members of the Japanese Embassy staff in London will leave the British capital by the end of this month, German Radio declared this evening in an official announcement.—Havas.

# U.S. Not to Develop Rubber Production

**Representatives Reject Appropriation**

Washington, June 19.

The House Appropriations Committee yesterday declined to recommend the US$1,000,000 appropriation President Roosevelt asked for the development of rubber production in the Western Hemisphere.

The committee's action was unexpected, but was ascribed to Congress' reluctance to embark on a long-term rubber programme at the present critical period when all possible money is needed for immediate national defence.

The programme was designed to make the Western Hemisphere at least partially self supporting in rubber production. Some Congressional circles pointed out that the production of rubber substitutes in the United States has already begun and that, by the time the rubber programme of the President had shown results, American manufacturers would have perfected their rubber formulae and would be producing sufficient quantities to fall back on in an emergency.—United Press.

# Japanese Liner Reaches Marseilles for Refugees

Tokyo, June 19.

Reports from the Japanese consulate at Marseilles revealed today that the N.Y.K. liner Hakusan Maru arrived at the southern French port on June 13 in order to pick up Japanese subjects who took refuge there.

The Hakusan Maru, it was recalled, was first scheduled to go to Marseilles on June 11 from Barcelona, but postponed her trip owing to increased war dangers in the Mediterranean.—Domei.

# Rajah of Sarawak Gives New Gift to Britain

London, June 19.

The Rajah of Sarawak, Sir Charles Vyner Brooke, has donated an additional £60,000 for prosecution of the war.—Reuter.

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## A REALISTIC SPEECH

If the British Empire has confidence in Mr. Winston Churchill, and it undoubtedly has, he in his turn has unshakable faith in the ability of his countrymen to face facts. That is demonstrated in his speech delivered in the House of Commons, and broadcast throughout the Empire, which he delivered on Tuesday. In it he gave the Empire the stark facts of the situation, hiding nothing of the enormous task which lies ahead, and the dangers which confront the British Isles. It was the speech of a realist to a people, who by reason of the grim experiences of the past few months have acquired more realism than they have ever had before. Mr. Churchill gave them the facts because he knew they could "take it." The British Empire will fight on for years if necessary, alone if necessary. That is the determination of every real British heart. The last battle has not yet been fought, the last word not spoken, but when they are it is the democracies which will win and decide the terms of peace. In a short while Great Britain, with, it is hoped, the French Navy and air force, will become the exclusive object of German attentions. The possibility of an attempted invasion of the country looms now greater than ever it did before, and the anxious days of over a century ago when another Continental Power threatened the same thing will again have to be encountered. They will be faced with precisely the same hardihood now as they were then, with the inspired leadership of the Prime Minister to bring the people to ultimate victory. It is as well to remember, as Mr. Churchill, reminded his hearers, that from the moment the Allies declared war on September 3 of last year it was always possible for Germany to have turned all her air force upon Britain, together with any other devices of invasion she might have conceived, and that France could have done little or nothing to prevent it. Britain has, therefore, been living in this danger in principle, and a slightly modified form during all these months. It is indeed astonishing considering how Herr Hitler regards the British as the arch-enemy that some such venture has not been undertaken before now. That, however, is a puzzle which, perhaps, only history will solve.

But, in the breathing space which enemy inactivity in this respect has afforded, British defences have enormously improved, and the fact ascertained that individually British aeroplanes and pilots are superior to the German. And so, casting up what he describes as "this dread balance sheet," and "contemplating our dangers with a disillusioned mind," Mr. Churchill saw great reasons for intense vigilance and exertion, but none whatever for panic, or dismay. That is the opinion not only of the man best in a position to assess the real facts of the situation, but an opinion which is fortified by the professional advisers of the Government. No one for a single moment will seek to minimize the dangers of the situation, or the agony which the people of the British Isles may have to pass through during the months to come. It would be the height of folly to seek to do so, but there are all the indications necessary to show that Britain is in a good posture of defence, with approximately two million men under arms, a powerful Navy, and rapidly growing air force with which to meet the German menace. Obviously there are manifest difficulties in the way of any really substantial invasion of Britain. Possessed of command of the sea, against a German navy which has suffered considerable attrition, and an Italian navy which has still to show its mettle, it should be possible to hold the shores of the United Kingdom inviolate. As things stand it would seem that the Germans are faced with a task which should be completely beyond their powers, namely to land adequate troops in Britain to deal with the defence which can be offered them by the men already under arms, and those others who are yet to be called to the colours. The transportation of such a force across the sea would necessitate escorts which the Germans do not possess, and as Mr. Churchill says it would be the duty of the British Navy to intercept these forces and destroy them either on the high seas, or at the moment of landing.

More probable is it that the German command will confine itself to continued air-raids over Britain, and possibly the landing of parachute troops, but it is not to be believed that these latter stand much chance of success against the large British forces which have been formed to deal with them. The air-raid will be met by home defence on the one hand, from aircraft and anti-aircraft guns, and on the other by retaliatory raids over enemy territory. The growing British air forces, further strengthened by the taking over of outstanding French contracts with the manufacturers in the United States, give promise that eventual air superiority in numbers will be obtained, and that whatever the Germans succeed in doing to Britain will be returned equally and even more. It will be a grim and bitter business, but it will have to be gone through to the end, for it is only now by the sternnest resistance that the present disaster can be transformed into that victory which alone will restore liberty to Europe. For those who are inclined to despair the encouraging words of Mr. Churchill towards the end of his speech need to be recalled:

> During the first of the four years of the last war, as Mr. Lloyd George will remember, the Allies experienced nothing but disaster, and disappointment, and yet at the end their morale was higher than that of the Germans who had moved from one aggressive triumph to another. During that war we repeatedly asked ourselves a question: How are we going to win? and no one was ever able to answer it with precision, until at the end quite suddenly and unexpectedly our terrible foe collapsed before us, and we were so glutted with victory that in our folly we cast it away.

So through the dark days which are at present being encountered, through those which are still to come there must be that readiness to endure even the most grievous blows, striking back with every ounce of power, enforcing the blockade with the completest efficiency, until, as in 1918, the enemy again breaks. Then it will be for statesmanship to make sure that the victory and its fruits shall be permanent, and that never again shall a similar peril be possible.

## "Thrice Armed . . . ."

Mr. Winston Churchill made it quite clear to the British public that the country may expect shortly to feel the weight of the German air force, and he emphasized that the Nazis will by no means have things their own way. As he was speaking he must have knowledge of the devastating series of air raids which had been carried out by the R.A.F. over Germany the night before. Gelsenkirchen, Homburg, Wanne, Eickel, Essen, Dollbergen, Hamburg, Aachen, Duisberg, Rheydt, Cologne, and Coblenz had been visited by British bombers in the most powerful series of raids over Germany since the beginning of the war. All of these cities are either important oil storage centres, railway junctions, or munitions manufactories, and the damage done seems to have been enormous. While crowds in Munich cheerd two dictators posing on the balcony of Hitler's residence, British planes were delivering their answer to the German hope that by giving France an almost fatal blow, the war had been won. Better than any "bomphlets," the bombs announced that the war, far from being won, was about to enter its most difficult stage and that the Nazis have a long and arduous way to go before they can say that Hitler's dream of European hegemony has been realized. Most encouraging is the aggressiveness of the British move. Hitherto the spectator at this distance from the fighting has received the unfortunate impression that the Allies have, to use a boxing term, been "counter-punching"—on the defensive, and never on the attack. In these raids, however, the British, to continue the metaphor, have "beaten the Nazis to it." They, expecting momentarily Nazi attempts to dislocate Britain's industrial and defence systems by mass raids, have struck first. The Nazis have been given a taste of the medicine they had hoped to administer to the British public. It is too much to hope that the Allies have taken the initiative in the air, since the relative strengths of the air forces of Germany and Britain do not at present permit of any such boast. But the Nazis now know that the British, with righteousness on their side, are not prepared to let justice win in its own time and without very energetic assistance. They believed in the old and by now somewhat hackneyed adage:

> Thrice armed is he who knows his cause is just,
> But four times he who gets his blow in "fust."

## History Recalled

While this journal regarded Marshal Petain's action in connection with the reported request for an armistice, as merely seeking information, and by no means capitulating, a view which appears to be justified, the situation is still obscure because of a conflict between the various despatches. According to the Deutsche Nachrichten Bureau the dictators have agreed upon an armistice with France, while a communiqué issued on Tuesday in Bordeaux states that no armistice or suspension of hostilities have taken place, and that negotiations are only being considered, and have not yet begun. The dictators have had their meeting and have reached decisions which up to the time of writing had not been received in Shanghai. Naturally there is much speculation as to what their demands will be, and if the forecasts which have appeared in the enemy press are correct they will amount to a complete spoliation of the French empire, and the confiscation of her colonial possessions. If indeed such are to be the Axis' demands France may be confidently expected to continue the struggle, for peace on any such terms would amount to an unconditional surrender carrying with it every dishonour, which it is quite likely Germany in her war of revenge would seek to impose. On the other hand a suggestion is made that the Axis will announce that it will only deal with the Allies *en bloc*. This would seem to be the more cunning move, for, if the enemy seeks to impose such terms upon France as have been suggested, it will only serve to confirm the British Empire in its determination to continue the struggle. Similar terms it would never accept, but would rather go down fighting. Thus they may think that to observe reticence with regard to ultimate peace terms may serve them by giving them an opportunity to spread the impression that after all they might not be so severe, which in its turn would undoubtedly impress the defeatists, and lead them to support the demand for an early peace. Then when the Allied had made the first move, and perhaps after it was too late to retrace steps, the Axis could come out in its true colours and make the demands which are undoubtedly in the minds of their leaders. The story told of the negotiations which led to the Treaty of Bucharest, when a German negotiator replied to a protest concerning the stiffness of the terms imposed, was "You think these stiff: they are nothing compared with what will be demanded of England and France" needs to be remembered when seeking to estimate what the German demands will be upon France, or the Allies combined in the event of a German victory.

## Latest Golf Alibi

Some naturalists who profess to see in the very distant future the total extinction of animal life and the survival throughout the world of the insects alone will probably seek to find some justification for the view in the story given below, which appeared in a recent issue of the "Japan Times."

> One more "alibi" is offered for losing a golf match. Those who made non-winning scores at the tourney between the Y.C.A.C. and the Negishi golfers came in with breath-taking stories of being attacked by butterflies. There was a plague of the beauties on the golf courses on Sunday, and they were drawn to the restless white balls in their search for the right flowers. Just as shots were about to be taken, along fluttered drunken butterflies to put the players off. They (the insects) had to be shooed away. One Yokohama man solemnly affirmed that he was followed around from tee to tee by the same beautiful insect. The thing put him off his game. He couldn't stand up to the butterfly attack. Some players were immune, others were pursued until it looked as if there was a butterfly conspiracy. Visitors were somewhat perturbed at not being warned about the plague in advance, so they could carry around posies of buttercups to distract the butterflies.

Most people acquainted with one or two disciples of the Izaak Walton will recall vivid stories of the much bigger one which got away, or the various excuses given why an empty-handed angler returns after hours of fishing to tell why his time has been spent so fruitlessly. Golfers may be off their form, may pull or slice, or get into rough country by reasons of high winds, and indeed show an ingenuity in making excuses which easily rivals the fisherman. A man who doesn't play the game will listen to such talk for hour after hour of boredom. The devotee of the game, however, will listen with interest knowing that he is learning just another prevarication which is consequently barred so far as he is concerned for all time, but for players to allege that they were put off their game by fluttering drunken butterflies is just about the richest story the game has ever produced. Indeed it looks as though the originators of the fable must have played another round after an enthusiastic session at the nineteenth hole.

## ALONG THE HIGHWAYS

June 17.—Yesterday we strolled into the French Park on Route Voyron. We paid our ten cents at the entrance and as "Tommy" insisted that the most imporant things to see were the lions and tiger, we visited these first of all. The five cents extra we had to pay to get into the Zoological section were well spent as we thoroughly enjoyed ourselves and it would appear that the animals were also happy. The tiger was so lazy that he was trying to catch a fly whilst lying on his back. The lions are in fine condition: it is surely not cruelty to keep animals in such a condition. We have often seen less fortunate animals in captivity. Two albino peacocks were proudly displaying themselves, their mates did not appear to be taking much notice of them however. We would like to have seen more space for a few of the monkeys, but we think that we understand why the authorities had placed one or two in cramped quarters. The rabbits and guinea pigs looked a little "washed out" after the rain, but the rest of the birds and animals were quite contented. We strolled through the park and enjoyed the shade afforded by the beautiful plane trees: we enjoyed the large flower beds full of pansies and those planted with hundreds of geraniums, they are going to make a most effective display in a week or so; masses of geraniums were always popular. We noticed a bed of our special favourite summer-flowering plant *Plumbago capensis*, the flowers had been damaged by the rain, but they will soon recover. This plant produces masses of azure-blue flowers not unlike those of the phlox, it grows in full sunshine and blooms until the Autumn: What more could we expect of a plant? We saw many groups of the coral bush *Erythrina Crista-galli* showing flowers and promising a fine display in a few days and many other plants and shrubs, all looking healthy and strong. We could have stayed in such interesting surroundings for hours, but "Tommy" heard the lion roaring and we spent another five cents to see it fed.—W.J.K.

## CONGRESS AND MOSLEMS

### Impartial Rule in the United Provinces

The achievements and the weaknesses of the Congress régime in the United Provinces, of which he was Governor until a month after the Ministry resigned late last year, were discussed by Sir Harry Haig at a meeting in London recently of the East India Association.

The Congress, he said, brought into the administration of the province the virtues and also the defects of the democratic system. "Conspicuous among the virtues were a rapid response to public grievances, a new spirit of enterprise and drive, and a courage to experiment and to take measures from which Governments under the previous Constitution would have shrunk. These qualities were due on the one hand to the close touch of the members of the Legislature with their constituencies, and on the other hand to the support of a large and disciplined Parliamentary majority on which the Ministers could depend.

"With regard to this majority, however, there was one serious difficulty. While the Congress party presented a united front to their opponents, they suffered from the beginning from internal dissensions. The Left Wing were not, I should judge, very numerous, but they were vigorous and persistent in their demands for action which was unwise. Their influence seemed to me to be a constant embarrassment, and in the conduct of the Administration it might almost be said that the Congress had as much to fear from their friends as from their enemies.

"A factor which greatly strengthened the position of the Congress was that for the most part they monopolized the machinery of popular appeal, and if they did not choose to set it in motion or used it positively to maintain tranquility the country was quiet, and to a large extent measures went uncriticized.

### Exception to Generalization

"I should explain, however, that there was one conspicuous exception to this generalization. The Moslems, divided among themselves and uncertain of their policy at the time of the general election, rapidly achieved unity when they realized that the Congress did not intend to treat with them on equal terms and were endeavouring to force them into the ranks of the Congress. Thereafter the organization of the Moslem League quickly became wide-spread, vigorous and formidable, and the activities of the Moslems constituted far the most serious of the embarrassments and anxieties of the Congress Government.

"In dealing with questions raising communal issues the Ministers, in my judgment, normally acted with impartiality and a desire to do what was fair. Indeed, towards the end of their time they were being seriously criticized by the Hindu Mahasabha on the ground that they were not being fair to the Hindus, though there was in fact no justification for such a criticism.

"Why, then, it may be asked, did the existence of the Congress Ministry provoke such strong feeling among the Moslems? The cause was to be found in the general atmosphere in the province. While the Congress leaders have always claimed that their organization is nationalist and non-communal, the overwhelming majority of their followers are Hindus, and the movement is permeated with Hindu ideas and Hindu influence. The enthusiasm of the masses for Congress Raj melted imperceptibly into ideas of Hindu Raj, which were certainly prevalent throughout the province. These ideas were deeply resented by the Moslems, who were invincibly determined not to be ruled by the Hindus."

Summing up, Sir Harry said the experiment of introducing full democratic institutions among a people who still instinctively thought in auhoritharian terms had been launched with a success beyond expectation.

## IN PARENTHESIS

### Marvellous

THE elderly lady gushed: "Professor, you must share my joy—yesterday I became a grandmother."

He, being the traditional absent-minded professor, replied: "My heartiest congratulations ....and on your feet again today! What a marvellous constitution!"

* * *

### Old Fashioned

AN old farmer, who had been tortured by a nagging tooth, decided to go to town and have the offending molar extracted. When he was seated in the chair, the dentist enquired: "Will you have gas?"

"Noa," replied the old man. "I don't think so. Ye see, we doan't go in for gas in our village. Ye'd better give me paraffin!"

* * *

### Lost Utensils

A RECRUIT reported sick and complained to the Medical Officer that he couldn't eat. The M.O. first inspected his teeth and tongue, then his throat and tonsils. Finding nothing wrong, he prodded the lad in the stomach and back and asked him if he had any pain at all.

"No, sir," said the recruit.

"Well, I can't find anything wrong," replied the M.O. "How do you feel yourself?"

"Oh, fine, sir."

"Well, why on earth can't you eat?"

"I've lost my knife and fork."

* * *

### Cheek Turned

AN old farmer caught one of his men stealing wheat, and dismissed him at once.

The vicar heard of the matter, and called on the farmer to plead for another chance to be given to the offender. At the end of an eloquent appeal on the man's behalf, he said: "Remember that we are told in the Scriptures 'If a man smites thee on one cheek, turn him the other also.'"

The old farmer snorted. "That's just what I did," he replied firmly. "He stole my wheat, so I gave him the sack."

* * *

### Howlers

Goitre is a kind of banjo, only harder to play.

Lions live on the boarders of the desert.

"Divers diseases" probably means water on the brain.

A bibulous man is one who quotes freely from the Scriptures.

An ibex is the back of a book where you look for things you can't find.

THESE "howlers" were taken from an American paper:

A lawsuit is the uniform worn by a policeman.

# R.A.F. Takes War Into Enemy Territory

### Havoc Left in Trail of Widespread Bombing Raids Over German Industrial and Supply Centres; Many Oil Installations Ablaze

London, June 19.

CARRYING the war into Germany in a big way, British aircraft on Monday night wreaked havoc on military objectives, especially oil installations and tanks, in one of the most widespread raids on German territory since the start of the war.

In a detailed bulletin, the Air Ministry says that military objectives were attacked at Gelsenkirchen, Homburg, Wanne, Eickel, Essen, Dollbergen, Hamburg, Aachen, Duisberg, Rheydt, Cologne and Coblenz.

Strong forces of aircraft, the bulletin continues, made a series of attacks on the oil storage centres of Gelsenkirchen, Homburg, Wanne and Eickel, and many fires were started among Homburg oil-tanks, culminating in a great conflagration.

Two fuel installations at Gelsenkirchen are claimed to have been repeatedly hit, oil-tanks set alight, and buildings railway lines and a junction demolished.

Fires are also said to have been started at Wanne and Eickel.

**Oil Storage Plants Fired**

Large oil storage plants at Dollbergen and Hamburg were also attacked, and the flames of fires started at Dollbergen were visible 35 miles away. A great blaze was also started at Hamburg, where one of the largest oil storage plants in north-west Germany is said to have been hit, and a particularly violent explosion occurred.

Other formations of night raiders attacked marshalling yards and busy railway junctions from Hamm, in the north, to Aachen, in the west, and along the Rhine from Duisberg to Coblenz.

**Repeated Hits Scored**

A big fire, the Air Ministry says, was started in the midst of a crowded marshalling yard at Hamm. Goods yards at Aachen, Rheydt and Cologne were repeatedly hit, and at Coblenz and Essen main-line tracks as well as marshalling yards were hit.

A series of fires were caused in the centre of the main marshalling yard at Duisberg.

Three aerodromes in Germany where night-flying was in progress, were also bombed.

Large fires were started among aerodrome buildings near Barmen, while hangars and buildings at Schipol aerodrome, in Amsterdam, were hit and an enemy aircraft was machine-gunned and sent headlong to the ground.

The communique says the British aircraft are missing.—Reuter.

## B.E.F. Slips Back Into England

### Ample Warning Received Of French Capitulation; Canadians for Iceland

London, June 19.

With ample warning of the imminence of the French decision to lay down their arms, the British Expeditionary Force was able to withdraw much of its air and land forces from France at top speed yesterday.

I crossed to England from France with a convoy of British troops and airmen yesterday. Similar convoys have been crossing the Channel in an unceasing stream since the French capitulation.

By means of continual relays of ships, the British have been able to transport to safety many thousands of men, including thousands of Canadians and a great deal of their equipment and war material.

The Royal Air Force, meanwhile, fought to the very last, dive bombing German concentrations and machine gunning German troops, according to reports. One air gunner told me the R.A.F. operated with "extraordinary force" during the last few hours before they flew their planes back to England. "Enormous casualties" were inflicted on the German troops, the report said.—United Press.

**Canadians Land In Iceland**

Ottawa, June 19.

The Prime Minister, Mr. W. L. Mackenzie King, announced in the Canadian House of Commons last evening that the first contingent of the Canadian Expeditionary Force had landed in Iceland.

He also announced that Canada was extending its military and defensive powers over French possessions in the Western hemisphere.—Reuter.

**Compulsory Service Plan**

Ottawa, June 19.

A Bill authorizing the mobilization of all human and material resources in Canada for the prosecution of the war will be introduced in Parliament immediately, announced the Prime Minister, Mr. W. L. Mackenzie King, in the House of Commons last night.

Compulsory service, he said, would apply only to service in Canada. Recruitment for service overseas would continue voluntarily.

National registration of Canadian manpower will be made immediately, and a department of national service, under a minister, will be installed to direct the mobilization of individuals and groups for war services.

Mr. Mackenzie King reminded the House that Canadian troops had been sent to the West Indies to relieve the British garrison there, and revealed that other Canadian troops were now also stationed in Newfoundland.

He explained that the conscription measure would empower the Government to draft the resources and wealth necessary for the prosecution of the war, thereby putting beyond question Canada's effort to the full limit of her resources.—Reuter.

**Canadian Pilots Going Overseas**

Ottawa, June 19.

The first pilots graduating from the Empire air training scheme were proceeding overseas immediately, announced Mr. Duncan, Acting Deputy Minister of Defence, in a speech last night.

Thousands of young men, he added, were being called up for service with the air force.—Reuter.

## *Duesseldorf Police Chief Killed*

Berlin, June 19.

The German news agency announces that Herr Weitzel, chief of the Duesseldorf police and a high leader of the S.S. was killed by bomb splinter in a R.A.F. night raid on the city.—Reuter.

**R.A.F. Strikes**

*England's air arm stretched far and wide over Germany yesterday, when the R.A.F. launched concentrated raids on industrial centres and oil and supply depots. Before the British 'planes turned back for home, they had scored repeated hits on important military targets and the sky for miles around Hamburg, Homburg, Essen, Duisburg, Rheidt, Coblenz, Cologne, Aachen and other cities was lurid with the flames of blazing oil dumps and surrounding buildings. The above map shows some of the Reich districts visited by the R.A.F. in an attack of unprecedented fury.*

**Three Bombers Shot Down**

London, June 19.

The Ministry of Air announces that "last night, R.A.F. fighters shot down two enemy bombers over the north-east coast of France."

Three Spitfires met three Junkers 88 dive-bombers between Boulogne and Le Touquet, it is stated, whereupon each Spitfire immediately took one Junker.

One was seen to crash into the sea, another dived into a cloud with flames pouring from its starboard motor, while the rear guns of the

(Continued on page 8, col. 3)

## Italian Column Put To Rout By British

### Many Killed and Some Prisoners Taken

Cairo, June 19.

It is officially stated that an Italian transport column escorted by light tanks was routed by a British armoured unit on Monday. It is believed between 20 and 30 Italians were killed. Some prisoners were taken. There were no British casualties.

It was estimated the Italian column included four guns, and 300 infantrymen in vehicles. Superior armament of the British tanks, it is stated, so demoralized the enemy that some troops jumped from the tanks, with disastrous results.

It is officially stated that lack of results by the Italians in the action was due to the deterrent effect of anti-aircraft batteries of the Egyptian Army.—Reuter.

## Mr. Churchill's Speech Broadcast in Moscow

Melbourne, June 19.

The speech delivered in London yesterday by Mr. Winston Churchill, the British Prime Minister, was broadcast in full by Moscow Radio, the British Radio service here announced today. The broadcast took the place of the usual Russian news transmission. It was the first time that the speech of a British public official was broadcast from Moscow.—Havas.

## Changes in British Cabinet Foreseen

London, June 19.

Changes in the Government were believed imminent here yesterday as the British prepared for an invasion by Germany as a result of the French capitulation. It was understood that Mr. David Lloyd George, wartime Premier and Liberal, will be invited to take an important post.—United Press.

# U.S. Navy to Increase by 70 Per Cent

### Stark Recommendation Approved by Committee Without Dissent

Washington, June 19.

The House Naval Affairs Committee late yesterday unanimously approved the recommendation of Admiral Harold R. Stark, Chief of Naval Operations, to increase the strength of the United States Fleet by seventy per cent.

The measure would bring the total number of ships in the American Navy to 738 and would mean the addition of about 200 ships to the Fleet now built or building.

Construction of the 200 new ships would be completed in the next five to seven years at a cost of $4,000,000,000. They would give the United States a Two Ocean Navy larger than the combined British and Japanese fleets of today.

The House Naval Affairs Committee aproved the measure by the unanimous vote of 17 to 0.

**Compulsory Training Studied**

Meanwhile, President Roosevelt told the press that he was studying a plan for univerial government service on a compulsory basis for young American men and women of all classes.

Mr. Roosevelt said that he may send a letter to Congress on the plan within the next six weeks. He said service envisaged by the plan would be military only in its broadest terms. He said the plan probably would provide a year's compulsory service for all young Americans.

The United States Army has created two streamlined infantry divisions to bolster the defence of the Atlantic and Pacific coasts. One of the new divisions, the Seventh Division, will be stationed in California and the other, the Eighth Division, will be stationed at Camp Jackson, South Carolina.

**Huge Armada Planned**

Admiral Stark urged the House Naval Affairs Committee to increase the strength of the American Navy by seventy per cent. when he testified before the committee here yesterday.

Such an increase would give the United States the largest navy in the world, exceeding even the combined fleets of Britain and Japan, Admiral Stark declared. He said such an armada was necessary in view of present world conditions and was imperative for the defence of the Western Hemisphere and the Monroe Doctrine.

Admiral Stark's recommendation was made as the House Naval Affairs Committee considered the Vinson Naval Bill calling for a 23 per cent. increase in the Navy's fighting tonnage. Admiral Stark's 70 per cent. increase included authorizations in the Vinson Bill.

The Vinson Bill would add 84 new warships to the United States Fleet, giving America its greatest naval strength in peacetime history.

**Secret Hearing Held**

Before making his plea to the committee, Admiral Stark testified secretly for two hours. Some circles believed the group might have discussed the possible surrender of the French Fleet to Germany and the implications of such a move.

Meanwhile, the Senate continued consideration of President Roosevelt's National Defence Bill, spurred on by the capitulation of France to the German and Italian armies.

The Senate rejected an amendment to the bill terminating Treasury purchases of foreign silver by a vote of 45 to 35. The vote was tantamount to a rejection of the Senate's action last month when it voted to repeal the section of the Silver Act authorizing the acquisition of foreign silver.

The President, on Monday, signed a bill increasing the Navy's tonnage by 11 per cent. Mr. Roosevelt also approves the 23 per cent. increase of the Vinson Bill.

The House of Representatives on Monday unanimously approved a bill increasing the authorized strength of the U.S. Army to 400,000 men. This increase virtually tripled the size of the Army as compared with enlistments in 1939. The bill would give the nation its largest land force since 1919.—United Press.

**Harbin Urged For Allies**

New York, June 19.

That the United States "throw open all her ports to the British and French navies and merchant marines for repairs, refuelling and other services" was advocated in a radio broadcast yesterday evening by Colonel Henry Stimson, Secretary of State in the Hoover Administration.

Colonel Stimson expressed the opinion that air attacks against British naval bases might force the British fleet out of the Atlantic.

"On the other hand," he added, "assured of our supplies and the use of our bases, it could in all probability continue to command that ocean and our own fleet could devote itself to holding the Pacific."

(Continued on page 8, col. 1)

## Nazi Plot to Seize Uruguay Unearthed By Committee in Sensational Inquiry

### Group of 150 Motorcyclists Designated as Shock Troops in Planned Attack on Government

Montevideo, June 19.

While the Uruguayan Ministry of Defence today urged all men of military age to volunteer for army service before June 25, the Chamber of Deputies today unearthed a sensational "German plot" purporting to seize control of the entire Government.

The Defence Ministry's proclamation calling for army volunteers was issued only a short while after the announcement of the Nazi plot. It also urged all women to join auxiliary services.

The Chamber of Deputies' Nazi Investigating Committee claimed today that secret Nazi political and military organizations had been discovered throughout Uruguay.

The Committee's sensational report disclosed that Nazi political organizations were formed in blocs of "cells."

More than 150 German motorcyclists were discovered in this country, and the Committee reported that these persons had been designated as "shock troops" in a future attack on the Government.

Nazi political heads in Uruguay planned to occupy the Republic with an active army and a reserve army, "bribing peasants to join their forces," the committee revealed.

The German Legation, it was charged, had actively participated in a journalistic campaign in favour of Nazi infiltration.

The Chamber of Deputies' Committee, after submitting its report, urged that "punishment be meted out for these crimes against the nation, both collectively and individually."

The investigation of Nazi activities in Uruguay has been going on in the Chamber of Deputies for several days, and today's report marked the climax of the anti-Nazi inquiry, according to political observers.

Yesterday the secretary of the anti-Nazi Committee told the Chamber that "high Nazi leaders in Uruguay have already testified they had planned a subversive anti-government movement."

Herr Rudolf Patz, head of a German school near Montevideo, who, according to police, headed a secret organization of Nazi cells throughout the country, was among those questioned by Government officials, it was disclosed.—United Press.

**What Britain is Guarding Against**

*While Britain still commands the seas, the Nazi hope of invading the islands is centred on parachute troops and troops landing from special transport planes. The picture shows a group of German parachutists who played havoc in Holland. They have landed by the parachutes, which they have discarded, assembled their machine-gun, and are bolting for the cover of the railway embankment.*

# German Armistice Conditions Delivered to France

### Terms Will Be Discussed After Hitler Has Named Time and Place for Meeting with Delegates

Bordeaux, June 19.

THE French Government late last night received a joint communication from Germany and Italy which said that Chancellor Adolf Hitler would be willing to discuss an armistice with France as soon as the French will have named their plenipotentiaries, the official communique said today.

The Reich informed the Government that Chancellor Hitler would name the time and place where the plenipotentiaries will be received.

The French have already named their plenipotentiaries but their names have not yet been revealed.

The Council of Ministers met at 9 a.m. today under the presidency of M. Albert Lebrun, the President, to examine the Reich's communication which was handed to the French Government by the Spanish Ambassador.—United Press.

**Terms Said Severe**

Berlin, June 19.

As Premier Benito Mussolini and Chancellor Adolf Hitler conferred at Munich last night on the peace terms to be offered France, the German press warned the French that the terms would be severe.

"The settlement will certainly be made without those unbridled outrages of hysterical hatred at Versailles resulting from the inferiority complexes of the victors," the "Nachtausgabe" declared. "Just as surely, however, it will be made without any sentimentality and without any consideration for silly personal feelings wherever they may come from—inside or outside."

The "Am Mitag" declared, "Let no one—least of all in France—be deceived about the fact that it is now France itself which must take the consequences. Particularly, let no one in France deceive himself about the fact that it is at this very moment in particular that the German people must think how 21 years ago, after long years of heroic, honourable struggle, the same men who are now leading France sought to rob the German people and its fighters, both living and dead of their honour wherever they could."

**Germans Silent**

Authorized quarters today refused either to confirm or deny the "Popolo di Roma's" alleged peace terms.

"It would be extremely impolite and inconsiderate to publish the terms or confirm reported terms of armistice before they have been definitely presented to the French leaders," they said.

This statement was considered as a rap on the knuckles of the "Popolo di Roma" and a hint that the French had not yet received the decisions reached by Chancellor Adolf Hitler and Premier Benito Mussolini.—United Press.

**France Discussed Reply**

London, June 19.

The French Cabinet met at 9 o'clock to discuss the German reply to the French request for an armistice, the French radio states.

The Cabinet appointed plenipotentiaries for armistice negotiations, the French radio announced at 11.30 o'clock, but the French Army is continuing to resist.—Reuter.

**Terms Said "Draconian"**

New York, June 19.

The peace terms of the Axis were transmitted last night to M. Lequerica, the Spanish Ambassador to France, who is still with the French Government in Bordeaux, according to reliable reports quoted by the correspondent of the "New York Times" in Madrid.

The terms are stated to be very severe. The correspondent says the terms are "Draconian," including the surrender of the French fleet.

The correspondent adds that according to information in Madrid, nearly all French naval units left French ports yesterday.

French aeroplanes have been reported in the Spanish press to have been sighted on the way to Africa, to avoid falling into German hands.—Reuter.

**Spain, Holy See Intervene**

Bordeaux, June 18.

Spain and the Holy See are acting as intermediaries between France and Germany and France and Italy respectively, it was revealed here this evening.

Premier Marshal Philippe Petain's service in Madrid as first French Ambassador to Spain, prior to his return to France to enter the Reynaud Cabinet, rendered possible neutral Spain's good offices between France and Germany, it was stated.

Informed quarters emphasized that neither Spain nor the Holy See act as mediators. It must be noted, however, they said, that Pope Pius XII has declared his readiness to "intervene at the right moment for a Christian and just peace."

(Continued on page 8, col. 2)

## French Asked to Join British

### Appeal Broadcast by Gen. de Gaulle to Escaped Officers and Soldiers

London, June 19.

Stating that "whatever happens, the flame of French resistance must not and shall not be extinguished," General de Gaulle, who was chief of the military cabinet in the War Office in M. Reynaud's Government, has broadcast an appeal to all French officers and men on British soil, or who could get there, and also engineers and skilled workmen, to communicate with him.

"Generals who for many years have commanded French armies," declares General de Gaulle, "have formed a government, and alleging that our armies have been defeated have opened negotiations with the enemy to end the fighting.

"We certainly have been and are submerged by German strength on land and in the air. But has the last word been said? Has all hope disappeared, and is it final?"

"No," replied General de Gaulle. "I speak with knowledge when I say that France is not lost. She is not alone. She has a vast empire beside her. She can unite with the British Empire, which holds the sea and is continuing the struggle."—Reuter.

**French Not Shattered**

Bordeaux, June 19.

The French Army is not yet routed in confusion either morally or materially, a United Press correspondent found in a tour of the Saone River region yesterday.

For 24 hours he milled along the roads leading into the Saone region, where the Germans had already arrived. At first he moved against the tide of evacuating traffic and later moved in its midst on the way back to Bordeaux.

His impression is that the French Army is not demoralized. On the other hand, the civilians in the regions visited, who had not yet known serious bombings or shelling showed equanimity, despite heavy hearts, and were making no plans to flee.

It is useless to suggest that the French Army at present could combat the invaders successfully, but it would be equally erroneous to suppose that an ignominious or shattered retreat had occurred.—United Press.

**Urged to Continue Fighting**

London, June 19.

In a broadcast statement last night, the French High Command ordered French troops to continue their resistance.

Warning that "enemy columns are advancing under the cover of the white flag to achieve advances without fighting," the statement reminded all French and British combatants on land, sea and air that no armistice was yet in force, and that arms had not been laid down.

"Only negotiations, which have not yet begun, are being contemplated," the statement adds, "and it is, therefore, the duty of all to continue resistance."—Reuter.

**Four Armies Continuing**

Bordeaux, June 19.

Four French armies are continuing to oppose the enemy, a Havas correspondent at the front reported today.

These armies, however, are isolated from each other and large gaps are between them.

The French soldiers are extremely tired but are continuing to fight courageously despite their critical position.

The French armies are situated as follows from West to East: the army in the lower Seine region, fighting behind the Evreux region and now engaged in the Avranches Heights. To its right, the German forces are pressing Southward toward Angers. Further East, a second French army is fighting along the Loire in the regions of Blois, Orleans and Charite-sur-Loire. The Germans are suffering heavy losses there but are continuing their attempts to cross the river.

(Continued on page 8, col. 6)

## *Tientsin Blockade To Be Lifted*

FROM PERCY WHITEING
*NCDN Special Correspondent in Japan*

Tokyo, June 19.

It was confirmed here today that the British and French Ambassadors had signed an agreement on the Tientsin silver question with Mr. Hachiro Arita, Foreign Minister. A communique will be issued tomorrow morning.

I understand that the Tientsin blockade will be lifted at six tomorrow evening. Mr. Arita protested against the alleged shipment of arms from Indo-China to Chungking. It is believed that this will be a final warning.

## Indo-China Status Worries Japan

### Mr. Hachiro Arita Reports To Cabinet; Japan Wants To Halt Munitions Supply

Tokyo, June 19.

Deep concern is being felt in official quarters here over the future status of French Indo-China, especially in view of the pending settlement of the China Incident and the realization of stability in East Asia.

High officials of the Japanese Foreign Office yesterday afternoon convened an important meeting to study the problem while Mr. Hachiro Arita, Foreign Minister, discussed the subject with his colleagues at yesterday afternoon's regular Cabinet meeting and at the subsequent meeting of the "Inner Cabinet."

Mr. Arita, according to sources close to the Government, reported in detail on the sudden change in the international situation brought about by France's request for peace terms.

It was reported that Mr. Arita impressed upon his colleagues the necessity of studying measures that Japan might take to cope with any situation that might arise.

Authoritative sources declared that the Government holds that the question of French colonial possessions depends solely upon the conditions of peace which will be proposed by the Reich.

Japan is deeply concerned over the future status of French Indo-China and though it is not thought possible that Germany will attempt to put French Indo-China under her rule, Japan cannot yet preclude the possibility.—Domei.

**Japan Concerned**

Tokyo, June 19.

Japan, as the "stabilizing power in the Far East", cannot but feel concern over the future status of Indo-China, as a result of the French request for peace terms Mr. Yakichiro Suma, the Foreign Office spokesman said here today.

Aside from the important tin, rice and coal supplies Japan imports from the French colony, the Japanese Government is at present also interested in halting the shipment of war materials to the interior of China from Indo-China, Mr. Suma pointed out.

Mr. Suma declined to comment on a Japanese press report that the

(Continued on page 8, col. 4)

# "Good and Reasonable Hopes Of Final Victory"

### Mr. Churchill Stresses Britain's Resolve to Fight On; Country's Strength Increases

London, June 19.

"GREAT Britain and the British Empire will fight on, if necessary for years, if necessary alone," declared Mr. Winston Churchill, the Prime Minister, amid cheers in the House of Commons yesterday, when he gave a detailed account of the spectacular, events of the last few days. Proclaiming the Empire's determination to continue the struggle, he revealed that the Dominions were ready to take their share in the fight until victory was won.

After stating that about 350,000 British soldiers, or seven-eighths of all troops sent to France, had been safely evacuated, with large quantities of equipment, Mr. Churchill dealt at great length with the Government's effort to prepare Britain for a possible German invasion.

At present, 1,250,000 men under arms in the country, apart from 500,000 local defence volunteers; but this force would be strengthened from week to week, he said. Units from the Dominions were also taking part in the defence of the Mother Country.

The Prime Minister then explained the difficulties an invading German army would have to face. In view of Britain's strong home defences, an expeditionary force had to be of a large size, protected by a powerful escort of naval vessels. Here, he reminded people who seemed to forget this fact: "After all, we have a Navy." It was the duty of the Navy to destroy any large seaborne expedition before or at the moment it reached the shores of Britain. Extensive minefields had been laid around the country, and the Admiralty was working to counter-act any new weapons the Germans might invent.

**Hopes for Final Victory**

Speaking of air-power, Mr. Churchill asserted that, although inferior in numbers to the German, the British Air Force was a powerful instrument, and its crews and machines had proved their qualitative superiority in many engagements during the war.

Despite German successes in Holland, Belgium and France, all professional advisors to the Government agreed that Great Britain should continue the struggle, and that there were good and reasonable hopes of a final victory. The Prime Minister deprecated criticisms of former British Governments.

He declared: "Events which happened in France during the last fortnight have not come to me, in any sense, as a surprise. Indeed, I indicated a fortnight ago, as clearly as I could, that the worst possibilities were opened, and I made perfectly clear then that whatever happened to France would make no difference to the resolve of Great Britain and the British Empire to fight on, if necessary for years, if necessary alone (Cheers).

"During the last few days, we successfully brought off the great majority of troops that we had on lines of communication in France—scores of thousands—and seven-eighths of all troops that we have sent to France since the beginning of the war, that is about 350,000 of 400,000 men, are safely back in this country (cheers), the others are still fighting with the French, with considerable success in local encounters. We have also brought back a great mass of stores, rifles and munitions of all kinds, which have been accumulated in France during the last nine months. We have, therefore, in this island today a very large and powerful military force. This includes all of our best-trained, finest troops, including scores of thousands of those who have already used their qualities against the Germans and found themselves at no disadvantage (cheers).

**1,250,000 Under Arms**

"We have under arms at present in this island over 1,250,000 men. Behind these, we have local defence volunteers numbering 500,000, only a portion of whom is yet armed with rifles and and other fire-arms.

"We have incorporated into our defence force every man for whom we have a weapon. We expect very large additions to our weapons in the near future, and we intend to call up, drill and train large numbers at once. Those who are not called up or who are employed upon the vast business of munitions production, in all its branches, will serve their country best by remaining at their ordinary work until they are required.

"We also have Dominion armies here ('hear, hear'). Canadians had actually landed in France, but have now been safely withdrawn, much disappointed but in perfect order, with all their artillery intact. Those forces from the Dominions will now take part in the defence of the Mother Country.

"Lest the account I have given of these very large force should raise the question why they did not take part in the great battle of France,

(Continued on page 12, col. 1)

## All French Towns With 20,000 Inhabitants, Open Cities

### Fleeing Refugees Ordered to Return to Homes; Officials Threatened With Dismissal

Bordeaux, June 19.

All French towns with a population of over 20,000 have been declared open cities, Home Minister Charles Pomaret announced in a radio broadcast yesterday evening.

He appealed to the French people to remain in their homes even if threatened by enemy invasion.

All civil servants have been instructed to remain at their posts under penalty of immediate dismissal.

"On behalf of the Government," M. Pomaret said, "I order all French civilians, men, women and children, to remain where they are now. The enormous and tragic exodus taking millions of men and women from the North to the South of the country should not go on. It must be stopped.

"The Government has decided that all towns with more than 20,000 inhabitants will be declared open cities and will therefore be sheltered from bombs and battles."

"I wish to inform all officials that if they leave their residences they will immediately be dismissed from their posts regardless of their rank," the Home Minister added. "I know, being one of them, that they will obey the orders of the Government of the Republic. In the sad, grave hours which we are living, order is the essential condition of French life. In this hour, as I speak to you, the army is still fighting. Behind it, there must be calm, order, and discipline. France wants to live! France will live!"—Havas.

**Refugees Enter Switzerland**

Berne, June 19.

The Swiss Army announced today that steps were being taken throughout Switzerland to house and feed the thousands of French refugees now pouring across the French border into this country.

Approximately 1,000 French women and children entered Switzerland Monday and between 500 and 600 French soldiers were disarmed and interned on Swiss territory, the Army announced.

A French Red Cross train, filled with wounded soldiers, entered Switzerland Monday it was disclosed.

According to the Army's announcement, French civilians and soldiers are continuing to cross the Franco-Swiss frontier in increasing numbers.—United Press.

## England Welcomes Churchill's Speech

### Address Applauded in Sections of Press as "Fine and Courageous"

London, June 19.

Members of all parties, on the whole, give a good welcome to Mr. Churchill's statement as being very substantially sound, despite apparent flippancy here and there, says Reuter's Lobby correspondent.

It is agreed that the Prime Minister displayed his usual skill in estimating the mood of the House—its concern for the situation, its unalterable determination to fight on, and its ability still to laugh at his "disclosure" that the Admiralty has been studying sea problems.

Viscount Caldecote, Dominions Secretary and Leader in the House of Lords, made a similar statement to Mr. Churchill's in the House of Lords.

He mentioned the magnificent contribution by the Dominions to British strength, and said the Government had received many messages from each of them.

He confined himself to quoting two—one from New Zealand pledging the Dominion to remain with Britain to the end and to render every possible assistance, and the other from the Prime Minister of the Union of South Africa.

Viscount Caldecote said that "whatever the difficulties and trials ahead, and however long the road to victory may be, we hope to follow it to the end in company with our Commonwealth friends and Allies."—Reuter.

**Reasoned and Moderate**

London, June 19.

Mr. Winston Churchill's speech is applauded in all sections of the British press.

The "Daily Telegraph" says that the spirit of the country will respond with more intense energy, and stern determination.

"We used to speak of soldiers of battle. This will be the people's battle. Only by the discipline, energy, public spirit and commonsense of the whole people will victory be won. We have before us a battle of morale and will-power; our past promises that we shall win it."

The "Daily Express" hails the "fine, courageous speech, with no rhetoric, weighing evenly the chances now that we are alone.

"That is all we want to know," the paper declares. "No man or woman in this country expects more. We are sick of being doped. We would rather face an issue of reasonable hope, that means something, than boasts that are hollow and idle. After reading Mr. Churchill's speech, the mood of the people will be behind their great leader. They will challenge the enemy to come and try it on the English. For they will never yield one blade of grass of this green island."

Says the "Daily Mail:" Mr. Churchill's admirable speech was well reasoned, moderate, and to the point. The people do not want empty rhetoric now."

**"Sober Examination"**

The "Daily Herald" observes: "Cooly surveying the prospects, the Prime Minister gave us reasons for confidently hoping we can beat off an attempted invasion this summer. He based these hopes not on a blind faith of British invincibility, but on a sober examination of facts."

"Mr. Churchill drew up a balance sheet, and found that we are still strategically solvent," declares The "Times." Regarding the Royal Air Force, the paper concludes: "In no department of the war is it more certain every day that successful defence means progress first towards material equality, then superiority and, at last, complete victory."

The "Daily Mail" demands conscription for the entire nation. "British people, alive with eagerness to serve, state they don't want to be asked to work. They want to be ordered to their posts."—Reuter.

**South Africa Decides**

Johannesburg, June 19.

In a broadcast yesterday the Prime Minister, General Jan Smuts, reaffirmed the decision of the Union of South Africa to join other Dominions and stand behind Britain.

"A heavy burden," he added, "will be cast upon the Commonwealth for the defence of North Africa and the Middle East. South Africa will not hesitate to redouble her war effort by the utmost demand upon her manpower, and will wage war to the very end."—Reuter.

**Australia's Labour Pledge**

Melbourne, June 19.

The Federal Labour Party at a Party Conference here yesterday pledged itself "willingly to bear the burdens imposed in the interests of Australia's security and human liberty."

The Conference approved a complete participation in the Empire Air Plan and the re-inforcement of Australia's Force abroad on a voluntary basis, and future participation in Europe as circumstances arise, having regard to the necessity of the defence of Australia.

It also urged government control of Australia's entire resources and a 100 per cent. tax on war profits.—Reuter.

## Belgian Cabinet Moves To South France

Bordeaux, June 19.

Members of the Belgian Cabinet have now moved to the south of France.

They held two meetings yesterday to examine the situation.—Reuter.

# Japanese Killed In Point Road

### Believed to Have Put Up Struggle Against Armed Robber

A Japanese was fatally shot last night in Point Road by a lone gunman as he was walking in the street. Although it was generally believed that it was a case of attempted armed robbery in which the Japanese met his death by putting up strong resistance official quarters were investigating the cause of shooting. No arrests have been made.

The murder occurred shortly before 10 p.m. after the victim, Zensaburo Ishimura, 48, employee of the China Industrial Company in Point Road had left his office, presumably on a homeward journey. While he was walking not far away from his company's offices he was waylaid by a gunman near a rice shop.

The armed stranger rushed up to him, trying to rob him, but the intended Japanese victim would not give in. He resisted, grappling with his adversary whereupon the latter opened fire, shooting him several times before escaping. The blood-stained victim was later rushed to the Foo Min Hospital where he was pronounced dead soon after admission.

# Rumanian Cabinet Said To Have Resigned

### Meeting Held to Discuss New European Position

London, June 19.

The Tatarescu Cabinet has resigned, according to the official Berlin Radio.

M. Tatarescu took office on November 24 last year, succeeding Patriarch Miron Cristea.—Reuter.

**Situation Discussed**

Bucharest, June 19.

The Cabinet met here yesterday morning to discuss the international situation in view of the French capitulation and the Russian occupation of the Baltic states.

The Cabinet decided to "continue defence in the interest of peace in south-east Europe and to continue the national defence programme," it was announced. Thus there will be no change in Rumania's internal and external policies.

Apparently in order to terminate rumours regarding an imminent Government reshuffle along pro-German lines, the Cabinet announced it would meet again soon at Chernovi the Capital of Bokovina Province. It was considered significant that Bokovina is adjacent to Soviet-occupied Poland.—United Press.

Bucharest, June 19.

Rumania's policy has always aimed at the maintenance of peace in South-East Europe, Premier George Tatarescu stressed at a meeting of the Council of Ministers here yesterday evening.

The next meeting of the Council will be held on Saturday during a public rally at Cernauti.—Havas.

# *U.S. Navy to Increase by 70 Per Cent.*

*(Continued from page 7)*

In conclusion, he emphasized that the U.S. Navy and the British and French fleets could work in harmonious co-operation.—Havas.

**Destroyer Sent to Montevideo**

Washington, June 19.

The U.S. Navy yesterday ordered the cruiser Quincy from Rio de Janeiro to Montevideo, it was announced here last night.

The Navy Department gave no details or reason for the order, except that Montevideo has been named as "the next port of call in the friendly visit" of the cruiser in South American waters."—United Press.

**M.T.B. Construction Planned**

The House Naval Affairs Committee, acting upon the suggestion of Admiral Stark, also amended the latest naval expansion bill to permit the Navy to build U.S.$25,000,000 worth of mosquito torpedo boats similar to those recently supplied to the Philippines.

Mr. Melvin J. Maas, Republican Representative of Minnesota and member of the Committee, questioned Admiral Stark closely on whether the Navy had sufficient authority to build such vessels.

He later convinced the Committee members of the necessity of vastly expanding the available forces of this type of vessel. He pointed out the German accomplishments with small torpedo boats in the Norwegian campaign and Channel operations and the results obtained in experiments in Philippines waters.

Admiral Stark said that all facilities for a large scale construction of such mosquito torpedo boats were available. He also revealed that the United States Navy had been experimenting successfully with small torpedo boats in recent months.

**Says U.S. Should Keep Out**

New York, June 19.

The United States can best serve the cause of Democracy by keeping out of the European war, Mr. Wendel Willkie, Republican presidential aspirant, said last night in an address here.—United Press.

**Neutrality Repeal Urged**

Washington, Jun e19.

Mr. Henry Stimson, a former Secretary of State, in a broadcast on the importance of the British Fleet to the safety of the United States, urged Americans to take immediate and concrete steps to preserve British sea-power, which might yet save the world from Fascist domination.

Mr. Stimson suggested:

1. An immediate repeal of the Neutrality Act;
2. Throwing open American docks to Anglo-French warships and merchant marine for refuelling and repairs;
3. Sending to Britain all the supplies possible in American ships, and under convoy if necessary;
4. Bringing to America for the duration of the war, large numbers of children and aged people from Britain;
5. Some form of universal military service throughout America.—Reuter.

# Belgian King's Children Go to Portugal

Madrid, June 19.

The Belgian King's three children crossed the Spanish frontier en route to Portugal, accompanied by about 20 persons.—Reuter.

# *German Armistice Conditions Delivered To France*

*(Continued from page 7)*

Paul Baudoin, French Foreign Minister, today emphasized anew that all of Premier Petain's attempts to bring hostilities to a close cannot succeed unless the peace terms offered France are honourable.

He explained that the spiritual freedom of France cannot be sacrificed, in the view of the French Government. France is determined to keep her liberty, he stressed.

**Council Called**

A Council of Ministers, under the chairmanship of President Albert Lebrun, was reported this afternoon to have been called for a late hour today. A Cabinet meeting was held from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.

When that session was adjourned, no reply had been received to the offer of an armistice made to Germany through the Spanish Ambassador here.

Discussions during the Cabinet meeting, it was understood, centred about measures to meet the problem of feeding France's war refugees.

General Bernard, Quartermaster-General of the Army, was appointed Food Commissioner, to act directly under the War and Supply Ministers.—Havas.

**Agreement Reached**

Munich, June 19.

Chancellor Adolf Hitler and Premier Benito Mussolini ended their historic conference here last night by agreeing on the attitude the Axis would take toward the French request for an armistice.

The announcement of the agreement of the dictators indicated they had decided on terms under which France would be allowed an armistice. It was widely expected that this meant the unconditional capitulation of France's armies.

"Der Fuehrer and Il Duce," the official announcement of the termination of the meeting said, "have reached an agreement on the attitude both countries will take toward the French request for an armistice."

The four-hour conference was concluded at 8.10 p.m.

**Semi-Official Report**

Semi-official sources said, aside from the personal eminence of the French Premier, Marshal Henri Philippe Petain, and the respect the Germans feel for him, the terms of the armistice would reflect to some extent the resentment felt by Italy and Germany against France.

These sources indicated that the resentment was directed particularly against French politicians and, more specifically against those who opposed the Four Power Pact proposed by Il Duce both before and after Munich.—United Press.

**Mediation Request Denied**

Washington, June 19.

The report that Great Britain had asked President Roosevelt to mediate with Germany and Italy in order to secure "honourable peace terms" for France was officially denied here yesterday evening by Mr. Stephen Early, White House Press Secretary.—Havas.

**No Separate Peace?**

Bordeaux, June 18.

An Australian Radio broadcast picked up here contained an interesting report, which it credited to Italian quarters, that Adolf Hitler and Benito Mussolini would refuse to set forth peace terms for France alone. They would insist, it declared, on dictating peace to the Allies as a bloc.—Havas.

**Peace Terms Hinted**

Rome, June 19.

The peace terms to be forwarded to France by Germany and Italy provide for severe financial and industrial indemnities, according to the list of demands published by the "Popolo di Roma" today.

The "Popolo di Roma's" Munich correspondent covering the conference between Premier Benito Mussolini and Chancellor Adolf Hitler reported part of the peace terms to be handed France.

(Reports from Berlin said authoritative Nazi quarters declined either to confirm or deny the Italian journal's report but indicated that it was wrong of the "Popolo di Roma" to publish terms which had not been presented to the French leaders.)

The peace terms, according to the "Popolo di Roma," include measures of military security based on territorial reparation between Italian and German armies on French territory and the following main points:

1. The handing over to the Axis Powers of France's gold and foreign credits.
2. The handing over to the Axis Powers of gold credits held in France and belonging to all states who declared war against Germany—England, Poland, Norway, Denmark, Holland, Belgium.
3. The handing over of all French raw materials or materials used in war industries, and oil, copper and manganese.
4. The guarantee that France would recommence her normal industrial activity and send workers back to all evacuated industrial centres.
5. The guarantee that all French industrial, economic, commercial and financial means would be used in a continental blockade against England.—United Press.

**May Fight Several Days**

Bordeaux, June 19.

Today's communication from Germany did not contain conditions for an armistice, it is pointed out by a semi-official French news agency.

Hostilities, it says, will only end when an agreement has been reached on the conditions, which will be placed before the French plenipotentiaries. Several days may, therefore, pass before fighting ceases in France.

It is to be feared, the news agency declares, that still the greater part of French territory will have been occupied by the Germans when "cease fire" sounds. The German drive towards the south-east suggests that the Germans are trying to make contact with the Italians before the armistice, it adds.

No separate reply, it is stated, has been received to the message sent to Rome through the Spanish intermediary.—Reuter.

# Ten U.S. Torpedo-Boats For Allies

Washington, June 19.

The Navy Department announces that ten torpedo-boats and submarine-chasers which are nearing completion for the United States Navy, have been released to the Allied Purchasing Commission. The United States Navy has agreed to take delivery of later models.—Reuter.

# *R.A.F. Takes War Into Enemy Territory*

*(Continued from page 7)*

third were silenced before the pilot of the Spitfire made his final attack.

On its way home from northern France in the morning, a R.A.F. Blenheim fighter saw a Heinkel seaplane below him. He dived 9,000 feet to attack, and after a 10-mile chase shot down the Heinkel in flames.—Reuter.

**English Defense Success**

London, June 19.

Enemy aircraft crossed the coast of England during the night and air raid warnings were sounded in a number of districts in East England, the Air Ministry announced in a communique this morning.

The German planes dropped explosive and incendiary bombs in the Thames Estuary.

Alarms were sounded in Norfolk, Northamptonshire, Lincolnshire and Cambridgeshire.

Two of the enemy planes were shot down over Essex and Norfolk while a third was seen falling in flames into the sea off the South-East coast.

A fourth plane, a German bomber, was shot down by a British fighter over Essex.—Havas.

London, June 18.

"The Royal Air Force heavily bombed military objectives over a wide area in the Rhineland, the Ruhr and northwest Germany, last night," the Air Ministry announced this evening.

"Early today," it added, "an enemy destroyer off the Frisian Islands was bombed and hit amidships."—Havas.

**British Civilians Bombed**

London, June 19.

Only a few hours after the Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill, warned the nation that widespread German aerial attacks must be expected, waves of Nazi, bombers swept across the eastern coast of England last night and early today, scattering bombs on 10 counties. Eleven civilians were killed and 14 were injured during last night's bombings.

Heaviest casualties were reported in eastern coastal ports, where bombs fell on houses closely grouped together. Material destruction was reported to have been small, with private homes and farms suffering the greatest damage, according to official sources.

The fact that only a comparatively small number of bombs was reported to have been dropped during the Nazi raids was interpretated by military quarters here as confirmation of the theory that the flights were merely for reconnaissance purposes.

The raids began shortly after 11 p.m. yesterday and by dawn today air raid alarms had sent residents of Kent, Essex, Suffolk, Cambridgeshire, Lincolnshire, Northamptonshire, Yorkshire and Lancashire scurrying to shelters.

The air raid alarms, the longest since the beginning of the war, continued for an average of three and one half hours in nine counties.

**Seven Nazi Planes Downed**

Seven German planes were reported shot down as anti-aircraft defenses and the R.A.F. went into action all last night and today.

The number of planes participating in the raids was not certain, but observers in Yorkshire alone counted five successive waves of bombers within an hour.

The anti-aircraft barrage, particularly in the vicinity of the Thames Estuary, was understood to have been the heaviest since the beginning of hostilities.

A bomb fell on a garden in a Thames Estuary town and scores of windows and tiled roofs were shattered as a result. In one town in the vicinity of the Estuary two persons were reported killed and five wounded.

Among the seven or eight German planes which were shot down was one large bomber which was reportedly attacked by Spitfires and crashed on a beach on the southeastern coast. The crew of the bomber attempted to bale out but became entangled in the wreckage and were killed.

**Onslaught Expected**

Observers believed it was significant that the Nazi raids occurred only 36 hours before the House of Commons was scheduled to assemble in secret session to hear the Prime Minister and the War Minister, Mr. Anthony Eden, report on the preparations which have been taken to meet the anticipated aerial onslaught.

The Air Ministry and the Ministry for Home Security in a joint communique following the widespread air raids, announced that anti-aircraft guns and British fighter planes immediately took to the air as soon as the raiders were reported over British soil.

Meanwhile, British military quarters, speculating on when Chancello Adolf Hitler would launch his publicized blitzkrieg against Britain, believed today that England would get a brief respite while Germany is winding up her French campaign and reforming troops for the new campaign.

The military editor of the London "Evening Standard" believed that nearly a month would elapse before the Germans throw their full weight against Britain.—United Press.

**Germans Admit Plant Bombed**

Hannover, June 19.

The suburb site of the Farben synthetic gasoline plant was bombed between 1.30 to 2.30 a.m. today and the factory was badly damaged, the police announced today.

The equipment of the plant and the personnel, however, were understood to have been moved to an undisclosed locality.

Smoke was still seen rising from the plant site at noon today.—United Press.

# *Colony War Fund Quarter Million*

Hongkong, June 19.

The "South China Daily News - Hongkong Telegraph" joint drive to raise funds for the purchase of warplanes for Great Britain at noon today exceeded Hk.$250,000 it was announced.

The first instalment of the war fund, totalling Hk.$100,000 plus a £100,000 contribution from the Hongkong Government, will be remitted to United Kingdom authorities tomorrow, it was disclosed.—United Press.

# *No Scrap Iron Embargo By America*

Tokyo, June 19.

An official report reaching here from Washington on Monday revealed that Mr. Henry F. Grady, American Assistant Secretary of State, informed the Japanese Ambassador at Washington, Mr. Kensuke Horinouchi, that President Roosevelt will not have scrap iron and steel included in the list of articles which will come under the new law placing an embargo on certain materials.—Domei.

# *Indo-China Status Worries Japan*

*(Continued from page 7)*

Japanese Government planned making out Japan's position as the "stabilizing power in the Far East."

The press report said the Government would notify the Italian and German Governments of the Japanese desire for the maintenance of the status quo in Indo-China, and "could not remain indifferent to any change in the political status quo of Indo-China" as well as that of the Netherlands East Indies.—United Press.

**Indo-China Warned**

Tokyo, June 19.

Coincident with a new protest today by Japan to France against alleged assistance to Chungking by Indo-China, the "Yomiuri Shimbun," closely aligned with the army, warned that Japanese troops would be forced to seek military measures to half the alleged aid if the protest brought no concrete results.

The "Yomiuri," which reflects the views of the army, characterized today's protest as a final warning.

If Indo-China fails to halt supplying the Chungking Government with munitions and arms after this protest, the Japanese forces naturally will have to resort to necessary military measures to enforce a complete discontinuance of the arms traffic, the journal said.

Japan today again protested to France against assistance said given by Indo-China in supplying Chungking with arms and munitions.

Mr. Masayuki Tani, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, personally presented the protest to M. Charles Arsène-Henry, French Ambassador to Tokyo, at the Foreign Office. The French Ambassador was summoned to the Foreign Office to receive the protest.

He was understood to have informed Mr. Tani that France was taking appropriate measures for Indo-China voluntarily to halt any munition shipments over Indo-China's roads leading to China.—United Press.

**Chungking Perturbed**

Chungking, June 19.

Chinese circles are considerably perturbed over the recent Japanese broadcast, accusing French Indo-China of permitting the transportation of arms and ammunition, petrol and motor-trucks, into China.

It is generally thought here that the Japanese are threatening to occupy French Indo-China by taking advantage of the helpless condition of France. This speculation seems to be substantiated by recent reports of Japanese concentrations on the island of Hainan, and also at Nanning, in south Kwangsi.

Well-informed circles believe that Japanese forces may attempt to advance into Indo-China from Nanning, supported by naval action off the Indo-China coast.

These circles say it is obvious that the French forces in Indo-China are insufficient to cope with such an eventuality.

The fate of Indo-China, it is thought, will depend on the attitude of the United States and Britain, but particularly the United States.

The Chinese cabinet discussed the latest developments of the European situation at a meeting held yesterday.—Reuter.

**Roosevelt, Navy Silent**

Washington, June 19.

President Roosevelt, the State and Navy Departments all declined to comment yesterday on matters referring to French Indo-China and French West Indies and the various contingencies linked with them in connection with the peace terms to be offered France by Chancellor Adolf Hitler and Premier Benito Mussolini

They avoided all reference to the French territories despite numerous questions by correspondents, especially at the President's press conference.—United Press.

# Rudolph Friml Fined for Not Showing Passport

Hongkong, June 19.

Mr. Rudolph Friml, noted American-Czech composer who is now touring the Orient to gather material for a "world symphony", was fined HK$25 this morning for not presenting his passport when he entered Hongkong. Police officials said they previously warned Mr. Friml that he must show his passport before entering the colony.

Mr. Friml last visited Hongkong in June, 1939, when he gathered ideas for an operetta entitled "Sing Song Girl," based on the Far East.—United Press.


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# Scores Killed When Latvians Riot

### Stones Hurled at Police Station in Riga

Tallinn, June 19.

Several scores of civilians were killed and wounded in Riga Monday, when Latvians demonstrated in protest against the entry of Russian troops into the Latvian capital, according to reports reaching here from Riga last night.

Crowds of Latvians paraded the streets of Riga and stoned the windows of the central police station, where the Russian officers ordered the Latvian police to fire on the crowds, the reports said. Several policemen were killed, it was stated.

Ambulances raced through the streets of Riga throughout the day, the reports said. A curfew was established after 10 p.m. and citizens of the capital city were forbidden to assemble in groups larger than four persons, the reports continued.

The Latvian President, Dr. Karlis Ulmanis, spoke in a radio broadcast urging the people to remain calm and respect the Russian soldiers.—United Press.

# Burma Reaffirms Help For Allied Cause

Rangoon, June 19.

Burma's belief in the justice of the Allied cause and its united will to victory was reaffirmed at a meeting of representatives of various communities which met at the City Hall at the invitation of the Mayor.

The meeting passed a resolution calling on all to go about their daily avocations in a spirit of common service, and to place without stint their wealth, their labour and their services at the disposal of the Government in whatever capacity they might be needed.

Another resolution assured the Government "of our instant and willing response to every call that may be made upon us."—Reuter.

# Survivors of Glorious Land in Britain

London, June 19.

The Admiralty announces that 36 officers and men from the aircraft-carrier Glorious and the destroyer Acasta, which were sunk in the Allied withdrawal from Norway, have been rescued by a Norwegian ship and have been landed in this country.

The Glorious was of 22,500 tons and was commanded by Captain G. d'Oyly Hughes, while the Acasta was under Commander C. E. Glassford.—Reuter.

# Women Workers Strike

Labour unrest was again in evidence yesterday when about 800 women workers of the Wha Sung Tobacco Factory at 393 Kwenming Road and 760 Tongshan Road called a strike, demanding an increase of wages on grounds of increased cost of living. The Wayside police have the situation in hand and no disturbances are reported.

# *French Asked to Join British*

*(Continued from page 7)*

More to the East there is another gap through which the German troops pressed and spread out in two columns, one toward Nevers and the other toward Dijon, Chalons-sur-Saone and the Swiss frontier. There are no reports regarding the German progress in this zone.

The third French army is still intact. It is grouped compactly together and are at present carrying out a series of movements which are being kept secret.

The fourth French army is situated along the Alps. It is being menaced by the German forces in the Saone valley and is taking the necessary steps to face this threat.—Havas.

**Fight While Awaiting Peace**

Bordeaux, June 19.

The French armies continued fighting as strongly as possible in their weakened condition yesterday as the Ministry of National Defence announced that "no armistice nor suspension of arms has been effected" and therefore "it is the duty of everyone to continue resistance."

Italian parachute troops were said to have been dropped on the Riviera. Two parachutists were disarmed near Sainte Maxime by a group of French women, the reports said.

Ten of 20 Italian pursuit planes escorting a flight of Italian bombers were shot down along the south coast between Toulon and Frejus, press reports said.

Meanwhile, the Cabinet was expected to act as soon as word was received of the result of the meeting of Premier Benito Mussolini and Chancellor Adolf Hitler at Munich.

The Ministry of National Defence communique issued last night charged the Germans with flying the white flag to gain important French defence positions.

"The French Government has been informed that German columns are flying the white flag, using this strategy to effect important advances without combat. It is recalled to all French Allied land, sea and air combatants that no suspension of arms has been affected. We only envisage negotiations, which have not yet begun. It is the duty of everyone, therefore, to continue resistance."—United Press.

**Push Deep Into Normandy**

Bordeaux, June 19.

"Enemy elements today pushed deep into Normandy and Brittany after having launched violent action against the defence," this morning's official communique announced.

"There was violent fighting South of Chateaudun," the communique added. "The enemy succeeded in establishing some bridge-heads in the Middle Loire between Orleans and Nevers. Between the Loire and the Vosges mountains, the enemy continued to advance towards the Jura. Fighting is still going on in Alsace and Lorraine, where our troops are checking the enemy."—Havas.

**Italian Submarines Sunk**

London, June 19.

"Maritime communications in the Mediterranean are ensured," states a National Defence communique broadcast over the French wireless today.

"During the first week of the war with Italy, several Italian submarines were sunk in the Mediterranean particularly by the minesweeper La Curieuse, which shelled and boarded a submarine, and by the Fleet Air Arm.

"As reprisals for the enemy's air actions on islands off our coast of Tunisia and Corsica, naval and aerial actions took place against military and industrial objectives."—Reuter.

# Britain Will Save Europe, Says General Wavell

Cairo, June 19.

"Dictators fade away, but the British Empire never dies," declares an Order of the Day issued by General Sir Archibald Wavell, Commander-in-Chief of the British forces in the Middle East, to his men.

"We shall save Europe from tyranny as we have before," the Order added. "Difficult times lie ahead, but they will be faced with the same spirit of calm confidence in which we have faced such crises before. We stand firm whatever happens."—Reuter.

# Rich Italian's Holdings Confiscated

Ottawa, June 19.

An Ottawa journal states that the Canadian Government has confiscated the financial holdings of Mr. James Franceschini, who is a Toronto millionaire, and who was interned for Fascist sympathies. His holdings include shares in the Durrerin Shipbuilding Company, where four minesweepers are being built. A Government official is being placed in charge of the Yard, the paper concludes.—Reuter.

# British Ship Sunk in Tasman Sea

Vancouver, June 19.

The passengers and crew of the British liner Niagara, (13,415 tons) which is reported to have been sunk in the Tasman Sea, are safe, according to information received here by the owners. A message from the liner last night said that the ship was full of water after an explosion in No. 2 hold, and that she was going down by the bow.—Reuter.

# Petain Government Said Unpopular in France

London, June 19.

"In talking to French navy and army officers and civilians during a 300-mile tour from the battle zone to the port of embarkation, I found a widespread feeling that the new French Government might not long continue to receive the support of the French people," declares Reuter's special correspondent with the British Expeditionary Force who reached Britain from the west of France today.

"I gathered there was a feeling," the correspondent added "that the Petain regime owes too much to pro-Fascist element and that it is divorced from the will of the French people and Parliament."—Reuter.


KEEPING FIT AT SEVENTY

After Being Crippled by Rheumatism

This old man's life had been made miserable by rheumatism, but since he tried Kruschen Salts several years ago, he has been perfectly free. His daughter and her husband have profited by his experience. Read how the whole family keep themselves clear of rheumatism:—

"My husband and I have only taken Kruschen Salts for a few months, just for those nasty rheumatic twinges one gets out here. But my father has taken them for quite a few years and would not be without them for the world. Before taking them he was absolutely crippled with rheumatism and tried everything he was told, without any benefit at all. I can safely say Kruschen Salts made a new man of him. He is nearly 70 years old."—(Mrs.) F.G.

Kruschen Salts are a blend of six mineral salts, each of which has a direct or indirect action in the treatment of rheumatic complaints. A single bottle of Kruschen will convince you that rheumatism simply cannot exist in the system that gets its "little daily dose."—Advr.

NEW RADION the oxygen washer

OXYGEN WASHER

Here is something new which we know will interest you. RADION is not an ordinary soap, it is a Soap Powder plus Oxygen which makes white clothes Radion-washed, most dazzlingly white. Colours too are more brilliant when washed with RADION.

Ordinary washers get the dirt *off* the fabric, RADION gets it *out*. It is so simple to use. Full instruction are on the back of every packet and we recommend you to start at once "the Radion way."

Obtainable at all compradore shops at a very reasonable price. We are confident that you will be satisfied.

WHITE THINGS-WHITER
COLOURS-BRIGHTER

A LEVER RADION PRODUCT

## FROM DAY TO DAY

Two gunboats, U.S.S. Oahu and U.S.S. Luzon, left Shanghai yesterday.

THERE will be a celebration of Holy Communion in the Bubbling Well Chapel today at 10.30 a.m.

AMONG the passengers booked for Shanghai in the ss. Husimi Maru, which left Liverpool on May 15, and is due here on June 26, are:—Mr. H. S. Bishop, Mrs. B. V. Green, Miss K. S. Hecht, Mrs. E. Levi, Mr. and Mrs. O. Weinberger and son, Mrs. M. Zappler and son.

BRANDISHING an imitation pistol, a lone Chinese bandit entered 103 Yates Road and, intimidating the sole occupant of the place, stole $15.24. The victim raised an alarm and the bandit was stopped by a C.P.C. in the street. The money was returned to the owner in full.

THE proposal to establish a provincial bank was adopted by the Kweichow Provincial Government on Tuesday, says a Kweiyang message to the "Sin Wan Pao." The provincial Department of Finance has been instructed to undertake the registration of commercial shares in the formation of the bank, it is stated.

THE annual meeting of the American University Club will be held tomorrow at tiffin in the American Club, at which time reports will be presented and new officers for this coming year will be elected. Certain amendments to the constitution also will be voted upon. Judge Milton J. Helmick is to make a short informal speech.

THE Council has approved of the formation of a body of its full-time officials to work in conjunction with representatives of the French Municipal price control committee in an effort to curb profiteering and check abuses in connection with food supplies. Dr. H. Pedersen of the Public Health Department has been put in charge of this body which will submit recommendations from time to time to the Council.

PLANS for the establishment of at least one granary in every district of the province has been mapped out by the Kwangsi Provincial Government, according to a report from Kweilin to the "Sin Wan Pao." The various district authorities have been instructed to complete the necessary arrangements by the end of April, so that the plans may be carried out by the end of June, 1941, the report states.

THE British War Office has stated that large-scale trials are being made with a visor invented and perfected by Sir Richard Cruise, surgeon-oculist to Queen Mary. During the last war Sir Richard,—then Captain R. R. Cruise—designed a visor, and now his 1940 version is undergoing tests. It consists of a moulded sheet of duralumin, which can be fitted to the steel helmet, and tests with a 12-bore shotgun show that the shield will withstand pellets discharged at 30 yards range, whereas the unprotected eye would be completely destroyed at even twice the distance.

LORD Dudley Gordon, the new President of the Federation of British Industries, will one day in all probability be the Marquis of Aberdeen. He is brother of the present marquis, being the second son of that notable Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland who was a member of the Asquith Government and a great supporter of Home Rule. All his life he has been an engineer. He was apprenticed in a shipbuilding yard at Aberdeen, and subsequently joined the firm on the Thames of which he is now chairman.

AN "At Home" combined with the annual general meeting of the "In Uno" was held on June 15 at 4 p.m. at the school, 404 Yu Yuen Road. A very impressive number of former pupils, some dating as far back as 1911, attended the function. The following were elected to serve on the 1940/41 committee:—Misses A. S. M. Alexander, Mrs. H. L. Gibson, Mrs. S. Flook, Miss L. Knoch, Miss R. Fryer, Miss B. Cumine, Miss P. Allen, Miss V. Butt, Miss P. Petigura, Miss J. Picozzi. Office bearers will be elected at the next committee meeting.

FEW men in the City of London bear heavier responsibilities than Mr. Volin F. Campbell, who has been re-elected chairman of the Bankers' Clearing House. He is in his 74th year. In directing this important institution he handles hundreds of millions of pounds a year. He is also chairman of the National Provincial, one of the "Big Five," chairman of a large discounting house, and a director of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China. Mr. Campbell comes of sound Scottish stock. His family were East India merchant bankers, and he was trained in the family business abroad.

AT a very pleasing function held yesterday in the American Club, members of Nomad Oasis (Shriners) tendered a tiffin to two former officers who are going on home leave over the weekend, Messrs. W. Van Buskirk and G. M. Neal. Mr. C. V. Manney, president, presided, supported by officers and a large majority of the members. With a few appropriate remarks, he extended the best wishes of the group and Mr. H. D. Rodger, on behalf of the club, presented suitable silver mementoes to the departing members, both of whom replied aptly. Messrs. Van Buskirk and Neal are expected to return to Shanghai in the autumn.

BECAUSE they belong to the Peace Pledge Union, an actress and an actor have been 'invited to withdraw' from the cast of a play at Maidstone Kent, England. "Security" was being presented for charity, including comforts for the troops. They were 20 year old Miss Betty Howard a clerk in an insurance office who sells "Peace News" at Maidstone every week, and Mr. Maurice Mayston, a young man of independent means. The producer said that they had to take this action as public feeling in Maidstone was running so high on the subject of the Peace Pledge Union and they learned that certain people were coming to the concert to stage a hostile demonstration directly Miss Howard and Mr. Mayston appeared on the stage.

# Withdrawal of Foreign Troops

### Japanese Spokesman Says Mayor Fu's Request Is Correct Legally

At the Japanese press conference yesterday a Japanese Embassy spokesman said he was not in a position to make any comments about the report of Mayor Fu Siao-en's representations to the authorities of belligerent powers regarding the withdrawal of their forces from Shanghai.

The spokesman went on to say that such withdrawal was compatible with international law. He sought to clarify his statement by adding that at the outbreak of war anywhere, all countries immediately would fall under two categories, belligerents and neutrals.

It has been a long established rule of international law he said, not to tolerate the presence or continued maintenance of the armed forces of belligerents in the territory of a neutral. He was confident that the request of the mayor left no room for criticism from a legal standpoint.

# B.R.A. to Assist War Savings Here

### Voluntary Contributions To Exchequer

There was a full attendance at the meeting of the General Committee of the British Residents' Association held on Tuesday afternoon.

After the completion of the routine business the meeting concerned itself entirely with discussing questions connected with war measures. As regards the newly established War Savings Association, the committee have already placed their organization at the disposal of the War Savings Committee, and are prepared to assist in every way.

The B.R.A. are acting in conjunction with the Chamber of Commerce and China Association on the question of voluntary contributions to the Exchequer from British subjects in China, and it is expected that these bodies will be in a position to make some announcement shortly. It was decided to issue a special circular to all members of the association on the subject of war measures and activities, and to ask members to co-operate in a drive for increased membership, as it was strongly felt that at this time every British resident should, as a first step, join this association.

It was further decided to set up a special war efforts committee. The following were elected to serve on this committee:—Mr. J. Haynes-Wilson, M.C., Mr. K. W. Johnstone, Mr. R. J. E. Price and Mrs. V. Arnold-Jones, with power to co-opt other members.

The general committee of the association will meet fortnightly until further notice.

# Many Chinese Hard Hit By Europe's War

### Residents in Germany Go To Italy

Chinese reports state that overseas Chinese who, until the outbreak of hostilities in Europe were engaged in trade, have been undergoing many hardships since the war and, while numbers of them have returned to their country many are still stranded in belligerent countries. It is asserted that among those who suffer the most are those Chinese in Germany who, being jobless have been reduced to refugees.

Recently, it is stated, the Chinese Embassy in Germany distributed travelling expenses to the stranded and poor overseas Chinese in that country. Each of them was given U.S.$10 so that they might be able to return to China, but that shipping transportation fees were increased, according to the reports. Although the official relief might have helped those overseas Chinese who have some means at their disposal, many poor overseas Chinese in Germany had to choose a near destination, Italy, where they are stranded.

# Tobacco Workers Walk Out on Their Jobs

Demanding more pay, some 800 female workers of Wha Sun Tobacco Factory, situated at 393 Kwenming Road and 760 Tongshan Road, walked out on their jobs early yesterday morning.

The Wayside police station was notified, but there were no incidents and it was believed that the strikers would return to their work as soon as some compromise between the administration of the factory and the workers is reached.

## *Struggle for Ichang Said Continuing*

Chungking, June 19.

The struggle for the possession of Ichang is continuing, according to the latest Chinese field despatches received here. Chinese and Japanese forces are said to be engaged in bitter fighting in outskirts of the port.—Reuter.

# Extortion Suspects Arrested

### Trap for Victim Proves Trap for Gang; Alleged Enemy Goods Sales

Bent on extorting a large sum of money from their former victim, two men who were some time ago sentenced by the First Special District Court, charged with attempted extortion, have been arrested again and are being detained by the same tribunal, together with their alleged new accomplice, a former detective Chang Deh-shun. The two old offenders, Tai Hsien-fang and Sun Shi-nien, will face the court again next Tuesday, charged with extortion and forgery. The former detective will be their co-defendant.

The intended victim in the new case is again Wang Hsiang-lin, manager of a cotton shop located in Room 108, the Hardoon Building, in Nanking Road. Chang and Tai tried to extort money from him some time ago, alleging that Wang was dealing in Japanese goods, but they were arrested, tried, and given suspended prison sentences. It was alleged in court that they were so determined to extort money that after being released from the court detention quarters they connived with the accused former detective, repeating the same trick, this time trying to trap their victim after failing in their extortion attempt.

The accused were alleged by the police to have recently tried to extort $7,500 from Wang, saying that the latter had been dealing in Japanese goods under the label of a big Chinese cotton mill. Negotiations aiming at collecting the money failed, and they then reported the matter to the cotton mill which in turn informed the Bubbling Well police. As a result, the cotton shop manager and intended victim was himself arrested and many forged Consolidated Tax Bureau receipts were also seized. Police evidence later proved that the forged documents had been sent to Wang's place secretly by the extortioners in order to trap him. The suspects were eventually arrested later and in their possession, it was alleged, other forged tax bureau documents and materials for making them were seized.

# Funeral Ceremony Held For Chinese Officer

### No Clue Leading to Arrest Of Murderers Found Yet

The body of the late Superintendent Liu Yung-kuei was encoffined yesterday afternoon at the International Funeral Directors Parlour, where many relatives, friends and police officials were present to pay last respects to the deceased.

The ceremony was attended by Major K. M. Bourne, Captain H. M. Smythe, Assistant Commissioner A. H. Samson, Assistant Commissioner P. C. Liang, and many other high Chinese police officials. Funeral music was played by the Police Band, while a Chinese boy scout band also attended.

Before the body was encoffined, from the Shanghai Fire Brigade French Police, Japanese and Chinese Branches of the S.M.P. paid homage in groups and separately.

Meanwhile, ballistic experts of the S.M.P. are working on the bullets extracted from the body of the deceased, but no clue has yet been found.

# Chinese Child Abducted By Kidnappers

A little two year old Chinese girl was kidnapped on Singapore Road, near Kiaochow Road, yesterday at 10.30 a.m. by three Chinese, two of whom were armed with pistols.

The kidnapping was reported to Gordon Road police station by the child's grandfather, but since it took place in the Chinese territory, he was told to see the Chinese police about it.

No motive could be ascertained, but a demand for ransom is not anticipated, since the child's parents are rather poor, living in a small house near Singapore Road.

# Return of Land Certificates

### Rendition of Courts Again Stressed by Japanese

At the press conference yesterday a Japanese embassy spokesman again referred to the demand made by Mayor Fu Siao-en to the Shanghai Municipal Council for the return of land certificates of Chinese and others under Chinese jurisdiction here. While the matter was reported to be under the consideration of the Consular Body here, the spokesman thought this was not a question that really concerned them.

The spokesman expressed again the desire of the Japanese authorities for a prompt solution of the question of the rendition of the Chinese district courts in Shanghai.

"As long as these questions remain unsettled" he said, "the tendency to disrupt peace and order would continue in the concessions as well as in surrounding territories under Japanese occupation."

# Nutritional Aid Committee Closes

### Refugee Association to Cease Activities

Although Shanghai is still crowded with refugees, both old and young, many of whom are no doubt in serious need of help in form of shelter and food, the Shanghai Refugee Children Nutritional Aid Committee decided to bring its work to a close on April 30, 1940, as it was felt that continuation might tend to prolong the stay in Shanghai under conditions which, in spite of the various forms of aid, must be considered anything but healthy, more particularly for the growing generation.

Like so many other charitable bodies, this committee has carried on for two and a half years without giving much publicity to its work, a work which undoubtedly has saved many young lives and prevented starvation with inherent serious setback for life of many thousand unfortunate refugee children and nursing mothers.

The nucleus of this work which quickly developed into a food producing plant, admittedly with primitive equipment, manufacturing and distributing many thousands of rations daily, was a donation of some thousand dollars by the German community, a garage at 65 Moulmein Road, placed at the committee's disposal by the Hospital for Refugee Children, and a stone grinder presented by a Chinese family. The committee, composed of several nationalities, was organized by Dr. Li Ting-an, former Commissioner of Health of the Shanghai City Government.

The committee wishes to thank the many friends who so generously supported the work with donations of money or in kind, and especially the China Child Welfare, Inc., which has donated the major portions of the funds.

# Child Stranglers Held For Sentence

### Brutal Crime Admitted In District Court

Three Chinese mothers wept in the First Special District Court yesterday when they identified the clothes once worn by their sons who were recently kidnapped and strangled to death by three kidnappers, all of whom confessed to the crime. The clothes were pawned by the kidnappers after the strangulation and later redeemed by the police. Judgment will be given next Tuesday.

Both the police prosecutor and relatives of the unfortunate children asked for the most severe punishment for the trio, two of whom were, until recently, connected with a tailor's shop in Yates Road. They kidnapped the son of the manageress of the shop while the boy was in a Weihaiwei Road school. Two other boys followed them innocently. They had to kill all the children in Chapei before demanding a ransom, because the boys all knew them well, it was revealed in court.

Police evidence again hinted that the gambling habit forced the leader of the gang to commit the crime. He obtained the lion's share of $3,000 paid by the worried parents. He once tried to borrow some money from the manageress but when his request was turned down, he plotted the crime in the most brutal manner.

### Decree Nisi Granted

A decree nisi was granted by Judge Sir Allan Mossop in H.M. Supreme Court on Tuesday to Mrs. Kiyoko Smith, who asked for dissolution of her marriage to Mr. Archibald John Smith. Mr. E. L. Hartopp was for petitioner.

# Shanghai International Garden Party

### Mrs. Van Hengel Entertains J.C.S.W.O. Members

Mrs. H. J. Van Hengel entertained the Joint Committee of Shanghai Women's Organizations in her lovely garden at 98 Edinburgh Road yesterday afternoon, when that organization held its final meeting of the season in the form of an International Garden Party.

A most delicious tea was provided, there were Portuguese, Russian, American and English cakes, Scotch pancakes, Czechoslovakian rolls, and little Chinese savoury dumplings. Although it was not possible to sample everything, most people appeared to be doing their best, and as Mrs. Van Hengel said in her introductory remarks, she was sure that everyone had enjoyed their international tea.

Representatives from ten different women's organizations were present and after the meeting was opened the Secretary read a message of greeting from a sister organization in Chungking, where, in spite of all their difficulties, affairs seem to be making good headway.

Miss Hinder then asked for more help in obtaining details of family expenses over a period of a whole year, she said she looked forward to the time when she would be able to announce that the cost of living had gone down, and this announcement was met with wishful groans.

The list of officers for the coming year was then presented, and it was proposed, seconded and carried inanimously that it should be accepted en bloc. Chairman, Mrs. Van Hengel; 1st Vice Chairman, Mrs. Adam Black; 2nd Vice Chairman, Miss Chui Li-ying; Recording Secretary, Mrs. Sientlewiez; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. E. J. Stewart; Treasurer, Mrs. L. C. Hylbert.

DR. Schacht, former chief of the German Reichsbank, was in New York recently trying to raise the wind for the Nazis. He probably hates the job, as he has several times tried to retire into obscurity, only to be jerked back into the limelight by Hitler. Why he hates it may perhaps be gathered from the following true story. A few months before the war he was sent on a similar mission to another country. Before he left Berlin he addressed a personal letter to Himmler, head of the Secret Police, which must have caused that gentleman some surprise. In it Dr. Schacht explained his mission, gave the time of his departure, the length of his stay, and the time of his departure, the length of his stay, and the time of his return. "I hope," he concluded in so many words, "that this will set your mind at rest, and that you will not now think it necessary to have me shadowed all the time I am away." No wonder Himmler is the most unpopular man in the Reich.

# Troops Massing Here Denied

### Japanese Spokesman Says Rumours Groundless; No Move Against Concession

Questioned at the press conference yesterday afternoon a Japanese army spokesman said he had no information regarding the reported massing of Wang Ching-wei troops in Nantao and personally was inclined to dismiss the matter as fiction.

An Embassy spokesman said he was aware of the rumours that Japanese troops were active near the French perimeter in Shanghai and the reported appearance of the forces of Wang Ching-wei on the outskirts of the city. The reported number of such troop concentrations increased daily, he added, pointing out that another zero had been added to the number in the past 24 hours. He said the rumours were entirely without foundation.

The Japanese authorities had no intention of taking over the French Concession the spokesman said, and sounded a warning to rumour mongers. As the Japanese forces were in occupation of territory surrounding Shanghai he emphasized, they could not but view with grave concern all matters prejudicial to the maintenance of peace and order in the occupied areas. These he explained, included anti-Japanese articles appearing both in the foreign and Chinese press.

# Native Banks Here Close Doors

### Small Institutions Hit By Wave of Speculation; Withdrawals Suspended

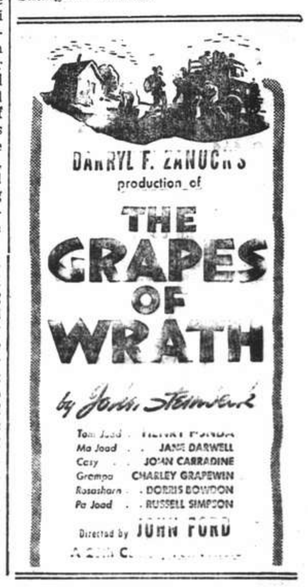
Many small commercial Chinese banks, including the Shanghai branch of an institution in Chungking, have closed their doors in Shanghai. Inquiries reveal that their closure will not affect the financial situation, as most of them failed because they speculated. None of them belonged to the Shanghai Bankers Association or Shanghai Native Bankers Association. Excepting one, all others were small native and exchange banks suffering staggering losses. Many cotton weaving factories have also closed, having been affected by cotton speculators.

Customers of the Nanking Commercial and Savings Bank (Shanghai branch) at the corner of Kiukiang and Szechuen Roads were worried yesterday because they could not withdraw deposits. Officials of the bank did not show up and the door was closed. A notice saying that business was suspended owing to non-appearance of managers and department heads of the bank was posted outside the bank, explaining that a chartered accountant had been invited to clear up liquidation accounts.

Informed Chinese circles stated that the bank which originally had its head office in Nanking (now moved to Chungking) had not closed because of any big financial trouble.

It was because of some executive question which concerned officials of the institution. It might reopen and the Chungking office had been asked for instructions, it was said.

About 10 small native banks doing exchange business have been closed during the past few weeks. Most of them were newly opened and did extensive speculation business, trying to fish in the troubled waters of Shanghai finance.

GUESTS WELCOME
THIS PURE REFRESHMENT

With frosty bottles of Coca-Cola in your refrigerator, you are always ready to provide *refreshing* hospitality for your guests. Get a supply at your favorite dealer's.

*Authorized Bottler*
Watson's Mineral Water Co., Inc.

12

Freshly imported from ENGLAND in three strengths:

| | |
|---|---|
| MILD STRENGTH | Yellow Label |
| MEDIUM STRENGTH | Blue Label |
| FULL STRENGTH | Chocolate Label |

Obtainable in 2, 4 and 8 oz. Vacuum-packed Tins.

Wills's
CAPSTAN
NAVY CUT SMOKING TOBACCOS

EOA-2.

A THRIFTY WAY to GUARD YOUR FAMILY'S TEETH

Here's good news for mothers! The best dentifrice you can buy costs less to use. And here is the reason. You use only half as much Kolynos. It lasts twice as long. A half-inch on a **dry** brush is enough.

Kolynos cleans and polishes the teeth in a way that is unbelievable. It kills dangerous germs that cause decay and leaves the teeth bright and sparkling. So if you want to save money and have your family use the best—buy Kolynos. It cleans ***better, quicker*** and is ***safe*** to use.

*For further* **ECONOMY**
**BUY** *the* **LARGE TUBE**

KOLYNOS
*the economical*
DENTAL CREAM

206

# COMMERCE AND FINANCE

## Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 19, 1940

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

| | |
|---|---|
| £1 @ 3⅞d. | $ 61.94 |
| U.S. $100 @ 5¾ | $1,739.13 |
| Francs 274 | $100 |
| Yen 22 | 100 |
| Guilders 10⅝ | 100 |
| Rupees 21½ | 100 |
| Pesos 11½ | 100 |
| Hongkong $25¾ | 100 |

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

| | |
|---|---|
| £1 @ 4 1/32d. | $ 59.53 |
| U.S. $100 @ 6 | $1,666.67 |
| London—demand, $1= | 4 1/32d. |
| 4 months' sight credits | 4 1/16d. |
| 4 months' sight docts | 4⅛d. |
| 6 months' sight credits | 4 3/32d. |
| 6 months' sight docts | 4 5/32d. |
| New York—demand, $100= | U.S.$6 |
| 4 months' sight credits | U.S.$6 1/16 |
| 4 months' sight docts | U.S.$6 3/16 |

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ...... 3 31/32d. U.S. ........$5 13/16
Hongkong/London ................1/2 31/32

WEI WAH DISCOUNT

Wei Wah $1,092.50 ........C.N.$1,000.00

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders ............Buying 11¼*
Java Guilders ............Selling 10¾
*—Only export bills.

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying U.S.$100=$1,649.484 £1=$60.000
Selling U.S.$100=$1,720.430 £1=$62.439

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling Selling Rate @ 6d per H.H.$ 1
,, Buying ,, @ 6 1/32 ,, H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ Selling ,, @ 8 11/16 ,, H.H.$100
,, Buying ,, @ 9 1/16 ,, H.H.$100
Local $ (Fapi) selling @ 151 per H.H.$100
buying @ 156 ,, H.H.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing $2.708
Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar $4.279

## Local Exchange Report

*Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson*

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

| £ | Highest | 3 31/32 | Lowest | 3 31/32 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| U.S. G.$ | | 5 13/32 | | 5 13/16 |

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

| | SELLING | | BUYING |
|---|---|---|---|
| Cash | | | June |
| £ T.T. | 3⅞ | 4 m/s. l.c. | 4 |
| G.$ T.T. | 5¾ | 4 m/s. l.c. | 5 15/16 |
| Rs. T.T. | 21⅝ | 15 d/s. | 22¼ |

BAR SILVER

| | READY | FWR'D |
|---|---|---|
| London pence per std. oz. | 23¼ | 21½ |
| N.Y. cents per oz. troy | 34¾ | — |
| Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas | 01.07 | — |
| Bombay offtake 200 bars. | | |

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

| | |
|---|---|
| New York closing Rate for Cash | 3.62 |
| Local sellers U.S.$ for Cash | 3.56 |
| Local buyers U.S.$ for Cash | 3.59 |

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 3 31/32 sterling and 5⅞ U.S.$.

The Interbank market opened with cash sellers at 3 31/32d. sterling and 5 13/16 cents U.S.$. Speculative buying, particularly for July dollars caused an easy tone during the major portion of the morning, business being done at 5⅝ U.S.$ for that delivery. During the last half hour the market rallied somewhat, closing quiet at:—

3 31/32 sterling 5 13/16 U.S.$ Cash/June
2 31/32 ,, 5 23/32 ,, July

## Foreign Exchanges

Closing, June 18.

Bombay Rupee T. T. on:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Japan | 94¾ | London | 1/5 21/32 |
| New York | 333 | 2 mths | |
| Shanghai | 23½ | ,, sellers | 1/5 31/32 |
| Hongkong | 84 | ,, buyers | 1/6 1/32 |
| | | Japan 2 mths | |
| | | ,, sellers | 96¼ |
| | | ,, buyers | 86 |

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 402.50 | Bombay | 1/6 1/32 |
| Paris | 176.50 * | Hongkong | 1/3 |
| Madrid | 40.00 | Singapore | 2/4 1/16 |
| Milan | unq. | Yokohama | 1/4 13/16 |
| Berne | 17.65 | ,, buying | 1/3 7/16 |
| Shanghai | 4¼d. | | |

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Berlin | 40.10N. | Shanghai | 6.05 |
| Spain | 9.25N. | Hungary | 17.70 |
| Italy | 5.05 N | Rumania | 0.50 |
| S'zerland | 22.42½ | Yugo Slavia | 2.30 |
| Sweden | 23.85 | Greece | 0.70 |
| Montreal | 80.000 | Finland | 2.00 |
| Brazil | 5.10 | Manila | 49.87 |
| Japan | 23.48 | | |
| London | | | 3.61 |
| Buenos Aires Paper | | | 29.78 |
| ,, ,, ,, market rate | | | 22.10 |
| Montreal on London | | | 4.52½ |

N—Nominal.—Reuter.

## Foreign Money Rates

London: June 18.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Fine Bank Bills, | 3 months | 1 1/16% |
| Bank Bills, | 6 months | 1 1/16% |
| Fine Trade Bills, | 3 months | 2¾% |
| Fine Trade Bills, | 6 months | 3¼% |
| Call Money | | 0⅞% |

New York:

| | |
|---|---|
| Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months | 0½%B 0 7/16%A |
| Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months | 0⅝%B 0½%A |
| Call Money | 1% |

B—Bid A—Asked.—Reuter.

## British Commodities

Tuesday's Closing Quotations

London, June 18.

Rubber prices initially ruled easier on outside liquidation, but substantially closed quietly steady at the lower levels.

**London Rubber:** Spot buyers 13½ —¾; sellers 14; July del. buyers 13¼ —1, sellers 13½.

**Liverpool Cotton:** Amer. Futures: July 7.10 +7; Oct. 6.86 Nom. unc.; Jan. 6.74 Nom., unc.; Mar. 6.69 Nom. unc. Egyptian Futures (Giza, F.G.F. No. 7) No. 2 contract: July 9.81 +48; Nov. 9.84 +49; Jan. 9.85 +49; Mar. 9.80 +40.

**London Tin:** Tin. Stan., cash, middle price, £264¼ —20⅝; 3 mths del. £264⅝ —22½.—Reuter.

## Silver Quotations

London, June 19.

"Spot" silver declined in London today; while "forward" moved up, with quotations being fixed as follows:

| | June 18 | June 19 |
|---|---|---|
| London spot | 23¼d. | 23⅛d. |
| ,, forward | 21½d. | 21 11/16d. |
| ,, gold | 168/– | 168/– |

—Reuter.

## Cross Rates

Yesterday's Closing

New York/London U.S.$3.62 66.3d.

## Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

For the most part of yesterday morning's trading, the market was a purely trading affair until somewhat late in the morning, when, with weakness in exchange, a few buyers appeared. This strength was not sustained, the market closing on a fairly steady tone. Rubbers were steady though neglected.

Official Averages

| 1940 High | Low | | Today's Average | Change |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 456.55 | 105.32 | General | 248.22 | —2.81 |
| 485.40 | 95.55 | Rubbers | 183.00 | —3.66 |

Total 166,567 shares, 1,100 bonds.

Morning Session

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 18/6/40 | | | | | | |
| I. I. Trust (a.m.) | | | | | 1500 | 13.50 |
| 19/6/40 | | | | | | |
| I. I. Trust (a.m.) | | | 1000 | 12.00 | 500 | 11.90 |
| | 500 | *11.90 | 1000 | 12.10 | [illegible] | 12.00 |
| S'hai Loan | | | 500 | 14.10 | 2000 | *14.10 |
| | 1000 | 14.20 | 1000 | 14.10 | | |
| Yangtsze Finance | | | 500 | 8.60 | 500 | 8.70 |
| S'hai Securities | | | 1000 | 3.50 | 500 | 3.55 |
| | 2500 | 3.60 | | | | |
| China Realty | | | | | 1000 | 8.05 |
| S'hai Land | | | 500 | 10.50 | 500 | 10.40 |
| | 500 | 10.50 | | | | |
| Central Prop | | | | | 100 | 14.50 |
| Dockyards | | | 2100 | 26.50 | 500 | 26.75 |
| | 200 | *26.50 | 100 | 26.25 | 700 | 26.50 |
| | 1500 | 26.25 | 100 | *26.25 | 800 | *26.00 |
| | 1000 | 26.00 | 300 | *25.75 | 100 | 25.75 |
| | 500 | *26.00 | 800 | 26.00 | 100 | *26.25 |
| | 300 | *25.75 | 400 | 25.75 | 700 | *26.00 |
| | 300 | 20.00 | 100 | *25.75 | 400 | 25.75 |
| | 3600 | 26.00 | 600 | 26.25 | 500 | *26.50 |
| | 100 | *26.25 | 2000 | 26.50 | 100 | *26.50 |
| | 300 | *26.75 | 100 | 26.50 | 900 | 26.75 |
| | 1100 | *27.00 | 2000 | 27.00 | 600 | 26.75 |
| | 100 | 27.00 | 700 | 26.50 | 100 | *26.25 |
| | 500 | 26.25 | 300 | 26.50 | 100 | *26.00 |
| | 2100 | 26.00 | 400 | 25.75 | 300 | *25.75 |
| | 100 | *26.00 | 900 | 26.00 | 200 | 25.75 |
| | 100 | *25.75 | 200 | 26.00 | 1400 | 26.25 |
| | 300 | 26.50 | | | | |
| Wheelock (Old) | | | 100 | *51.00 | 100 | 51.00 |
| | 100 | *50.00 | 200 | 50.00 | | |
| C. G. Omnibus | | | 800 | 19.00 | 200 | 18.70 |
| | 100 | 19.10 | 200 | 19.50 | 100 | 19.20 |
| | 100 | 19.10 | | | | |
| S'hai Gas | | | 200 | 18.00 | 100 | 18.20 |
| | 100 | *18.10 | 100 | 18.00 | 100 | 17.90 |
| | 400 | 17.60 | 200 | *17.70 | 100 | 17.50 |
| | 500 | 17.40 | 100 | *17.40 | 200 | 17.70 |
| | 100 | *17.70 | 200 | 18.20 | 500 | 18.00 |
| Telephone | | | 400 | 31.00 | 200 | *30.25 |
| | 100 | 31.25 | 200 | 31.00 | | |
| Tram (Bearer) £1 | | | | | 100 | 44.50 |
| | 200 | 44.00 | | | | |
| S. & H. Wharf | | | | | 100 | 360.00 |
| Metal | | | 100 | 22.00 | 200 | 21.50 |
| | 300 | 21.25 | 100 | 21.00 | 400 | 21.25 |
| | 1400 | 21.50 | 100 | *21.50 | 400 | 21.75 |
| | 200 | 22.00 | 100 | *22.00 | 200 | 22.25 |
| | 1000 | 22.00 | 1700 | 21.75 | | |
| Exploration | | | 500 | 12.30 | 500 | 12.10 |
| | 1000 | 12.00 | 500 | 12.10 | 1000 | *12.50 |
| | 500 | 12.60 | 500 | 12.50 | 500 | 12.30 |
| | 500 | 12.20 | 1000 | 12.10 | | |
| Lumber | | | 200 | 37.50 | 200 | 38.00 |
| | 200 | 38.50 | | | | |
| Ewo Mills (Ord) | | | 400 | 35.50 | 100 | 35.75 |
| | 900 | 36.00 | 200 | *36.00 | 300 | *36.25 |
| | 200 | 36.25 | 3700 | 36.00 | 800 | 35.75 |
| | 400 | 35.50 | 200 | *35.75 | 1700 | 37.50 |
| | 100 | 35.25 | 800 | *35.50 | 500 | *35.25 |
| | 2300 | 35.25 | 600 | 35.00 | 100 | *36.00 |
| | 400 | 35.50 | 1100 | 35.75 | 500 | *36.00 |
| | 400 | 36.00 | 1900 | 36.25 | 1100 | 36.50 |
| | 3700 | 36.25 | 200 | *36.25 | 2000 | 36.00 |
| | 300 | 35.75 | 300 | 35.50 | 500 | *35.50 |
| | 700 | 35.50 | 300 | 35.25 | 200 | 35.00 |
| | 100 | *35.25 | 100 | 35.25 | 100 | *35.00 |
| | 800 | 35.25 | 100 | *35.25 | 500 | 35.50 |
| | 900 | 35.75 | | | | |
| Power (Pref) | | | | | 360 | 131.00 |
| S'hai Cotton | | | | | 100 | 195.00 |
| China Finance | | | | | 1000 | 0.80 |
| Anglo Dutch | | | 200 | 12.00 | 100 | 11.50 |
| Anglo Java | | | 200 | 22.75 | 200 | 22.50 |
| | 400 | 22.75 | | | | |
| Kroewoek | | | | | 1000 | 1.56 |
| Langkat | | | 100 | *15.00 | 100 | *15.10 |
| | 100 | 15.00 | 300 | 15.10 | 100 | 15.00 |
| | 300 | 15.20 | | | | |
| Rubber Trust | | | 500 | 7.00 | 1000 | 7.05 |
| | 500 | *7.05 | | | | |
| Kelantan | | | 1000 | 0.70 | 2000 | 0.69 |
| | 1000 | 0.70 | 2000 | 0.71 | 1000 | 0.72 |
| Tebong | | | | | 4000 | 1.24 |
| Power 5½% Debs. | | | | | 1000 | *83.50 |
| | 6000 | 84.00 | 31000 | 83.50 | 10000 | 83.25 |
| Telephone 6% Debs. | | | | | 55000† | *94.00 |
| Telephone 6% Tael Debs | | | | | 2000 | 93.00 |
| ODD LOTS | | | | | | |
| Telephone 6% Debs. | | | | | 500 | 93.00 |
| Power 5½% Debs. | | | | | 500 | 83.50 |
| Power (Pref) | | | 2 | *131.00 | 3 | 130.75 |
| Ewo Mills (Ord) | | | | | 50 | 35.00 |
| China Realty | | | | | 300 | 7.85 |
| H. & S. Bank | | | | | 2 | *Hk$1,300.00 |
| Int. Assurance | | | | | 50 | 10.40 |
| Tram (Bearer) £1 | | | | | 50 | 43.50 |
| S'hai Securities | | | | | 250 | 3.52½ |

*—Direct Business
†—Outport Business

## U. S. Commodities

Tuesday's Closing Quotations

New York, June 18.

The cotton market early declined on general selling and domestic and foreign liquidation. Later, prices rallied on general buying, shorts covering and the firmness of other markets. Finally, the market closed very steady on mills buying, with quotations ranging from 10 to 14 points up.

Prices in the rubber market eased today on slack buying interest, lower cables, better Singapore strike news and speculative liquidation. At the close, losses of 30 to 39 points were recorded.

Wheat futures in Chicago today early advanced on unfavourable weather reports, mills buying, shorts covering and the firmness of stocks. At the final bell, gains of ⅛ to a ½ cent were registered.

| New York Cotton | New York Rubber |
|---|---|
| July 10.20-20 +14 | |
| July (N.C.) 10.44 N. +13 | |
| Oct. (N.C.) 9.34-35 +12 | |
| Dec. (N.C.) 9.22-22 +13 | Sept. 19.12-15 —39 |
| | Dec. 17.89-90 —31 |
| Jan. (N.C.) 9.11 N. +14 | Jan. 17.74 N. —31 |
| Mar. (N.C.) 8.94-94 +11 | |
| May (N.C.) 8.79-79 +10 | |
| July 21.50-68 —30 B/A | |

| N. Y. Sugar No. 3 | N. Y. Sugar No. 4 |
|---|---|
| | Sept. 1.08-08½ —½ B/A |
| Sept. 1.86B-87A +1 | |
| Mar. 1.92B-93A —1 | Dec. 1.10½-11½—1½ B/A |

| Chicago Wheat | Chicago Corn |
|---|---|
| July 77¾-77¾ +½ | July 61½-61½ +¾ |
| Sept. 78⅛-78¼ +⅜ | Sept. 59¾-59¾ +½ |
| Dec. 78¾-79 +⅛ | Dec. 57-57 +½ |

| Winnipeg Wheat | N. Y. Silk No. 1 |
|---|---|
| July 71½ B. unc. | July 2.71-71 —05 |

B—Bid A—Asked.—Reuter.

## Manila Gold Shares

(Bid in Pesos)

| June 19. | Bid Prices a.m. Closing | | p.m. Closing | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Atoks | .135 | S | .135 | S |
| Antamok | .08 | S | .008 | S |
| Baguio Gold | .145 | S | .145 | S |
| Batong Buhay | .008 | S | .008 | S |
| Big Wedge | .15 | | .15 | |
| Coco Grove | .0625 | | .0625 | S |
| Consolidated Mines | .0021 | S | .0021 | S |
| Demonstration | .05 | S | .05 | S |
| East Mindanao | .07 | S | .0725 | S |
| I. X. L. | .23 | S | .23 | S |
| Ipo Gold | .050 | | .050 | |
| Itogen | .155 | S | .155 | S |
| Masbate Consolidated | .075 | S | .0725 | S |
| Mine Operations | .0575 | | .06 | |
| North Camarines | .020 | | .020 | |
| Paracale Gumaus | .135 | | .135 | |
| San Mauricio | .50 | S | .50 | |
| Surigao Consolidated | .14 | S | .14 | S |
| Suyoc | .09 | S | .09 | S |
| United Paracale | .155 | S | .155 | S |
| Mindanao Motherlode | .085 | | .0825 | S |

S—Sales.
Turnover for the Morning: 56,000 Pesos.
Shares Index: (Morning Session) 48.27.
—Reuter.

# Shanghai May Foreign Trade

### Imports G.U.25,637,633 Exports $151,776,832 is Noted from the Returns

A grand total of Gold Units 25,637,633 (G.U.=49 pence for May) for foreign imports from abroad during May 1940, and $151,776,832 for exports is noted from the returns issued by the Chinese Maritime Customs for Shanghai. January-May figures were G.U.116,004,739 and $517,476,261, as compared with the corresponding figures for 1939 of G.U.106,706,952 and $146,797,472 respectively.

Net Imports
Including Bond Withdrawals

| | May 1940 G.U. | Jan. May 1940 G.U. |
|---|---|---|
| Cotton P. G. Grey | 25,520 | 39,976 |
| Piece white or dyed | 79,300 | 230,905 |
| Piece printed | 49,499 | 194,077 |
| Piece miscellaneous | 19,513 | 60,564 |
| Cotton raw, yarn | 6,182,016 | 35,346,374 |
| Cotton manu. Sundry | 21,903 | 74,334 |
| Flax, ramie, hemp | 327,173 | 1,992,106 |
| Wool and manu. | 1,094,961 | 2,857,761 |
| Silk | 799,995 | 1,969,863 |
| Metals and ores | 2,592,470 | 7,672,978 |
| Machinery and tools | 333,304 | 1,996,842 |
| Vehicles and vessels | 365,422 | 1,470,866 |
| Metal manu. | 473,882 | 1,783,006 |
| Fishery products | 78,225 | 731,377 |
| Canned goods | 217,490 | 926,571 |
| Cereals and flour | 670,076 | 12,122,642 |
| Fruits, seeds | 200,719 | 1,402,974 |
| Medicinal goods | 48,667 | 713,348 |
| Sugar | 342,884 | 1,728,482 |
| Wines, beer | 106,015 | 381,345 |
| Tobacco | 2,821,456 | 7,652,463 |
| Pharmaceuticals | 1,477,660 | 5,267,308 |
| Dyes, varnishes | 746,123 | 3,065,666 |
| Candles, resins, etc. | 1,804,461 | 7,838,547 |
| Books, maps, paper | 1,203,790 | 3,534,896 |
| Hides, leather, etc. | 215,969 | 876,594 |
| Timber | 366,607 | 2,337,212 |
| Bamboo, straw, etc. | 194,752 | 786,242 |
| Coal, fuel, tar | 1,804,925 | 7,714,021 |
| Chinaware, etc. | 55,075 | 214,745 |
| Stone, earth | 101,157 | 277,617 |
| Sundry | 816,624 | 2,743,237 |
| Grand Total | 25,637,633 | 116,004,739 |

Net Exports

| | May 1940 C.S.$ | Jan. May 1940 C.S.$ |
|---|---|---|
| Animal products | 25,045,063 | 67,654,167 |
| Hides, leather | 7,571,677 | 24,122,743 |
| Fish products | 288,058 | 717,552 |
| Beans and peas | 1,839,358 | 6,077,417 |
| Cereals | 2,889,297 | 9,891,705 |
| Dyestuffs, vegetables | 293,022 | 612,616 |
| Fruits, preserves | 302,967 | 1,735,677 |
| Medicinals | 1,839,084 | 5,561,858 |
| Oils, tallow, wax | 9,566,200 | 15,061,537 |
| Seeds | 977,950 | 4,609,089 |
| Spirituous beverages | 743,853 | 1,708,406 |
| Sugar | 110 | 4,720 |
| Tea | 5,411,905 | 18,400,532 |
| Tobacco | 920,049 | 2,840,673 |
| Vegetables | 553,349 | 1,605,350 |
| Vegetable products | 801,279 | 3,705,325 |
| Bamboo | 87,083 | 232,569 |
| Fuel | 1,895,044 | 2,914,563 |
| Rattan | 4,706 | 7,480 |
| Timber | 808,937 | 2,417,677 |
| Paper | 1,662,484 | 4,614,295 |
| Textile fibres | 30,272,186 | 106,833,385 |
| Yarn, Thread | 15,616,184 | 69,549,797 |
| Piece goods | 9,906,808 | 60,017,291 |
| Other textiles | 7,204,271 | 22,560,000 |
| Ores, metals | 6,590,433 | 21,158,031 |
| Glass, glassware | 2,393,038 | 6,377,597 |
| Stone, earth | 1,366,292 | 4,858,221 |
| Chemicals | 3,718,628 | 15,291,312 |
| Printed Matter | 553,741 | 1,921,718 |
| Sundry | 10,653,776 | 34,412,968 |
| Grand total | 151,776,832 | 517,476,261 |

VALUE OF MERCHANDISE

| | May, 1940 G.U. | $ |
|---|---|---|
| Gross Imports | 26,024,814 | |
| Less Re-exports Abroad | 387,181 | |
| Net Imports | 25,637,633 | 69,401,073 |
| Gross Exports | | 152,084,011 |
| Less Reimports From Abroad | | 307,179 |
| Net Exports | | 151,776,832 |
| Total net Imports and Exports | | 221,177,905 |
| Excess of Imports Exports | | 82,375,759 |

January-May

| | 1939 G.U. | $ | 1940 G.U. | $ |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Gross Imp. | 108,152,462 | | 117,325,046 | |
| Less-Re-exp. Abroad | 1,445,510 | | 1,320,307 | |
| Net Imp. | 106,706,952 | 255,712,013 | 116,004,739 | 314,024,830 |
| Gross Exp. | | 147,802,321 | | 518,730,377 |
| Less-Re-imp. From Abroad | | 1,004,849 | | 1,254,116 |
| Net Exp. | | 146,797,472 | | 517,476,261 |
| Total net Imp. and Exp. | | 402,509,485 | | 831,501,091 |
| Excess of Imports Exports | | 108,914,541 | | 203,451,431 |

## Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

| | |
|---|---|
| Saigon rice per shih (176 lb.) | $57.00 |
| Cotton yn. 20's, D.H., p.b. Cash | $1,102 |
| Tungchow cotton .. per picul | 190 |
| Wheat .. per picul (50 kilos) | $24.00 |
| Flour, local .. per bag (49lb.) | 13.80 |
| Flour, export . ,, | 16.25 |
| | picul |
| Raw silk, Steamfil, Ex. B 13/15 | $5,500 |
| ,, ,, 20/22 | 4,850 |
| ,, ,, 20/22 78% | 5,000 |
| | Nom. |

## New York Market Up

New York, June 19.

Prices on the New York Stock Exchange closed irregularly higher yesterday, Dealers were cautious and volume was light.

The market rose early in the session and then, as the session progressed, lost early gains. Traders lightened their stock holdings pending details of the peace terms Germany and Italy will offer France.

The behaviour of the stock market on the French capitulation was seen as an indication that the market had discounted the worst. Wall Street sources said they are now banking everything on the national defense programme and anticipate a big rise in industry with new records for production.

Wall Street circles were again talking politics, with the favourite candidate for the presidency Mr. Wendell Willkie. Interest in market circles was also again turning to commodities.

The speech of the British Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill, was broadcast after the market's close.—United Press.

## Great Wall Electric Co. To Be Inaugurated

Peking, June 18.

Capitalized at $50,000,000, the Great Wall Electric Company is shortly to be established by the North China, Manchoukuo and Mengkiang Electric Companies along the upper Luanho River, close to the Great Wall.

The new joint power plant, which will assertedly produce 100,000 kilowatts of electric power when in full operation in five years, is to take a big part in the development of North China resources and industries.—Havas.

## New York Stocks

Tuesday's Closing Quotations

New York, June 18.

Conditions on Wall Street today were firm, with prices ranging from fractions to 1 point higher. Conflicting European news depressed sentiment, but this was offset by the continuance of good domestic business news and earning reports.

Traders, generally, were inclined to be hesitant, awaiting the terms of the Munich conference.

The turnover today amounted to 720,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

| | High | Low | Close | Change |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 30 Indust. | 125.31 | 122.35 | 123.21 | +0.41 |
| 20 Rails | 26.16 | 25.41 | 25.63 | +0.59 |
| 15 Utilt. | 21.08 | 20.65 | 20.79 | +0.19 |
| 40 Bonds | — | — | 85.63 | +0.38 |
| 11 Commod. | — | — | 52.24 | +0.01 |

| June | 17 | 18 | June | 17 | 18 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Adams Exp | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | Jones & L | 62 | *62 |
| Alg Lud | 22¼ | 22¼ | Kennecott | 28½ | 28⅞ |
| Allied Stores | 5½ | 5⅞ | Lay F & M | 3¼ | *3½ |
| Allis Chal | 27¼ | 27½ | Libbey O F | 33 | 33 |
| Alum Ltd | 62 | *61 | Lockheed | 27¼ | 26⅝ |
| Amer Can | 97 | 97½ | Loew's | †24¼ | 23½ |
| Am Cyan B | 33½ | 33 | Loft Inc | 25 | 25 |
| Am For Pr | 1⅜ | 1¼ | Mack Trks | 20⅛ | 20¾ |
| ,, $7 pfd | 15½ | 15 | Martin | 29¼ | 29½ |
| Am G & E | 31½ | 31½ | McK & R | 21¼ | 22¼ |
| Am Loco | 13 | 13½ | Monsanto | 92 | 92¼ |
| Am Metal | *15 | *14¼ | Mont Ward | 38⅝ | 39 |
| Am Radtr | 5⅝ | 5⅝ | Nat Avian | 10⅛ | 10½ |
| Am R Mill | 11⅝ | 11¼ | Nat City B | *23½ | *23½ |
| Am Smltg | 38⅝ | 38¼ | Nat Dairy | 13¼ | 13¾ |
| Am Sug R | 13⅝ | 14 | Nat Dist | 18⅝ | 19 |
| Am T & T | 155⅞ | 156½ | Nat Gyp | 6¼ | 6½ |
| Am Tob B | 74 | 75¼ | Nat Lead | 17 | 18 |
| Am Wtwrks | 8 | 8 | Nat P & L | 7 | 7 |
| Anaconda | 21⅜ | 21⅝ | Nat Steel | 59 | 58½ |
| Atchison | 15½ | 15¾ | Nat Sup | 6 | 6⅛ |
| Avian Cpn | 5½ | 5⅜ | N Y Cent | 11½ | 11⅝ |
| Babcook | 23½ | 23⅛ | Niag Hud | 4 | 4⅛ |
| Bald Loco | 15⅝ | 15⅝ | N A Avian | 17½ | 16½ |
| Balt & Ohio | 3½ | 3⅝ | N A Co | 18½ | 18⅝ |
| Barber | 10 | 10⅝ | N Pacific | 5⅝ | 5¼ |
| Barn Oil | 8 | 8 | O I Glass | 46 | 48 |
| Bell Air | 16 | 15½ | Pac G & E | 27⅝ | 28¼ |
| Bend Avian | 28⅝ | 29¼ | Pac Light | 38½ | 38½ |
| Beth Steel | 77½ | 77½ | Pack Motor | 3¼ | 4¼ |
| Bliss | 15¼ | 15⅝ | Pan A Air | 14¼ | 15½ |
| Boeing | 14¼ | 13⅝ | Paramount | 5⅜ | 5⅝ |
| Borg War | †16½ | 16 | Pen R R | 17½ | 18¼ |
| Brid Brass | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | Phelps D | 29 | 29½ |
| Briggs | †17 | 16⅝ | P & R Coal | 0⅝ | *0⅝ |
| Bkn M Tr | 18½ | 18⅝ | Phil Pet | 32⅝ | 32½ |
| Budd Mfg | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | Pitts C & I | 7⅝ | 7½ |
| Can Pac | 2⅝ | 3 | P S of N J | 33⅛ | 33¼ |
| Case J I | 50 | 50½ | Pullman | 20½ | 20⅞ |
| Celanese | 25 | 24⅝ | Pure Oil | 7⅝ | 7⅝ |
| Chase N B | *27½ | 27½ | Radio | 4¼ | 4¼ |
| Ches & O | 34⅞ | 35⅛ | Reading | 11½ | 12 |
| Chrysler | 63⅜ | 64⅛ | Rem Arms | *4⅛ | *4½ |
| Clim Mlyb | 30 | 30⅛ | Rep Avian | 4⅝ | 4⅝ |
| Colt's | 80 | 81½ | Rep Steel | 17⅝ | 17⅝ |
| Col G & E | 5¼ | 5⅝ | Rev C & B | 9 | 10⅛ |
| ,, $6 pfd | 75⅝ | *75 | Rey Tob B | 35½ | 36¼ |
| Col Credit | 29 | 28½ | Rich Oil | 7 | 7⅛ |
| Com & Sth | 1⅛ | 1 | Safeway | 39½ | †40¼ |
| Cons Edis | 26 | 26½ | Schenley | 8½ | 8½ |
| Cons Oil | 6⅝ | 6½ | Sears Roeb | 69½ | 70¼ |
| Cont Can | 39 | 41 | Shell U Oil | 8¼ | 8¼ |
| Cont Oil | 17½ | 17½ | Soc Vac | 8¼ | 8⅝ |
| Copld Steel | 18½ | 19 | Sthrn Pac | 7⅞ | 8⅝ |
| Corn Prod | 48½ | 49½ | Sthrn Rly | 17½ | 18½ |
| Curtiss Wr | 7⅞ | 7⅝ | Sperry | 40 | 39¼ |
| ,, A | 24⅞ | 24⅝ | Spicer | 26 | 26 |
| Deere & Co | 15⅞ | 15⅞ | Std Brands | 5⅜ | 5⅝ |
| Dist Cpn S | 14¼ | 14⅜ | Std G & E | 1⅜ | *1¼ |
| Douglas | 74⅝ | 73⅞ | Std O of C | 18⅝ | 18½ |
| Du Pont | 160¼ | 161 | Std Oil N J | 36⅜ | 35⅜ |
| E P Lead | 8⅝ | 8½ | Stone & W | 7½ | 7½ |
| Eaton Mfg | 28½ | 29 | Studebaker | 6⅞ | 7½ |
| Elc A Lite | †31 | 31½ | Swift Int | 18½ | 18½ |
| Elec B & S | 5¼ | 5 | Technicor | 9⅝ | 10⅜ |
| ,, $5 pfd | *51 | *50 | Tex Cpn | 39½ | 38¼ |
| ,, $6 pfd | 60 | 60½ | Tex Gulf | 30 | 30⅛ |
| E P & Lt | 25½ | 26½ | Timken | 22½ | 23 |
| Fisk Rub | *10½ | *10½ | Transamer | 4⅝ | 4⅝ |
| Flintkote | 12¼ | 12⅝ | Tw. Cent F | 6⅜ | 7 |
| Gen Am Tr | 44 | 45½ | ,, pfd | *15⅝ | *15⅛ |
| Gen Elec | 31½ | 31⅝ | Un Carbide | 67½ | 68 |
| Gen Motor | 44 | 44⅛ | Un Pac | 77¾ | 77½ |
| Gen Rly | 11½ | 11½ | Un Air | 39⅝ | 40½ |
| Gen T & R | 12 | 12⅝ | Un A Line | 16⅝ | 16¾ |
| Glidden | 12 | 12⅝ | Un B & P | 10½ | 11⅝ |
| Goodrich | 12⅝ | 13¼ | Un Cpn | 1½ | 1⅞ |
| ,, $5 pfd | *47½ | *49 | ,, $3 pfd | 31½ | 31½ |
| Goodyear | 15⅞ | 16 | Un Gas | 1⅛ | 1⅝ |
| Gt N I Ore | 14 | 14 | Un G Imp | 11 | 11 |
| Gt N Rly | 20⅝ | 21⅛ | U S Ind Al | 17⅝ | 17¼ |
| Gt W Sug | 21½ | 21⅛ | U S Rubber | 21½ | 21 |
| Grey Corp | 11 | 11⅝ | ,, pfd | 80 | 77½ |
| Her Pow | 85 | 86 | U S Steel | 53¾ | 53¾ |
| Homestake | 38⅞ | 39¼ | Vanadium | 32½ | 33 |
| Int Harv | 46½ | 46½ | Vultee | *8 | *7¾ |
| Int Nickel | 23 | 23¾ | Walworth | 3⅝ | 3½ |
| Int Paper | 13 | 12⅞ | War Br Pic | 2¾ | 2⅝ |
| Int T & T | 3½ | 3⅝ | West Elec | 91½ | 90½ |
| Johns Man | 51½ | 51½ | Woodward | 24¼ | 24⅞ |

BONDS

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amer. & For. Power | 48½ | 49½ |
| Baltimore & Ohio R.R. | 23¾ | 24½ |
| Brazil (U.S. of) 8% | 12 | 13 |
| ,, ,, 6½% | 9¾ | *9⅞ |
| Cities Serv. Pwr. & Lt. | 82 | 82¼ |
| Erie 5s 1967 | 10¼ | 10½ |
| Int. Tel. & Tel. | 29¼ | 31 |
| New England Gas & Elec. | 56⅞ | 58¾ |
| Republic of Colombia | 17⅞ | 19¼ |
| ,, ,, | 17⅞ | 19¼ |
| Sthrn. Pacific Co. | 35 | 35⅝ |
| Stand. Gas & Elec. | 64 | 64⅛ |

WEEKLY CLOSING STOCK

| June | 11 | 18 |
|---|---|---|
| Alaska Juneau | 4½ | 4⅝ |
| Amer. Brake Shoe & Fdry. | 33 | 37 |
| Amer. Hide & Leather | 3½ | 4⅝ |
| Amer. Locomotive | *42½ | 47 |
| A.P.W. Paper Co. | 2⅛ | *2 |
| Ass. Gas & Elec. | 1¼ | *1⅜ |
| Atlan. Gulf & W. | 10⅝ | *11½ |
| Atlan. Refing | 20⅝ | 20¾ |
| Atlas Corp. | 7 | 7 |
| Bank of Montreal | 191 | 190 |
| Bellanca Aircraft Corp. | 4¼ | 4½ |
| Callahan Zinc-Lead | 1⅛ | 1⅛ |
| Cluett, Peabody | 28¼ | 32 |
| Comm. & Sthrn. $6 cum pfd. | 47 | 55 |
| Colorada Fuel & Iron, warrants | 4¼ | 4¼ |
| Coml. Solvents | 8⅝ | 9⅝ |
| Consolid. Aircraft | 20¾ | 21 |
| Consumers Pwr. 4$.50 pfd. | *92½ | 95 |
| Cont. Roll & steel Fdry. | 6½ | 6½ |
| Coty Inc. | 5 | 5½ |
| Coty Int. | *0¾ | *0⅝ |
| Crown Zellerbach | 13¼ | 14½ |
| Delaware & Hudson | 10 | 11¾ |
| Elec. Boat Co. | 13 | 13¼ |
| Elec. Power & Lt. | 3⅝ | 4½ |
| Erie Rly. | 0¾ | 1 |
| Gen. Foods | 38⅝ | 40¾ |
| Lorillard | 19¾ | 20⅝ |
| Mountain City Copper | 2⅝ | 3 |
| Mueller Brass | 18 | 18½ |
| Nash Kelvinator | 4 | 4¼ |
| Nat. Power & Lt. $6 pfd. | 76½ | 81 |
| Piper Aircraft | *7¼ | *8 |
| Poor Mfg. "B" | 7⅝ | 7½ |
| Rayonier Inc. | 16½ | 17½ |
| Reading Co. | *19½ | 20½ |
| Royal Bank of Canada | 162½ | 150 |
| Schenley 5½% pfd. | *65 | *66 |
| Scott Paper | *35½ | 36½ |
| Scovill Mfg. | 23¾ | 25⅞ |
| Sthrn. Cal Edison | 27 | 28⅝ |
| Sthrn. Rly. | 9 | 11⅛ |
| Sterling Prods. | 64 | 65 |
| Texas Pacific Land Trust | 4¼ | *4 |
| Tidewater As. Oil | 9¼ | 9½ |
| Thompson Products | 30 | 33 |
| Un. Light & Power "A" | 0½ | 0⅞ |
| U.S. Pipe & Fdry. | 23 | 25⅞ |
| U.S. Realty & Imp. | 0⅝ | [illegible] |
| U.S. Smelt. Ref. & Min. | 41½ | 49 |
| Westinghouse Air Brakes | 21 | 21½ |
| Yellow Truck & Coach "B" | 11½ | 13 |
| Willys-Overland | 3 | 2⅝ |
| Youngstown Sheet & Tube | 30⅛ | 32½ |

WEEKLY CLOSING BONDS

| June | 11 | 18 |
|---|---|---|
| Anglo-Chilean Mitrate Corp. | *28½ | *28½ |
| Argentine | 65¼ | 66 |
| Brooklyn-Manhattan Tr | 103 [illegible] | *103 [illegible] |
| Chic., Milwaukee, St. Paul | 3¼ | 4¼ |
| Columbia Gas & Elec. | 98¾ | 99½ |
| Denmark | 27 | 30½ |
| Denver & Rio Grande | 5½ | *5½ |
| Elec. Power & Lt. | 72 | 76½ |
| Mines Geraes | 5 | 5¼ |
| Mortgage Bank of Colombia | *19½ | *20 |
| Nat. Power & Lt., "B" | 101½ | 102 |
| ,, ,, "A" | 110⅛ | 110 |
| New England Power | 94 | 96 |
| New York, Chic. & St. | 69 | 71 |
| Oslo | *21 | 25½ |
| Peru | 5½ | 5⅜ |
| Republic Steel | 92½ | 95 |
| Rio Grande de Sul | 5⅝ | 5¼ |
| Sao Paulo | *4¼ | 5¼ |
| Sthrn. Rly. | 58½ | 62 |
| Studebaker Conv. | 85 | 92 |

*—Bid †—Ex Div.

Dow-Jones Summary

*By Courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz*

Stock prices advanced from fractions to more than two points to the best general levels recorded in more than a month, but later lost virtually all the recovery when traders lightened their positions pending the disclosure of the peace terms to France; also there was a disposition to exercise caution pending the broadcast of Mr. Winston Churchill, the British Prime Minister, scheduled for after the close of the market. Prices opened steady and rose under the lead of steels and airlines, reflecting the belief on the part of brokers that the National Defense Programme will bring an important lift to industrial operations and the announcement of Mr. Henry Morgenthau, Secretary of the Treasury, that Britain will take over the French war commitments here.

Stock:—Since current levels represent about one-third of the recovery recorded between April 8 and June 10, followers of the decline chart are taking profits, believing that the current rally is ending. Sales of Montgomery Ward and Sears Roebuck are from 8 to 10 per cent. ahead of 1939. Rail earnings are also well ahead of 1939.

STATISTICS

| | This Week | Last Week |
|---|---|---|
| Business Failures | 245 | 249 |
| Demand Deposits in Federal Reserve Member Banks | $20,615 | $20,306 |
| | (millions) | |

EARNINGS

| Stocks | Period | 1940 | 1939 |
|---|---|---|---|
| Pennsylvania R.R. | 4 mos. 30/4 | $0.46 | $0.19 |
| Union Pacific | 4 mos. 30/4 | 1,865,245 P | 1,124,342 |
| Lakey Foundry & Mac. | ½ yr. 30/4 | 187,191 P | 144,573 |

P—Profits.

Cotton:—The rapidity of world developments is restricting operations largely to trade channels. The loss of export markets will hardly be offset by increased local consumption, and, while advances on the scarcity of contracts will be sustained, upturns are improbable.

Wheat:—Dull and narrow conditions prevailed. The market is showing stubborness to declines on unfavourable crop reports and the Broomhall estimate that 200,000,000 bushels will be required by German controlled countries. However, caution prevails pending the French peace and rumoured changes in the British Government. Open interest is placed at 66,500,000 bushels.

Corn:—There was a slight increase in offerings at advances. Otherwise conditions were unchanged.

# Shipbuilding in Japan Booms

### As Result of European War Yards are Being Flooded With Orders

Tokyo, June 18.

Just as Shanghai shipbuilding boomed during the Great War, Japanese shipbuilders have been flooded with foreign orders as a result of the European War, the press reports. The Government has even had to forbid the construction of vessels of more than 9,000 tons displacement for foreign countries in order to safeguard shipbuilding secrets.

**Foreign Orders**

Orders for ship construction have been received from Great Britain, Siam and several Latin American countries, it is reported, and the Communications Ministry, which must approve all of them, is said to be overwhelmed with work. It plans to accept as many orders as possible so long as Japan's own shipbuilding programme is not impaired thereby.

During the World War, the Miyako Shimbun recalls, Japan built more than 500,000 tons of ships for other countries.

The "Miyako Shimbun" expects that some sort of agreement will be reached with purchaser countries whereby scrap iron will be sent Japan in exchange for construction of the ships desired.—Havas.

## London Stocks

Tuesday's Closing Quotations

London, June 18.

In view of the confused international situation it was not surprising to see quiet trading on the London Stock Exchange today, while the volume of business was further diminished by the withdrawal of permission to transfer certain securities, including numerous foreign bonds.

British gilt-edged securities tended to rally towards the close, while industrials mostly showed net losses. Gold mining issues were lower, though trading was very small.—Reuter.

| June | 17 | 18 |
|---|---|---|
| War Loan, 3½% (Red.) | £95¼ | 95½ |
| JAPANESE BONDS | | |
| Japan 5% Stg. Loan, 1907 | 32 | * |
| Japan 6% Stg. Loan, 1924 | 36 | 34 |
| Osaka, June 19. | | |
| Kogo 5% | | Y.107.12 |
| COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIALS | | |
| Allied Ironfounders | 10/- | 10/- |
| Armstrong Stevens | 5/6 | 5/6 |
| Ass. & Elec. Indus. | 34/- | 31/3 |
| Austin Motors, ord. | 10/- | 10/- |
| Bristol Aeroplane | 8/9 | 9/4½ |
| British American Tob. | 75/- | 71/3 |
| Cable & W., new form | 33 | 34½ |
| Cammell Laird, ord. | 4/9 | 4/9 |
| Courtaulds | 23/3 | 22/3 |
| Distillers | 51/3 | 51/3 |
| Dunlop Rubber | 24/6 | 21/9 |
| General Elec. (Eng.) | 63/- | 61/3 |
| Guinness (A) Son & Co. | 59/6 | 58/- |
| Hawker Siddeley Aircraft | 9/6 | 9/6 |
| Imp. Chem. Indus. | 24/6 | 24/1½ |
| Imp. Tobacco | 82/6 | 81/3 |
| Leyland Motors | 42/6 | 40/- |
| Marks & Spencer "A" ord. | 32/3 | 32/9 |
| Pressed Steel, com. | 11/3 | 11/3 |
| Rolls-Royce | 57/6 | 57/6 |
| Smethwick Drop Forgings | 12/6 | 12/6 |
| Tate & Lyle | 46/3 | 40/- |
| Turner & Newall | 51/10½ | 51/10½ |
| United Steel | 16/3 | 15/6 |
| Vickers, ord. | 11/9 | 11/6 |
| Woolworths | 46/- | 45/- |
| MISCELLANEOUS | | |
| Anglo-Dutch | 18/- | 17/6 |
| Rubber Pltn. Inv. Trust | 23/3 | 23/3 |
| MINES | | |
| Burma Corp. | 7/- | 6/9 |
| Commonwealth Min. | Unq. | Unq. |
| Marsman Invests. | 10/- | 10/- |
| Randfontein Ests. | 32/6 | 30/- |
| Sub-Nigel | 165/- | 157/6 |
| Tanami Gold Min. | 3d. | 3d. |
| Western Holdings | 7/- | 7/- |
| OILS | | |
| Anglo-Iranian | 37/6 | 35/- |
| Burmah | 51/10½ | 48/1½ |
| Mexican Eagle | 3/- | 2/9 |
| Shell Trans. & Trad. | 51/10½ | 47/6 |

*—Suspended.

CHINESE EXTERNAL LOANS, ETC.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 4½% Gold Loan, 1898 | £43 | 43 |
| 5% Gold Bonds, 1925-47 | 43 | 43 |
| 4½% Anglo-French Loan | 44 | 44 |
| 5% Crisp Loan, 1912 | 17 | 17 |
| 5% Reorg. Loan, 1913 | 24 | 24 |
| 8% Stg. Notes, 1925 | 8 | 8 |
| 5% Honan Rly., 1905 | 12 | 12 |
| 5% Hukuang Rly., 1911 | 14 | 14 |
| 5% ,, ,, (Ger. Is.) | 11 | 11 |
| 5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly. | 11 | 11 |
| 5% S'hai-Nanking Rly. | 15 | 15 |
| 5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B. | 9 | 9 |
| 5% ,, ,, G. | 9 | 9 |
| 5% ,, ,, (Supl. Loan) B. | 9 | 9 |
| 5% ,, ,, (Supl. Loan) G. | 9 | 9 |
| 5% Canton-Kowloon Rly. | 8 | 8 |
| S'hai Elec. Construction | 15/- | 15/- |
| S'hai Waterworks "A" | 14 | 14 |
| Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton | 25 | 25 |
| Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C. | 7½ | 7½ |
| H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.) | 77 | 74 |
| ,, ,, ,, (Col. Reg.) | 80 | 78 |
| Mercantile Bank of India | 12⅜ | 12⅜ |
| Chinese Eng. & Min. | 17/6 | 17/6 |
| Chosen Corp. | 6/6 | 6/6 |
| Pekin Syndicate | 2/- | 2/- |
| Gula Kalumpong Rubber | 15/- N | 15/- N |

N—Nominal.

## Japanese Merchants to Forego Profits

### Patriotic Move Started In Industry

Tokyo, June 18.

The Japan Central Association of Commercial Guilds has decided to launch a "patriotic commercial movement" which will urge its 1,200,000 members to "concentrate on the general interests of the nation rather than on making profits."

The Association is to sponsor a series of lectures in the various prefectures, the first of which was held today in Miyagi Prefecture. A branch organization is to be established in each prefecture to control the patriotic movement, which will stress the importance of health and also seek to improve commercial ethics.—Havas.

# Fate of Danish Shipyards

### Under German Domination Likely to be Used for Naval, Armament Work

As a result of the German occupation of Denmark the world shipbuilding capacity available for merchant work will be considerably cut down for the duration of the war, states "Lloyd's List and Shipping Gazette."

By 1938 Danish yards reached their record output of just under 160,000 tons gross, and the last shipbuilding returns issued by Lloyd's Register gave 122,000 tons as the total under construction at June 30 last. Of this total only 18,000 tons was intended for registration in Denmark; three vessels, of 26,300 tons, were for British owners; four vessels, of 25,360 tons, for Norwegian owners; one, of 11,500 tons, for Poland, and one, of 10,700 tons, for France.

**Orders in Hand**

According to statistics issued by Det Norske Veritas early this year, the orders in hand at Danish yards at January 1, last totalled just under 330,000 tons, of which 142,000 tons was actually under construction. As "protected" Denmark is now technically enemy territory, no ships built in Danish yards are likely to be delivered to their owners, or, if delivered, to venture to sea, so it may be assumed that merchant shipbuilding will gradually be brought to a standstill.

**Labour in Yards**

In 1938 it was stated that 14,000 men were employed in Danish yards. More than half of this number are engaged at the big establishment of Messrs. Burmeister & Wain at Copenhagen, which has six building berths. The two other principal yards—at Nakskov and Odense—are controlled by shipowners, and build hulls only. The machinery for ships built in these three yards is usually constructed by Messrs. Burmeister & Wain, who also supply machinery for motorships built in other Danish yards and abroad. In a recent address the managing director of the Copenhagen firm spoke of the intimate co-operation between the seven Danish shipyards as aimed at advancing the national shipbuilding industry.

**Increased Engine Output**

The report of Messrs. Burmeister & Wain for the year 1939, recently published, stated that the output of the engine works was 145,760 h.p., against some 220,000 h.p. in 1938. In addition to marine diesel engines supplied for ships built in the firm's own yard, 20 engines of 100,000 h.p. were delivered for ships built in other yards. The report also stated that about 71 per cent. of the total output in 1939 was work for export, and this represented over one-eighth of the country's total industrial exports. The orders invoiced during the year totalled over 70 million kroner. B. & W. diesel engines are also built at Elsinore, and Danish engineering works as a whole have a high reputation for the quality of their products.

It is to be expected that the Germans will lose no time in utilizing the technical skill of the Danes, who, like the Czechs, must work in order to live, even though they may hate their masters, and who will no doubt find that failure to do as they are ordered will lead to the concentration camp or worse—if worse there be.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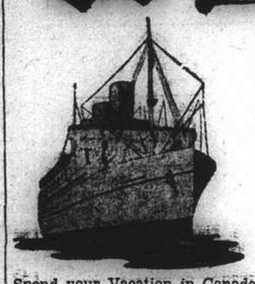

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|---|---|
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|---|---|---|---|---|
| ss. CAPILLO | Sailed | June 22/26 | June 29 | July 4/14 |
| ms. CROWN CITY | June 30 | July 22/26 | July 29 | Aug. 3/13 |
| ss. COLLINGSWORTH | July 15 | Aug. 6/9 | Aug. 13 | Aug. 18/23 |
| ss. SATARTIA | July 30 | Aug. 21/25 | Aug. 28 | Sept. 2/12 |

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|---|---|---|
| ss. HOTEN MARU | June 20 | June 22 at 9 a.m. |
| ss. DAIREN MARU | June 23 | June 25 at 9 a.m. |
| ss. TSINGTAO MARU | June 25 | June 27 at 9 a.m. |
| ss HOTEN MARU | June 28 | June 30 at 9 a.m. |
| ss. DAIREN MARU | July 1 | July 3 at 9 a.m. |
| ss. TSINGTAO MTRU | July 4 | July 6 at 9 a.m. |

NOTICE
Above Sailing times are all "Daylight Saving time"

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| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| PRES. PIERCE | June 23 | PRES. CLEVELAND | July 29 |
| PRES. COOLIDGE | July 10 | PRES. PIERCE | Aug. 12 |
| PRES. TAFT | July 20 | PRES. COOLIDGE | Aug. 27 |

**TO HONGKONG AND MANILA**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| PRES. COOLIDGE | June 27 | PRES. HARRISON | July 31 |
| PRES. ADAMS | July 17 | PRES. COOLIDGE | Aug. 14 |

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ARGENTINA MARU .. July 15

For South America via Panama
BUENOS AIRES MARU Aug. 10

For E. and S. Africa and S. America
HAWAII MARU ..... June 23

For West Africa via S. Africa
NAN-A MARU ..... July 18

**Kobe Sailings**
For Australia and New Zealand
TOKYO MARU ..... June 30

For Bombay and Karachi
ARGUN MARU ..... June 26
SYUNKO MARU ..... July 11

For Rangoon and Calcutta
HAVRE MARU ..... June 24
HIMALAYA MARU .... July 12

For Haiphong, Saigon and Bangkok
BANGKOK MARU .... July 30

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## SHIPPING NEWS

### *Vessels Arriving To-day*

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive today are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From **DAIREN:** Hoten Maru, with mail, due 2-3 p.m. Whangpoo Wharf.

From **NAGASAKI:** Nagasaki Maru, with mail due 2-3 p.m., Wayside Wharf.

### *Due at Future Dates*

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

**EUROPE AND STRAITS**

| From Genoa | | From Manila | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sumatra | 29/4 2/7 | P Pierce | 16/6 22/6 |
| **From Trieste** | | **From Hongkong** | |
| Fusijama | 20/4 20/6 | See "C P" below | |

**AMERICA AND JAPAN**

| From New York | | From Honolulu | |
|---|---|---|---|
| B'ham City | — 26/6 | P Coolidge | 13/6 26/6 |
| P Adams | 31/5 16/7 | Nitta M | 17/6 13/7 |
| Bardaland | — 20/7 | **From Kobe** | |
| P H'rison | 14/6 30/7 | Taiyo M | 21/6 23/6 |
| Brageland | — 9/8 | **From Nagasaki** | |
| **From Los Angeles** | | S'hai M | 21/6 22/6 |
| P Coolidge | 4/6 26/6 | **From Keelung** | |
| Nitta M | 8/6 13/7 | Hukuken M | — 24/6 |
| P Adams | 18/6 16/7 | | |
| **From Seattle** | | | |
| Capillo | 30/5 21/6 | | |

**CHINA PORTS**

| From Dairen | |
|---|---|
| Dairen M | 21/6 23/6 |

### *Vessels Sailing*

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The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| **For Liverpool** | | **For Manila** | |
| Hakozaki M | 8/7 | P Harrison | 21/6 |
| **For Capetown** | | Capillo | 25/6 |
| Hakozaki M | 8/7 | P Coolidge | 27/6 |
| | | Nitta M | 14/7 |
| **For Bombay and Calcutta** | | P Adams | 17/7 |
| Tottori M | 24/6 | **For Hongkong** | |
| Onoe M | 26/6 | Kamakura M | 2/7 |
| **For New York** | | **For Kobe** | |
| B'ham City | 28/6 | Kasima M | 22/6 |
| Bardaland | 2/7 | Tatuta M | 23/6 |
| P Adams | 17/7 | Taiyo M | 26/6 |
| P Harrison | 31/7 | **For Nagasaki** | |
| **For San Francisco** | | Nagasaki M | 21/6 |
| P Pierce | 23/6 | Shanghai M | 23/6 |
| Tatuta M | 23/6 | Nagasaki M | 26/6 |
| Kamakura M | 8/7 | **For Dairen** | |
| P Coolidge | 10/7 | Hoten M | 22/6 |
| Nitta M | 26/7 | Dairen M | 25/6 |
| | | Tsingtao M | 27/6 |
| | | Hoten M | 30/6 |
| | | Dairen M | 3/7 |

### *Vessels Discharging*

TILAWA. The British-India S. N. Co.'s s.s. Tilawa, from Japan.—This steamer is berthing at Nos. 11-12 Buoys and her cargo will be discharged at the Old Ningpo Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Cargo. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" will further be required to send their Representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such Cargo whilst it is being landed. Examination of ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Old Ningpo Wharf on Monday, June 24, at 9 a.m. by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. All Claims against this steamer must be sent in within fifteen days from date of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be recognized. All risks of Fire etc. at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of the Cargo. Pro. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents. 20-6

TORRENS. The ms. Torrens, from New York via Ports is now discharging her cargo at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Hongkew Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of their cargo. All risk of fire at the wharf and godowns is to be borne by Consignees. Any claims against this vessel must be sent in within fifteen (15) days after vessel's arrival, otherwise they will not be recognized. Examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co.'s Hongkew Wharf on June 24, 1940, at 9 a.m. when Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy will be in attendance. Dodwell & Co., Ltd., Agents, 17 Canton Road. Tel. 11369. 20-6

### *Yesterday's Arrivals*

| Name | From | Consignees |
|---|---|---|
| Tentyo M. | Keelung | M.S.K. |
| Elbhof | Ningpo | Carlowitz |
| Sakito M. | Keelung | N.Y.K. |
| Muko M. | — | Y.K.K. |
| Tachi M. | River Ports | T.K.K. |
| Fooshing | Hsinkong | C.C.T.H. |
| Wanshan M. | River Ports | T.K.K. |
| Estelle L. | Wenchow | Hwa Tai |
| Bonho | Hsinkong | Dong Shing |
| Vanan | T'lungkong | Dong Shing |
| Tseangyuan | Tsingtao | Showa S. |
| Unkai M. 7 | Dairen | T.K.K. |
| Chingning M. | Tsungming | T.K.K. |
| Taiko M. 18 | Hsinkong | T.K.K. |
| Kanre M. | T'lungkong | Hwa Chung |
| Talien | Tsungming | Wan Woo |
| Tawha | T'lungkong | Quen Kee |

### *Yesterday's Departures*

| Name | Flag | Despatcher |
|---|---|---|
| Chingning M. | Jap. | T.K.K. |
| Tsingtao M. | Jap. | D.K.K. |
| Chekiang M. | Jap. | T.K.K. |
| Kimikawa M. | Jap. | Showa S. |
| U.S.S. Oahu | Am. | — |
| U.S.S. Luzon | Am. | — |
| Takctoyo M. | Jap. | N.Y.K. |
| Kiangnan | Ger. | C.F.P.K. |
| Sakito M. | Jap. | N.Y.K. |

### *Men-of-War in Port*

| Name | Flag | Type | Berthed |
|---|---|---|---|
| Marblehead | Am. | Cr. | B.N.B. |
| Pecos | Am. | Tr. | 12-13 B. |
| D. de Lagree | Fr. | Gbt. | K.S.D. |
| Fran. Garnier | Fr. | Gbt. | F.M.B. |
| E. Carlotto | Itl. | Gbt. | 1-2 B |
| Lepanto | Itl. | Gbt. | 1-2 B |

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*Illustrated with woodcuts of birds and vignettes by Sapajou.*

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**Published by the North-China Daily News.**

## *"Good and Reasonable Hopes of Final Victory"*

*(Continued from page 7)*

I must make it clear that apart from divisions training and organizing at home, only 12 were equipped to fight upon a scale which justified their having been sent abroad. They were fully up to the number which the French had been led to expect would be available in France at the ninth month of the war. Our forces at home will, of course, increase every week. An invasion of Great Britain would require the transportation across the seas of hostile armies upon a very large scale, and after they had been so transported they would have continually to be maintained with all the mass of munitions and supplies required for a continuous battle, as a continuous battle it would be.

**Confidence in Fleet**

"Here is where we come to the Navy. After all, we have a Navy (cheers). Some people seem to forget that. We must remind them. For more than 30 years, I have been concerned in discussions about the possibility of an oversea invasion. I took the responsibility on behalf of the Admiralty at the beginning of the last war of allowing all regular troops to be sent out of the country although our territorials had only just been called up and were quite untrained. Therefore, this island was for several months practically denuded of fighting troops. The admiralty had confidence then in their ability to prevent a mass invasion even though the Germans had a magnificent battle fleet in proportion of ten to 16, and even though they were capable of fighting an engagement any day, whereas now they only have a couple of heavy ships worth speaking of.

"We are also told that the Italian Navy is also coming to gain sea superiority in these waters. If that is seriously intended I can only say we shall be delighted to offer Mussolini a safeguarded passage through the Straits of Gibraltar in order that he may play the part to which he aspires. There is genuine curiosity in the British Fleet to find out whether the Italians are up to the level at which they were in the last war, or whether they have fallen off at all. (laughter).

"Therefore, it seems to me that, as far as a sea-borne invasion on a great scale is concerned, we are far more capable of meeting it today than we were at many periods of the last war and during the early months of this war before our other troops were trained while the British Expeditionary Force were already abroad and are still abroad.

The Navy have never pretended to be able to prevent raids by bodies of five or ten thousand men flung suddenly across and thrown ashore at several points on the coast on dark nights or foggy mornings.

**Sea Power**

"The efficacy of sea-power, especially under modern conditions, depends on the invading force being of a large size, and it has to be of a large size, in view of our military strength, to be of any use, and when it is of a large size the Navy have something they can find, something they can meet and, as it were, bite on. We must remember that even five divisions, however lightly equipped, would require from 200 to 250 ships, and with modern air reconnaissance and photography it would not be easy to equip such an armada, marshal it and conduct it across the sea, without any powerful naval force escorting it. And there would be the very great possibility that it would be intercepted long before it reached the coast and that the men would be drowned or blown to pieces with their equipment while trying to land.

"We also have a great system of minefields, recently strongly reinforced, through which we alone know the channels. If the enemy tries to sweep passages through these minefields it will be the task of the Navy to destroy his minesweepers and any other forces employed to protect them. There ought to be no difficulty in this, owing to our great superiority at sea.

**Norway Events Explained**

"These are regular, well-tested, well-proved arguments on which we relied during many years in recent wars. But the question is whether there are any new methods by which these solid assurances can be circumvented? Odd as it may seem, some attention has been given to this by the Admiralty—(laughter)—whose prime duty and responsibility is to destroy any large sea-borne expedition before or at the moment it reaches these shores. It would not be useful to go into details. They might even suggest ideas to other people that they had not thought of, and they would not be likely to give any of their real ideas in exchange. All I will say is that untiring vigilance and mind-searching must be devoted to the subject because the enemy is crafty, cunning and full of novel treacheries and stratagems. The House may be assured that utmost ingenuity is being displayed and the utmost imagination being evoked by a large number of competent officers, well-trained and thoroughly up-to-date, to counter-act novel possibilities, of which many are suggested, some absurd, but some by no means utterly irrational.

"Some people will ask why the British Navy was unable to prevent the movement of a large army from Germany into Norway across the Skager Rak, but conditions in the Channel and North Sea are in no way like those which prevail in the Skager Rak. Because of the distance, we could give no air support to our surface ships, and consequently, lying, as we did, close to the the enemy's main air-power in those waters, we were compelled to use only our submarines. We could not enforce a decisive blockade or interruption, which was possible from surface vessels. Our submarines took heavy toll, but they could not, by themselves, prevent the invasion of Norway."

**Air Invasion**

The Prime Minister then turned to the "great question of an invasion from the air and the impending struggle between the British and German Air Forces." He said it seemed clear that no invasion on a great scale was likely to take place from the air until the British Air Force would be definitely overpowered.

"In the meantime, there may be raids by parachute troops and attempted descents of air-borne soldiers. We ought to be able to give these gentry a warm reception both in the air and if they reach the ground, in any condition to continue the dispute. But the great question is can we break Hitler's air weapon now? Of course, it is a very great pity that we have not an air force at least equal to our most powerful enemy. But we have a very powerful air force which has proved itself far superior in quality, both in men and in many types of machines, to what we have met so far in numerous battles which have been fought. In France, where we were at a considerable disadvantage and lost many machines on the ground in aerodromes, we were accustomed to inflict a loss of from two to two and a half to one. In the fighting at Dunkirk, we undoubtedly beat the German Air Force and gained mastery of the local air, inflicting a loss on the enemy of three or four to one.

"Anyone who looks at photographs published a week or so ago seeing masses of troops assembled on the beach, forming an ideal target, for hours at a time, must realize that this re-embarkation would not have been possible unless the enemy had resigned all hope of recovering air superiority at that point. In the defence of this island, advantages of defence will be very great, and we shall hope to improve upon a rate of three or four to one, which was realized at Dunkirk. In addition, all injured machines and their crews which get down safely—and a surprisingly large number of injured machines and men do get down safely in modern air fighting—will, in an attack upon this island, all fall on friendly soil and live and fight another day, whereas all injured enemy machines and their complements will be total losses, as far as the war is concerned.

**Fighter Strength Grows**

"During the great battle of France, we gave very powerful, continuous aid to the French army, both by fighters and by bombers, but in spite of every kind of pressure, we never would allow the entire metropolitan strength of the air force in fighters to be consumed. This decision was painful, but it was also right because the fortunes of battle in France could not have been decisively affected even if we had thrown in our entire fighter forces.

"The battle was lost by an unfortunate strategical opening, by the extraordinary and unforeseen power of armoured columns, and by the very great preponderance of the German army in numbers. Our fighter air force might easily have been exhausted as a mere incident in that great struggle, and we should have found ourselves at the present time in a very serious plight. As it is, I am happy to inform the House that our fighter air strength is stronger at the present time relatively compared to the German, which has suffered terrific losses, than it has ever been. We look forward confidently to the exploits of our pilots, who will have the glory of saving their native land, their island home and all they love from the most deadly of all attacks. There remains the danger of bombing attempts which will certainly be made upon us very soon by bomber forces of the enemy. It is quite true that the German force is superior in numbers to ours, but we have a large bomber force also (cheers), which we shall use to strike at military targets in Germany, without intermission.

**Final Victory**

"I do not at all under-rate the severity of the ordeal which lies before us, but I believe our countrymen will show themselves capable of standing up to it like the brave men of Barcelona (Labour cheer); they will be able to stand up to it and carry on in spite of it, and at least as well as any other people in the world. Much will depend on this, and every man and every woman will have the chance to show the finest qualities of their race and render the highest service to their cause. For all of us, at this time, whatever our status, our occupation, our duty, it will be well to remember the famous line: 'He nothing common did, or mean, upon that memorable scene.'

"I have thought it right on this occasion to give the House and country some indication of the solid, practical ground upon which we base our inflexible resolve to continue the war, and I can assure them all that our professional advisors of the three services unitedly advise that we should do so, and that there are good and reasonable hopes of a final victory—(Cheers). We have also the fullest confidence of all self-governing Dominions, and I have received from their Prime Ministers, Mr. Mackenzie King (Canada), Mr. Menzies (Australia), Mr. Fraser (New Zealand), and General Smuts (South Africa) messages couched in the most moving terms, in which they endorse our decision and declare themselves ready to share our fortunes and persevere to the end.

"We may now ask ourselves in what ways has our position worsened since the beginning of the war. It has worsened by the fact that the Germans have conquered a large part of the coast-line of western Europe, and that many small countries have been overrun by them.

"This aggravates possibilities of air attacks and adds to our naval preoccupations. It in no way diminishes, but on the contrary definitely increases, the power of our longdistance blockade. Should military resistance come to an end in France, which is not yet certain (cheers), though it will in any case be greatly diminished, the Germans can concentrate their forces upon us, but for reasons I have given this will not be easy to apply. If an invasion becomes more imminent we are being relieved from the task of maintaining a large army in France and have far larger and more efficient forces here to meet them. If Hitler can bring under his despotic control the industries he has conquered this will add greatly to his already vast armament output.

**Increasing Supplies**

"On the other hand, it will not happen immediately, and we are now assured of an immense, continuous and increasing support in supplies of munitions from the United States (cheers), and especially of aeroplanes and pilots from the Dominions and across the oceans, who will come from their regions which are beyond reach of enemy bombing.

"I do not see how any of these factors can operate to our detriment on the balance before the winter comes, and the winter will impose strain upon the Nazi régime, with almost all of Europe writhing and starving under their heel, which with all their ruthlessness will harm them very hard.

"We must not forget that from the moment when we declared war on September 3, 1939, it was always possible for Germany to turn all her air force upon this country, together with any other devices of invasion she might have conceived, and that France could do little or nothing to prevent it. We have, therefore, lived in this danger in principle and a slightly modified form during all these months.

"Meanwhile, however, we have enormously improved our methods of defence and we have learnt what we had no right to assume at the beginning, namely the individual superiority of our aircraft and our pilots. Therefore, in casting up this dread balance sheet, contemplating our dangers with a disillusioned mind, I see great reasons for intense vigilance and exertion, but none whatever for panic or dismay.

"During the first of the four years of the last war, as Mr. Lloyd George will remember, the Allies experienced nothing but disaster and disappointment, and yet at the end their *moral* was higher than that of the Germans who had moved from one aggressive triumph to another. During that war, we repeatedly asked ourselves a question: How are we going to win? and no one was ever able to answer it with precision until at the end quite suddenly and unexpectedly, our terrible foe collapsed before us, and we were so glutted with victory that in our folly we cast it away (loud cheers).

We do not yet know what will happen in France, or whether French resistance will be prolonged both in France and the French Empire overseas. The French Government will be throwing away a great opportunity and casting away their future if they do not continue the war in accordance wih their treaty obligations, from which we have not felt able to release them.

**French Courage**

"The House will have read the historic declaration in which at the desire of many Frenchmen and of our own hearts, we have proclaimed our willingness to conclude, at the darkest hour of French history, a union of common citizenship. However matters may go in France or with the French Government or another French Government, we in this island and in the British Empire will never lose our sense of friendship with the French people. If we are now called upon to endure what they have suffered we shall emulate their courage, and if final victory rewards our toils they shall share the gain, and freedom shall be restored to all.

"We abate nothing of just demands. The Czechs, Poles, Norwegians, Dutch, Belgians, all who have joined their cause to our own, shall be restored. What General Weygand has spoken of as the battle of France is over. I expect that the battle of Britain is about to begin. Upon this battle depends the survival of Christian civilization. Upon it depend our own British lives, the long continuity of our Constitution and our Empire.

"The whole fury and might of the enemy must very soon be turned on us. Hitler knows he will have to break us in this island or lose the war. If we can stand up to him, all Europe may be free, and the life of the world may move forward into broad sunlit uplands.

"But if we fail, then the whole world, including the United States and all that we have known and cared for, will sink into the abyss of a new dark age, made more sinister perhaps and more prolonged by lights of perverted science.

"Therefore, let us go to our duty. Let us so bear ourselves that if the British Commonwealth Empire lasts for 1,000 years, men will still say: 'This was their finest hour.'

Mr. Lees-Smith, on behalf of the Labour Party, spoke of the unity of the country today in support of the Prime Minister, adding: "We shall carry on right to the end."

Sir Percy Harris (Liberal) congratulated Mr. Churchill on his brave speech, and the great leadership he had given his country.

Mr. Lloyd George assured Mr. Churchill that there was no desire to waste time upon recriminations about the past, but at the secret session on Thursday they ought to have a very frank discussion as to where they stood now.

Mr. Churchill said the debate at the secret session would be on adjournment, and members would have freedom, but home defence would be the focus of the discussion.—Reuter.

## Mexico Willing to Approach Britain

**Resumption of Diplomatic Relations Desired**

Mexico City, June 19.

The Mexican Government is willing to resume diplomatic relations with England and has already been approached on the subject, President General Lazaro Cardenas told the press here yesterday.

General Cardenas expressed approval of the proposal to enforce compulsory military service in Mexico.

"In my opinion the service is good, because it will allow a better organization of the Mexican Army," he said.—United Press.

**Berlin Orders Attache Home**

Mexico City, June 19.

The German Government was reported today to have ordered Herr Arthur Dietrich, press attache to the German Embassy here, to return to Berlin via Japan on the first Japanese ship to leave from Manzanillo, Mexico.

Officials of the Japanese Legation here, however said they had not issued any credentials to Herr Dietrich and had no information regarding the possible recall of the press attache.

Political observers recalled that last week Mexican officials disclosed that the Mexican Government would declare Herr Dietrich persona-non-grata as a result of his Nazi activities in this country. It was believed the German official would be requested to leave Mexico by the Government.—United Press.

## Japanese in France Safe

Paris, June 19.

It was confirmed today that the 63 Japanese subjects who remained here during the withdrawal of the French forces and the subsequent occupation of the capital by the German forces are safe. Among those who remained in Paris were Mr. Ken Harada, Councillor of the Japanese Embassy here, and Mr. Kiyoshi Tsutsui, First Secretary.

Reports from Biarritz, near the Franco-Spanish border, indicate that the party of Japanese women who took refuge there also are safe. Nothing, however, was heard from the Japanese who went to Tours. It was believed that they too are in no danger.—Domei.


## Positions Vacant

*Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.*

ASSISTANT for private school. Good English and diction. Knowledge of shorthand preferable. Must state age, education, salary. Box 5604, NCDN. 13351

OUR correspondence course of training in Elementary Practical Bookkeeping is particularly suitable for beginners. All test papers are corrected and queries answered locally. Easy payments. Text book free. British School of Accountancy, 264 Kiangse Road, Telephone 14967, Principal, J. Webster Watts (Chartered Accountant). *7787

WANTED reliable chauffeur for Baby Ford. Wages $60. Address Box 5574, NCDN. *10355

LARGE American firm requires foreign assistant. Reply stating age, education, experience and salary desired. Replies will be considered confidential. Address Box 5549, NCDN. 13315

WANTED, Chinese clerk with good knowledge of English. Apply stating qualifications and experience in detail, salary expected. Box 5537, NCDN. *10289

WANTED, Chinese bookkeeper for British import and export firm. Applicants must have had similar experience. Reply stating experience and salary required to Box 5559, NCDN. *13326

WANTED a good accountant to set up set of books. Box 5547, NCDN. *10303

## Positions Wanted

*Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of nine dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $1.25.*

HIGH-SCHOOL graduate, good knowledge of stenography and bookkeeping, seeks immediate position. Box 5590, NCDN. *10386

RUSSIAN girl, 26, seeks secretarial position. Journalistic experience, flair for literary English, correspondence. Box 5589, NCDN. *10387

ACCOUNTANT, capable calculating monthly profits, stocks, etc., handling Chinese documents/full set books, offers services. Foreign references. Box 5586, NCDN. *10384

FOREIGN lady, experienced stenotypist, open for immediate engagement. Box 5529, NCDN. *10262

STENOTYPIST office-assistant, male, 14 years' experience, seeks position with British firm. Address Box 5530, NCDN. *10284

YOUNG Chinese lady seeks immediate position as stenographer/typist, beginner and hardworking. Salary no object. Address Box 5566, NCDN. *10341

CHEMIST, druggist, Berlin University graduate, dispensing and manufacturing experience, seeks position. Box 5563, NCDN. *10337

CHINESE accountant, capable handling whole set of books, 14 years' experience, available immediately. Excellent references. Box 5567, NCDN. *10342

YOUNG Swiss chef (cook), Continental and American references, open for engagement. Address Box 5571, NCDN. *10350

CHILDREN'S nurse seeks position in British/American family. Experienced, best references. Box 5579, NCDN. *10368

BRITISH stenographer-beginner, hardworking, seeks immediate position. Salary immaterial. Box 5513, NCDN. *10261

## Business Opportunities

LONG-ESTABLISHED, reputed French Indo-China firm, with best connections in Indo-China and France, with thoroughly organized offices and large experience staff, desires additional connections in China and Japan for wholesale disposal in Indo-China of general merchandise, raw materials or finished articles of the widest range and scope. Correspondence invited from only reliably-known merchants or manufacturers. Box 5435, NCDN. 13349

HOTEL-apartment-restaurant-bar, located in the centre of Avenue Joffre, with all furniture and very good running business, for sale at US$3,000. Please address Box 5603, NCDN. and give your telephone number. *10423

WHOLESALE bakery and confectionery with considerable turnover and returns, working at full capacity, for sale to quick, resolute buyer. Offers to be substantiated as to capital available. Box 5539, NCDN. *10312

ARMOURED cars with armed foreign guards, for transporting treasure, Clarkes Agency, 88 Nanking Road, Telephone 10092. 13009

## Miscellaneous

IF you are requiring British and American magazines or books (fiction), subscribe to The Home Magazine and Book Library, reasonable rates. Telephone 14189 or call 267 Kiangse Road, Room 12. 13064

CARPETS cleaned chemically, 12 cents per sq. foot. Rugs repaired, dyed, stored. Esso Company. Telephone 12170. *9354

PIANO for hire, new. Apply telephone 21544. *10188

SICK-NURSE, young, from Vienna, seeks private nursing jobs. Hotel Burlington, Room 223, Telephone 34200. *10281

ADVERTISER wishes to place infant in care of family against remuneration for cost of keep. Replies Box 5527, NCDN. 13312

## Educational

LONDON Chamber 1939 Autumn Examinations: The highest shorthand speed certificate was awarded with distinction to one of our students. All our typewriting candidates passed. No failure. Join now for forthcoming examinations. Successes unparalleled. 320 Szechuen Road. Telephone 17733. 13338

ENGLISH lessons for advanced and beginners, conversation, commercial correspondence, literature. Experienced, well-educated gentleman teacher. Box 5413, NCDN. *10098

MANDARIN lessons taught by qualified experienced Peking teacher, speaks English fluently, easy method. Address Box 5524, NCDN. *10272

FIGUEIREDO'S School. Dependable. Day/evening. Shorthand, typewriting. English. 54 Garden Apartments, 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 13007

LEARN Shanghai dialect at home. Speaking knowledge in three months. Experienced teacher. Box 5509, NCDN. *10260

## For Sale—Miscellaneous

NEW. neo-classic radiation, 598 sq. ft. at US$35 per sq. ft. Telephone 13262 during office hours or 77051. *10413

WESTINGHOUSE refrigerator, 4½ cubic feet, perfect condition, US$100. Telephone 73734. *10409

FINDSPOT of lovely European objets d'art, such as paintings, porcelain figures, clocks, wood sculptures, etc. 12 Rue du Consulat, Apartment 501. *10401

GIFTS for all occasions; special sale in dinner sets. Red and Black, 277 Avenue Petain. *10414

TYRES. Old rubber tyres, good quality, selling cheap. Zimmerman Company, 215 Szechuen Road. Telephone 13233. *10420

SHARKSKIN, wholesale $4.50 yard. Reduction for large quantities. Zimmerman, 215 Szechuen Road, telephone 13233. *10420

BARGAIN: Special Singer all-round sewing machine, new, with motor and lamp. Moral, 24 Ward Road Lane, House 11, Room 1. *10313

FOR SALE, piano in very good condition. For particulars address Box 5594, NCDN. *10396

BINOCULARS, Zeiss 6x enlargement $300, Swiss 8 x 25 brand new $450. Autor, 421 Avenue Roi Albert, Apartment 5, Telephone 71289. *10389

DELIVERY tricycle with case attachment, for sale. Inspection 10-12 a.m. Teddy Bakery, 186 East Jukong Road, Telephone (02)3104. *10395

DAMASK tablecloths, napkins to match, as new, privately. Heaviest foreign qualities. Box 5588, NCDN. *10386

SECONDHAND furniture shop. Buy and sell at best prices, furniture, carpets, cut-glass, etc. Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat, telephone 73597. *9457

BEAUTIFUL big-sized silver-fox, practically new. Immediate sale. Bargain $700. Telephone 72472, forenoon only. *10324

FORMIC acid, ready stock for sale, at or above 80 per cent, with Custom pass. Reasonable price. Box 5545, NCDN. *10302

WESTINGHOUSE refrigerator in excellent condition and running order. Can be inspected 47 Avenue du Roi Albert. No brokers. *10315

SUMMER shirts made to measure, Cellular, from $14.50; Doublecord broadcloth, $22.50; Tootal, $35. Razon's, Central Road. 13207

NICK'S secondhand furniture shop. Buying, selling: furniture, carpets, refrigerators, etc. Telephone 73937, 146 Route de Soeurs, House 3. *9921

CUTLERY, silver and silver plated; dinner, coffee, tea and fruit sets, attractive crystalware, porcelain figures, etc., everything reflecting excellent European craftsmanship. Bargain prices. General Magazine, 337 Avenue Haig. 12855

TABLE cloths, best pure linen, new/little used, all sizes. Bargain. Box 5415, NCDN. *10103

FOR SALE. Eight 1930 Frigidaires. Tender for whole lot considered. Apply 415 Liza Building, telephone 15121. *10305

REMINGTON noiseless 6" typewriter, excellent condition. Price US$115. Box 5458, NCDN. *10101

OUR art gallery is open to inspection in our showrooms. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Arts. *10177

IMPORTED suitings cleared at big reductions. Inspection welcome or ask for representative. Telephone 19996, Frankel, 128/529 Museum Road. *10222

TWO electric drills 220 volt, a.c., d.c., 150 spiral drillheads, European makes, new, at reasonable prices. Box 5482, NCDN. *10215

## Personal

MISLAID, owners please contact forgetful borrower, 29483, before office, for return of books: "English Miss" by Mottram and "Complete Sherlock Holmes." *10378

## Lost

LOST. Delivery order No. P2101 on Holt's Wharf, issued by Cosmos Paper Co., dated May 21, 1940, for two crates paper, ex ss. Besholt, has been lost and is declared null and void. Nee Lee Paper Co. *10333

BILLS of Lading, original and duplicate, No. 181, for ten bales of cotton yarn of "Five Men" brand, marked 與M聯 shipped to Canton per ss. Tsinan of China Navigation Company, Ltd., on September 29, 1938, were lost during the fall of Canton. The loss has been registered with the China Navigation Company, Ltd. and same declared null and void. Kuhing & Company, 51 Ningpo Road, Shanghai. *10277

## Chinese Servants

WANTED, a reliable and hardworking cook. References necessary. Apply Property Department, Land Bank of China, 239 Peking Road. *10408

EXCELLENT cook-boy, good knowledge English/American cooking speaks English well, many years, experience. Box 5596, NCDN. *10400

WANTED first-class cook-boy. English home. Must be clean, honest, well-recommended. Box 5592, NCDN. *10391

EXCELLENT cook-boy, native of Peking, clean, honest, seeks position immediately. Well-recommended. Address Box 5561, NCDN. *10334

HOUSE coolie-boy, hardworking, knows some cooking, seeks position. Good references. Address Box 5541, NCDN. *10298

72782. General Employment Agency. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, office boys. Quick service. 1272 Avenue Joffre. *10074

## Offices, Shops, Godowns

WANTED, modern office space, about 500 sq. ft., centrally located. Small office Hamilton House offered in exchange. Address particulars through Box 5598, NCDN. *10405

OWNER will construct shops immediately on Avenue Joffre near Say Zoong. Make applications with details of your requirements to Box 5514, NCDN. 13292

WANTED three roomed office, central location, also telephone. Willing pay good commission. Please apply to Box 5546, NCDN. *10303

## Office Cars

CAR lift wanted between Joffre/Culty Dairy and Bund/Edward VII. Three/four times daily. Box 5575, NCDN. *10357

## Motor Cars and Cycles

1934 Rover smart sports two-seater recently overhauled. Yellow body, red wheels, US$275. Telephone 16247 office hours. *10422

OLDSMOBILE truck 1938/9. Little used. Excellent condition. New streamlined cabin. Quick sale, US$575. Box 5578, NCDN. *10393

CHEVROLET coupe 1930, perfect running order, five good tyres, new battery, US$190 or nearest offer. Telephone 13166 office hours. *10371

WANTED car, good mechanical condition. Full particulars, make, year, lowest price. Box 5464, NCDN. *10195

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange or service motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bills Motors, authorized Ford, Mercury and Lincoln-Zephyr Dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400. 12976

FORD V8 sedan, 1933/4 positively perfect appearance, performance. Further particulars, demonstration, Box 5480, NCDN. *10212

CHEVROLET 1935 model sedan, good condition. Price: reasonable offer. Address: 422 Hart Road, telephone 30738. *10374

OFFERS invited. 1937 Ford V8, 60 h.p. four-door sedan, first-class condition, excellent tyres. Telephone 15633 or write Box 5573, NCDN. *10353

FOR SALE. Motor-car Studebaker Champion, practically new, owner leaving Shanghai. Price reasonable. Please call telephone 76544 or 94090, extension 11. *10362

CHEVROLET 1933/4 four-door sedan. Two spare tyres. Excellent condition. US$300 only. Box 5577, NCDN. *10363

WANTED, Baby Fiat or Austin Seven. State year, condition and price desired. Address Box 5576, NCDN. *10361

FOR SALE: Baby Ford coach 1934, Chevrolet sedan 1934, Opel coach, Nash coupe, Morris Minor sedan. Pacific Motors, 863 Avenue Foch. Telephone 74500. *10299

CONVERTIBLE coupe de luxe. Beautiful condition and appearance, new tyres, US$350. No dealers. Please telephone 72472 forenoon only. *10323

US$195. 1931 model A Ford coupe. Good condition, new battery, good tyres. Telephone 78933. *10200

## *To Advertisers*

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before June 28, after which date they will be destroyed. Nos. 3997, 4323, 4465, 4522, 4688, 4797, 4845, 4854, 4899, 4901, 4917, 4957, 4999, 5001, 5005, 5046, 5102, 5108, 5112, 5114, 5120, 5239, 5146, 5170, 5191, 5205, 5212, 5236, 5233, 5241, 5259, 5274, 5277, 5303, 5333, 5336, 5343, 5346, 5372, 5378, 5385, 5408, 5443, 5465, 5482.

## Rooms Without Board

WELL-Furnished room to let, apartment house. French Concession. All modern conveniences. Telephone 17737. *10407

FURNISHED big and small rooms, 118 Route des Soeurs, 2 Tracey Terrace, Flat 3. *10403

$160. Cool, furnished room, verandah, central, summer months, eventually longer, single foreign person only. Address Box 5595, NCDN. *10398

BIG, south room to let. Meals optional. 247 Route Dupleix, House 2, near Ferguson. *10421

LARGE, furnished room in beautiful apartment, single person only. General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. *10418

COMFORTABLE, cool, furnished, south room, verandah, garden. Modern conveniences. Full board. 1522 Bubbling Well, House 14. *10390

TO LET, comfortable south room. All modern conveniences. 993 Avenue Joffre, Apartment 602. *10397

## Unfurnished Apartments

URGENTLY wanted to rent 3-4-5 roomed apartment in Settlement or can exchange 3-roomed apartment in Concession for one in Settlement. Box 5599, NCDN. 13346

NICE flat to let in French Concession. $240 only monthly. Three rooms, separate bathroom, kitchen, beautiful garden. Telephone 73652. *10417

SUNNY, 3-roomed flat on lease. House 16, 321 Rue Dupleix. May be viewed any time. 13211

BEST location Concession, 2-roomed flat, kitchen, bathroom, boxroom. Rent $145. Three months' deposit. New Central Trading Co., 2 Peking Road, Room 111. *10243

152 Route Destelan. Two, three, four-roomed apartments with bathroom and kitchen, for immediate occupation. Rental $250, $300, $350 per month, including hot and cold water only. For further particulars apply Palmer & Turner Property Office, 17 Canton Road, Telephone 15100. 13104

## Houses and Land

FOR SALE, bungalow, Hungjao Road, big garden, nice place. For particulars address Box 5593, NCDN. *10395

WANTED to buy, garden or 3-5 mow land, in Hungjao district. Please address Box 5591, NCDN. *10390

## Beauty Culture, etc.

*Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.*

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30. Second Floor. *9839

## Animals

SMALL black and white puppy, would like very good home. Telephone 34882. *10381

WHAT offers? To be sold in aid SSPCA, a thoroughbred airedale dog-pup aged six weeks, mother a prize winner. Apply SSPCA or telephone 71907 out of office hours. *10338

THOROUGHBRED Alsatian puppies for sale. Please call at 1173 Bubbling Well Road, Flat 49 or telephone 38600. *10364

## Wanted to Rent

RESPONSIBLE British couple want small flat, Concession, August/September. Willing to buy furniture at reasonable price. Address Box 5597, NCDN. *10404

ONE-two furnished rooms with bath, W.C., in Settlement, wanted. Box 5600, NCDN. *10415

RESPONSIBLE British couple require furnished house, eight/nine months. Can furnish guarantees. Reply Box 5602, NCDN. *13350

TWO rooms, furnished/unfurnished, for July 1. Settlement preferred. Box 5585, NCDN. *10379

MODERN, unfurnished flat, two or three rooms with bath and refrigerator wanted, western district or near Bubbling Well Road or Hongkew, near Garden Bridge. Write to Box 5405, NCDN *10036

RESPONSIBLE party wants two/three-roomed apartment, Concession or Bubbling Well district. Furnished or unfurnished. Address Box 5565, NCDN. *10340

WANTED apartment by responsible couple. Concession / Settlement. Willing to take furniture over. Telephone 79023. *10344

WANTED by responsible English couple, furnished house (preferably with garden) from July 1 to September 15. Address Box 5531, NCDN. 13313

WANTED to rent, two/three-roomed, modernly furnished apartment, Settlement. Please telephone 72787. 10249

WANTED to rent 3/4 roomed flat in Concession, by responsible party. Furnished/unfurnished. Box 5424, NCDN. *10115

## Wanted to Purchase

RAW wool wanted. Please communicate. Box 5601, NCDN. *10416

WANTED electric power plant, new or second hand, a.c. 220-350 volt, 45-60 amp. generator; switches; volt and amperemeters. Gas or Diesel engine to run the generator. For lighting and X-rays use. Offers to Mr. A. Bognar, 220/3 Route Vallon, Telephone 76332. *10382

WANTED to buy, women's hair, only foreign qualities. Hirsch, 1220/51 Avenue Road, telephone 37069. *10393

WANTED, lady's golf-clubs and bag. Must be steel-shafted, complete set not necessary. Address Box 5587, NCDN. *10395

WANTED to buy, any kind of secondhand furniture, carpets, fans, refrigerators, machines, radios, etc. Telephone 96967, 510 Peking Road, George Young. *9524

WANTED to buy, secondhand clothing, suits, dresses, shoes, carpets, etc. 1129 Bubbling Well, Sun Avenue, House 51, Mr. Corts. *9866

SECONDHAND set of golf clubs for gentleman. Box 5499, NCDN. *10250

## Furnished Apartments

TO LET, two-roomed, well-furnished apartment, bath, kitchen, down-town, for about three months, rent $350 monthly. General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. *10418

SETTLEMENT. Four-roomed, modern apartment. Two bathrooms, balcony. Rent $380 including heating, taxes, frigidaire. Excellent furniture, fittings of three rooms to be taken over, for US$900. Box 5555, NCDN. *9392

NICE, cool apartment, furnished three rooms, verandah, best part Concession, modern apartment building, 6th floor to rent for the summer months to responsible party. Telephone 77962. *10278

MODERN cool, furnished apartment, French Concession, for July and August. US$40. Box 5544, NCDN. *10301

## Rooms with Board

THE Villas, 969 Avenue Foch. Desirable single room available. Large garden, tennis, good food. Telephone Manageress, 75433. *10350

## Radios

HAS your radio stopped giving you music or news? Pierce Radio Service. Telephone 73711. *10411

RECORD Super models 1940: Six American tubes, American loudspeaker. US$12.50. Flawless reception of Europe guaranteed. Demonstration without obligation. Radio Record, 3 Chusan Road. Telephone 51262; 1916 Avenue Joffre Telephone 73109. 31345

PURCHASE all kinds of secondhand radios, also repairs. Modern Radio Service, 356 Avenue Foch, telephone 38147. *9718

UNIVERSAL Radio Co. reliable repairs, every kind of radios. Telephone 19225, 74646. 13055

RADIO O. K.? For guaranteed repairs, latest equipment, genuine parts, telephone 43333. Chang's Radio Corporation. *10316

FOR radio repair, call International Radio Service, foreign workmanship, Telephone 75897, 9 Cardinal Mercier. *9770

## Holiday Resorts

TSINGTAO. To let modern up-to-date villa containing five rooms, two bathrooms, refrigerator, July/October, US $200. Telephone 77051 or apply Route Ferguson, Passage 400/4. *10412

LAOSHAN (Munchen Valley). Furnished room in private bungalow. Modern conveniences. Use of kitchen. Telephone office hours 85264 *10406

TSINGTAO, Villa Lucia, Pension, open for reservation, 4 Chih Chuan Road, Iltis Huk. 13347

TSINGTAO Villa "Augusta", most beautiful and modernly furnished, (Iltis-Huk) open for reservation. Address Post Office Box 270, Tsingtao. 13201

TSINGTAO, completely furnished four-roomed flat, kitchen, bathroom, including cutlery, linen. Could also be let by separate rooms with board. Telephone 17310 office hours. *10309

SHANHAIKWAN. To let, nicely furnished detached bungalows on the beach, 3/5 bedrooms. Apply to Credit Foncier, Liza Building, 346 Szechuen Road. 13288

## Boats

WISH to rent or hire houseboat in good condition. Telephone Salamy 12633 between 11 and 12 only. *10367

## Medical

SEXUOLOGICAL CLINIC
Dir. Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
Debility, Gland Disorders, Neurasthenia
HAMILTON HOUSE, Suite 226
Hours; 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14378

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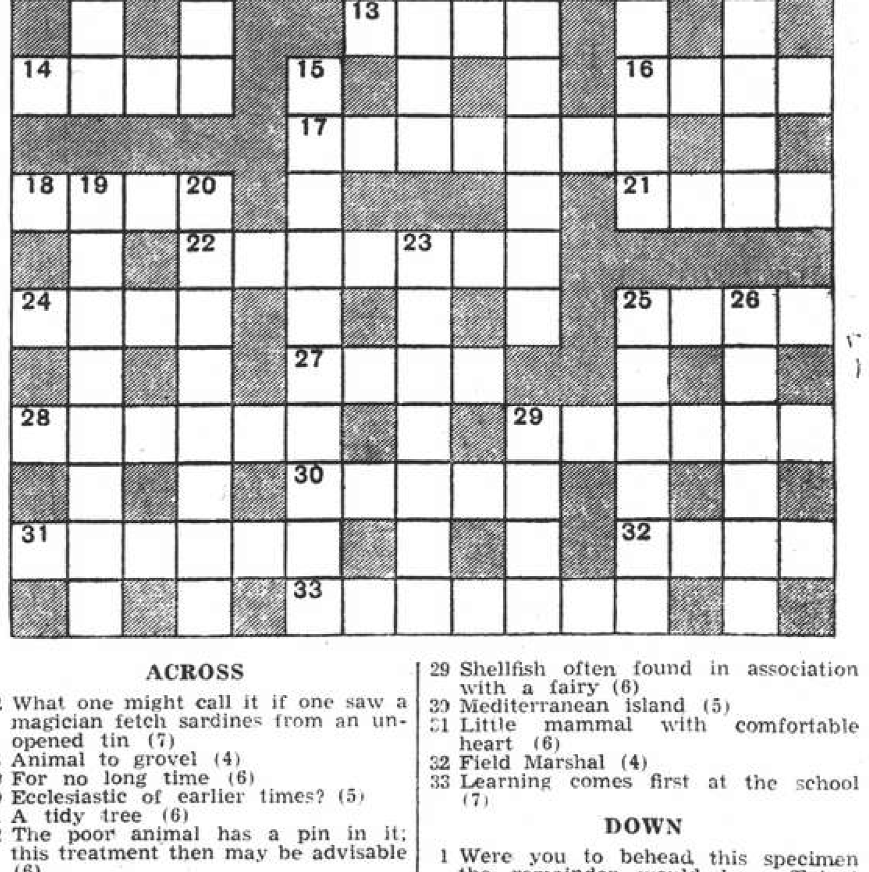
*Minimum of 14 words*

Replies to Box Numbers should be addressed care of "North-China Daily News," 17 The Bund (or P.O. Box 707), Shanghai, unless otherwise stated.

In applying for positions copies of references and not originals should be sent.


## *CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 221*

*(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")*



**ACROSS**

2 What one might call it if one saw a magician fetch sardines from an unopened tin (7)
8 Animal to grovel (4)
9 For no long time (6)
10 Ecclesiastic of earlier times? (5)
11 A tidy tree (6)
12 The poor animal has a pin in it; this treatment then may be advisable (6)
13 "What, will the line stretch out to the crack of ——?" ("Macbeth") (4)
14 Company of fair ladies perhaps (4)
16 Here's a method but not here (4)
17 "There's such divinity doth hedge a king that—can but peep to what it would" ("Hamlet") (7)
18 She might easily become a 21 across (4)
21 Hamlet was one (4)
22 Spirit that sounds as if it ungrammatically advises her being forbidden (7)
24 Parliamentary products (4)
25 Fish that many a private soldier used to depend on (4)
27 British isle or Scottish garment (4)
28 "Brutus will start a ——as soon as Caesar" ("Julius Caesar") (6)
29 Shellfish often found in association with a fairy (6)
30 Mediterranean island (5)
31 Little mammal with comfortable heart (6)
32 Field Marshal (4)
33 Learning comes first at the school (7)

**DOWN**

1 Were you to behead this specimen the remainder would be sufficient (6)
2 Up agin the government (6)
3 Seaside garment (4)
4 The outcry about an honour is objectionable (7)
5 This official may control many hands but apparently only three feet (10)
6 Symbol of control getting less apt in these motoring days (8)
7 "Latin Pan" (anag.) (8)
15 Stoppage that seems to insist on lack of movement (10)
19 Find out the meaning (8)
20 This is the making of true bass but it is hard to understand (8)
23 Is this hound a ravager? (7)
25 3 down of S. American origin (6)
26 Fairy (6)
29 One of the seasonal singers (4)

Y'DAY'S SOLUTION.—ACROSS: 1. Reading; 5, Bumping; 9, Trawl; 10, Connive; 11, End; 12, Irish; 13, Long sight; 16, Ali; 17, Green; 18, Builder; 20, Cresset; 23, Plain; 26, Two; 27, Palm Beach; 31, Reset; 32, Oat; 33, Pen-name; 34, Awake; 35, Everest; 36, Extreme. DOWN: 1, Rotting; 2, Avarice; 3, Idle hands; 4, Good light; 5, Bacon; 6, Minus; 7, Icing; 8, Greater; 14, Gnu; 15, Ill; 18, Boat-house; 19, Important; 20, Cap-a-pie; 21, Sum; 22, Eve; 24, Assuage; 25, Not here; 28, Lance; 29, Blake; 30, Alert.